

INSURANCE

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1912.

VOL. XXII NO 5

BOMBAY SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1934

SIXTEEN PAGES

YET ANOTHER AIR DISASTER

Amazing Revelations In Nadir Shah Murder

JAWAHAR'S NEXT MOVE

Calls Colleagues For Consultations At Allahabad

BENARES January 5.

It is reported that on the invitation of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, a number of Congress workers are meeting at Allahabad to-morrow.

Professor Kriplani, Mr. Sriprakash, Mr. Narendradeva, Congress workers left for Allahabad to-day.—A.P.

BHARATCHAND IN DEADLY FORM

Takes 7 Wickets For 51 Runs In Nagpur Inter-varsity Cricket

NAGPUR, Jan. 5.

In the Inter-Varsity two days cricket match which commenced to-day the Usmanta University team scored 183 runs in the first innings, Haddi and Ali Hussain playing brilliant game.

The Nagpur University team was dismissed for 78 runs. Four players getting ducks, Bhilde of the Nagpur team scored the highest innings of the match 5 fifties one sixer contributing 38 runs in all.

Bharat Chand was in deadly form taking seven wickets for 51 runs.—United Press.

Dr. Besant's English Estate

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Jan. 5.

The English estate of late Dr. Annie Besant proved 2510 sterling. Probate has been granted to Major Graham Pole.

"NIJAT SCHOOL, HOT-BED OF SEDITION"

Special Jirga Suggests Remedies To Govt.

KABUL, January 5.

The Nijat School was a hotbed of sedition against Nadir Shah's Government.

The plot to murder Nadir Shah was hatched at Abdul Khaliq's uncle's house.

Abdul Khaliq's paramour often visited him and egged him on to commit the murder.

The late General Ghulam Nabi's house was one of the recruiting grounds for anti-Nadir Students.

AMAZING REVELATIONS.

There are among the amazing revelations made in the full text (published by "Islah") of the judgment of the special Jirga which condemned 14 persons to death for Nadir Shah's murder.

The Assistant Master of the Nijat School (one of the condemned men) knew of the impending assassination, yet, he persistently and deliberately misinformed the Government regarding the seditious activities of the students.

According to statements of Abdul Khaliq it has been proved that the ringleaders of the assassination plot were in the know of the impending murder which was proposed and discussed among the members of Abdul Khaliq's family in his maternal uncle's house. It is stated that Ghulam Siddiq's wife often visited Abdul Khaliq in his uncle's house and instigated him against Nadir Shah's life.

From the statements of both Abdul Khaliq and Mahmood Abdul Aziz, it was proved that both at the time and prior to Ghulam Nabi's arrival, the nephews of Ghulam Nabi, were engaged in carrying on anti-Nadir Shah propaganda in the Nijat School where Abdul Khaliq was a student. Ghulam Rabani another

nephew of Ghulam Nabi, and to speak ill of the Government in future, the Jirga suggested to the Government that all such information and statements received by the Government about the existence of an anti-Government spirit, should be placed before the Cabinet, the council of nobles and the Shoraimilli. After studying these reports, if they were satisfied as to their truth, they should give their opinions in writing and after signing it, put it before the courts of justice in order to award punishment to all concerned in accordance with the laws of the Shariat.

JIRGA'S REMEDY

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ACCORDING TO SHARIAT

The object of the Government in doing so, was to bring home to the public the fact that the Government spared nothing to see that the ends of justice were met according to the Shariat. The judgment is signed by all the members of the special jirga.—A.P.

AMERICAN GIRL BURNT TO DEATH

Plane Hits Cable And Crashes

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Jan. 5.

A second time within a week another aeroplane met with disaster through hitting an object in the air.

The former disaster was to the Imperial Airways Liner in Belgium last Saturday.

BURNT TO DEATH

Miss Evelyn Frost was burned to death in the afternoon when her aeroplane struck a high-tension cable at Nevers near Paris, caught fire and crashed.

PILOT INJURED

Geoffrey Benskin Ruddle of the Reading Aeroplane Club who was plotting the plane was injured.

Miss Frost was an American living in Paris.

Ruddle had just started flight to Egypt when he crashed.

SIMON SEES GOOD FAITH

League Reform Can Wait But Disarmament Can't He Says

LONDON, Jan. 5.

It is learned that Sir John Simon and Sgr. Mussolini decided that the most urgent problem facing Europe was the rapid agreement on disarmament. The reform of the League was a question of secondary importance to be undertaken, if necessary, after the agreement on the disarmament problem, the solution of which must satisfy the legitimate claims of France and Germany. The reform of the League must aim at strengthening its structure.

Sir John Simon in a statement to the press indicated that he was impressed by the general recognition of views on these questions.

On behalf of the Indian Delegation, the Hon'ble Sir Joseph Bore concurred in the statement given by H.E. Sawada.

MUTUAL ASSURANCES.

His Excellency Mr. Sawada stated further that according to the information just received from his Government, the Cotton Spinners' Association of Japan at a committee meeting held at Osaka on the 4th Jan. decided to withdraw on the 8th Jan. the resolution concerning the suspension of the purchase of the Indian raw cotton.

Sir Joseph Bore then gave an assurance that from the date of the withdrawal of the said resolution, the Government of India would reduce the customs duties on the Japanese cotton piecegoods to the rates which had already been agreed upon, and that, thereafter, the importation of such goods would be subject to the conditions framed by the Delegations.

The Delegations decided to proceed forthwith to the drafting of an agreement. The delegations hope to be able to issue a detailed statement in the course of the next day or two.

KURATA PAYS COMPLIMENTS.

Mr. K. Kurata, Leader of the Japanese cotton delegation, interviewed by the Associated Press, said:

"We have now reached the end of our labours and I take this

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF INDO-JAP PACT

Settlement Takes Effect On Monday

Premier Eastern Countries Brought Together, Says Kasturbhai Lalbhai

NEW DELHI, Jan. 5.

Amidst a chorus of approval from the Indian and Japanese quarters alike, the conclusion of a Commercial Treaty between India and Japan is officially announced from the seat of the Government of India.

The Treaty is now in the hands of the draftsmen and the Communique, therefore, merely indicates in broad outline, the salient features of the Agreement.

The settlement takes effect on and from Monday.

"END OF FIRST STAGE."

"I am glad that the first stage of our work has come to an end," said H. E. Sawada.

"I trust the Agreement will work to the mutual benefit of the two countries," declared Mr. Kurata, the chief Japanese Industrial Delegate.

"It is a good agreement bringing two premier Eastern countries together," opined Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, the Ahmedabad mill-magnate.

MOST FAVOURED NATION TREATMENT

His Excellency Mr. Sawada stated that an agreement of views had been reached between the two Delegations on all the important outstanding questions affecting the commercial relations between Japan and India, including:

(1) the according of the most-favoured nation treatment to the goods of the two countries;

(2) the maximum duties applicable to Japanese cotton piecegoods to be imported into India;

(3) the quota to be applicable to such goods and its relation to the purchase of raw cotton by Japan;

(4) the measures that may be taken to meet the effects of future fluctuations in exchange;

(5) the methods to be adopted for mutual discussion of modifications of customs duties which may be found to affect adversely the trade interests of the two countries;

(6) the enforcement of the arrangements agreed upon.

He gave the substance of his understanding of the Agreement of views on these questions.

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Mr. K. Kurata, Leader of the Japanese cotton delegation, interviewed by the Associated Press, said:

"We have now reached the end of our labours and I take this

opportunity of paying my compliments to the Indian delegation for the manner in which they have done their part. To safeguard the interests of India, we, on our side, had gone to the maximum length to accommodate the Indian view and I trust that the agreement will work to the mutual benefit of the two countries.

The cotton spinners of Japan have made great sacrifices for the sake of the continuance of the old established trade relationship between India and Japan. We came determined to come to a settlement and though, often during the course of the negotiations great difficulties arose, we got over them in an accommodating spirit. The agreement is in the nature of an experiment and if worked with good-will on both sides, it should work satisfactorily. I can assure the Indian public that the Japanese Cotton Spinners' Association was throughout actuated by friendliness towards India and it is chiefly due to the spirit of goodwill that the negotiations won ultimate success.

He added that few would come to recognise the fact that the most arduous work was ably undertaken and successfully brought to a conclusion by the Indian Commerce Member.

"From the industrialists' point of view, I believe, we have reached the stage when we are in a position to supply every yard of cloth required for the Indian market and naturally I dislike the very idea of our having to import cloth from Japan, but taking the Indian interests as a whole, I believe it to be a good agreement bringing the two premier Eastern countries together."

Continuing Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai said: "The quantity of cloth being a pre-determined thing, it is not likely to hit the Indian industry as hard as it would have done if the quantity had not been fixed. The cotton grower will be relieved of his anxieties for disposing of his short staple cotton."—A.P.

TROUBLE IN KAPURTHALA

"Jathas" March On Capital As Protest Against Arrests

LAHORE, Jan. 5.

The latest report from Kapurthala indicates that there is trouble brewing in the State similar in nature to that in the Kashmir State some time back.

Some rumblings of the coming storm were first heard towards the end of last year, when Muslim subjects started abortive attempts at inducing the State authorities to inaugurate legislation on the lines of the Punjab Land Alienation Act, in the matter of possession and transfer of cultivable lands, realisation of debts, etc., favouring rural claims.

8 MUSLIMS ARRESTED

On the return of the Maharaja of Kapurthala from his sojourn in Europe in December last, some Muslims tried to bring the situation to a head.

Recently the Maharaja announced progressive enactments introducing reforms in the administration, but these failed to satisfy the Muslim leaders, as a result of which eight of them, including Chaudhri Abdul Aziz, were put under arrest for carrying subversive activities against the State.

"JATHA" STARTS

The report of these arrests spread like wild fire and on the morning of January 3 200 Muslims started from Baigwal for Kapurthala. The police did not interfere with the "Jatha" at the start but, as it advanced it swelled in volume and when it reached Sulampur, a distance of 8 miles from Kapurthala, the number exceeded 1,200.

"MARCH" ON CAPITAL

On receiving the report of the march of "Jathas" on the capital, the authorities stationed a military guard round Kapurthala proper.

Further developments awaited.—United Press.

COTTON PROBLEM CANALISED

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Jan. 5.

However desirable the agreements may be in themselves, they at best only canalise the cotton problem, says the "Financial News," commenting on the prospects of the Anglo-Japanese Agreement. The old difficulty remains for Lancashire. The most important great oriental markets which she grew up to supply are entirely self-supporting or active exporters.

The actual content of the Indo-Japanese Agreement is less important than the fact that agreement has been reached, as failure would have intensified competition and ill-will.

"PROFITABLE TO MIDDLEMEN"

NEW DELHI, Jan. 5.

In an interview with the "United Press" Mr. Harbansingh Brar, M.L.A., gave it as his opinion that the Indo-Japanese Agreement would only profit middlemen as growers in the Punjab had already sold their crops for the year.—United Press.

Bajaj Condemns Indo-Jap Pact

NAGPUR, Jan. 5.

The Indo-Japanese trade agreement and the recent agreement between Indian Mill-owners and Lancashire delegation are condemned in a statement issued to the Press from Wardha.

—A.P.

India's Swift Work In Field

Changed Form Holds Out Brighter Colours

(From Our Special Correspondent)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 5.

Probably the most gratifying feature of the opening day's play in the second Test Match which commenced here to-day, was the high standard which the Indian fielding attained. It was fully 50 per cent. better than that seen in the First Test Match at Bombay. There was practically no fielding lapse and the picking up and throwing of the ball even against hard drives was clean and swift.

IN THE FIELD.

Merchant exploded the myth of his being a fielder of doubtful qualities in no uncertain style. He put in splendid work, whether posted to guard the boundary or deprive the batsmen of sharp singles at cover. Among others Mush-taq Ali, Amarnath and Naumal frequently elicited applause, while C.K. Naidu and Amar Singh were in a class by themselves.

BEHIND WICKETS.

Dilwar Hussain was workman-like behind the wickets and was even brilliant at times when his

quick anticipation took him yards off to the leg-side in anticipation of a sharp catch, but he seemed to lack that subtle touch which is Navi's. Once when Langridge seemed to drag his foot over the line Dilwar had balls off in the twinkling of an eye, but his "whooplike" appeal, the earnestness which would have made a Red Indian turn green with envy, went to naught.

The 21 extras contain a large number of leg-byes, the result of the M.C.C. batsmen's padplay and do not really reflect on Dilwar's wicketkeeping.

CATCHES.

All the catches that were offered were taken, Nissar's slip catch of Langridge being excellent. This was the only wicket of the day, however, in the dismissal of which Nissar had a hand, although on his bowling he fully deserved many more. He bowled on stout-heartedly, but luck never came his way. The greatest bowler of the day was undoubtedly Amar Singh, who has probably never



AMARSINGH.

bowled better in his life. In all the 39 overs that he bowled to-day (for 77 runs and 2 wickets), he hardly ever sent down a loose ball and he was throughout treated with respect. It was Amar Singh at his best.

NAIDU TO THE RESCUE.

But the bowler who really came to the rescue of his side when the batsmen were digging themselves in, was Major C.K. Naidu. He had only two spells of bowling to-day and on each occasion he quickly broke up a partnership. His final analysis was 83/2, the best bowling figure of the innings. Naidu handled his bowling and deployment of field well. It was noticeable that Nissar bowled "leg the

(Continued On Page 11.)

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The 'Bombay Chronicle'—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The 'Bombay Chronicle,' Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted an educated girl to marry a handsome Maharashtrian youth, B.Sc., LL.B. (Fin.) owning landed property. Province, caste, even 'registration' no bar. Apply Box No. 1742, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—Two cashiers for a Bank. Cash security Rs. 2,000 essential. Decent salary. Apply Box No. 1769, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited by a leading Life Office from respectable persons with previous experience for the post of Organiser of Agencies Deccan. Salary Rs.225/- including T.A. apply Box No. 1767, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Hindu Lady or Widow with little English knowledge to take care of 9 years old girl in respectable High Class Hindu family no caste restrictions. Apply sharp Box No. 1782 Bombay Chronicle."

Required temporarily for about 4 months one Sub-Assistant Surgeon. Salary Rs. 50/- p.m. plus free quarters or Rs. 7/- p.m. house rent in lieu thereof. Apply with copies of testimonials and certificates to the U.S. Nawanagar State subjects will be given preference. P. M. Mehta, M.D., M.S., F.C.P.S., Chief Medical Officer, Nawanagar State. (7794).

12. TO BE LET.

To Let for Hindu vegetarians only, ground floor of five bedrooms one drawing room and kitchen and first floor of six bedrooms, one drawing room, kitchen and dining room at 18, Laburnum Road Gamdevi, Apply soon (1775).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

Space available for Flash Light Advertisements also Shops and Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalla Tank, opposite, Fire Brigade. Apply to Purnottam Govindjee 62-66, Vithalwadi Telephone No. 23518. (1780).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

To Let One large flat of 4 bedrooms in Gilbert Bldg., opposite Babulnath for Vegetarian Hindus. (1789).

27. HOTELS.

Dinners and refreshment supplied and served. Charges moderate. Wholesome food. Ramakrishna Hindu Hotel 27, Meadows Street, Fort. (1761).

44. MEDICAL.

Skinboone Lotion cures promptly Hongkong Foot, Weeping eczema, Ringworm, Dhoobie's itch, Barber's itch, Blisters on fingers, toes etc. Won't stain clothes. At Kemp & Co., Akbarally, Popular Pharmacy, Perry & Co., Monji Vishram, etc. (7796).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Accountancy by Post in three months. Fee Rs. 15. Success guaranteed. Commercial Institute Manpur, Indore State, (1781).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

M.Sc. (London) coaches students in Physics & Mathematics for all examinations. Admission to classes limited. Individual attention. Apply S. P. Desai, M.Sc., (London), Ismail Building, 381, Hornby Road, Fort. (1768).

Wanted candidates to earn Rs. 150 per month by qualifying as Sub-Engineers, Overseers through correspondence instruction. The Principal, British India Technical College (Registered) Sukkur, Sind. (1770).

The Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution, Estd. 1898 by Gopaladas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping, Accountancy, and other Commercial Subjects, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (1772)

53. DENTISTS.

Pyrrothia—Get rid of your gum diseases and Pyrrhothia. Stop unnecessary extractions by consulting Dr. Jehangir Nariman, Dentist, (Specialist in gum diseases), Pyrrhothia Clinic, Opp. Charni Road Tram Junction, Grant Road, Hours 9 to 7, Sundays 9 to 12. (7703).

63. PARTNERSHIPS.

Wanted a financial Partner for a progressive Business in Foreign Country with a capital of thirty to forty thousand rupees. Excellent profits guaranteed. Apply Box No. 1778 "Bombay Chronicle."

70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES.

For Sale—Running Boots & Shoes Shop in good European and Parsi Locality Rent Rs. 37 Apply Bombay Shoe Mart, Opp. Gloria Church, Byculla. (1783).

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Colmbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

103 LIVE STOCK.

Jersey Black Giants. The real Giants in the Poultry World. Imported from England. Consignment arrived in Bombay on Monday the 11th December. Eggs for Hatching as well as excellent quality Pairs and Trios of this wonderful New Breed now offered to the Public for Sale. Apply early to avoid disappointment. Post Office Box No. 357, Bombay. 7797.

104. CONTRACTORS.

Dyeing, Bleaching and Finishing Work by Contract System, for cloth yarn, etc., at very lowest rates. 30 years' standing experience in the line. Save your colour investments by taking our advices and fixing Contract rates. We also test yarn, cloth, and Dyes samples. Address:—S. D. Billimoria and Sons, 22, Sardar Mansion, Apollo Street, Fort Bombay. (1776).

111. SHOPKEEPERS.

Wanted—Wholesale Purchasers of camp cots and foot-locks we manufacture Standard Furniture Co. Ltd., Kalai (Malabar). (7419)

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed Newspaper paper 30" x 40"—50lbs. and 35" x 45"—82lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

Public Notices

BHAVNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED by the abovenamed Railway for the supply of Consumable Stores for a period of one year, commencing from 1st April, 1934. Copies of Schedules can be obtained on application at the Store-keeper's Office, Bhavnagar Para, on payment of Rs. 2 (Two only).

Sealed Tenders (superscribed Tender for Consumable Stores) will be received at Bhavnagar Para by the Manager & Engineer-in-Chief Bhavnagar State Railway up to 12 noon on THURSDAY, the 25th January, 1934, accompanied by an Earnest Fee of Rs. 200 to be returned in case the Tender is not accepted.

The accepted Tenderers will be required to make a Deposit of 10 per cent of the estimated value of Stores to be supplied. The Deposit to be returned on the completion of the contract in a satisfactory manner, and to be subject to retention, in whole or in part, to cover any failure to correctly carry out the same. The Manager and Engineer-in-Chief reserves to himself the right of accepting any Tender, in whole or in part, and he does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender, the whole or in part.

All Stores should be exactly as per samples in Store-keeper's Office, which can be seen at that office at Bhavnagar Para.

K. R. VACHA, Store-keeper, Bhavnagar State Railway, Bhavnagar Para, Dated 18th December, 1933.

7772

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the Supply of Stationery articles and Drawing and Surveying materials during the year ending 28th February, 1935.

Tenders should be enclosed in sealed envelopes superscribed "TENDER FOR SUPPLY OF STATIONERY ETC. ARTICLES" and addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant at the Head Municipal Office, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 18th January, 1934, not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) together with a deposit prescribed for each schedule and samples of approved quality. Tenders for each schedule will, as far as possible, be considered as a whole, but the Municipal Commissioner reserves to himself the right to split up a schedule if he thinks it necessary to do so. Printed forms of tenders and conditions of contract can be had on payment of Re. 1 per copy at the Office of the undersigned.

(Sd.) S.A. SHETE, Dy: Municipal Commissioner, Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 5th January 1934. 7803.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 1171 of 1931. THE PROVIDENT INVESTMENT COMPANY, LTD. versus

JEHANGIR BOMANJI PETIT AND OTHERS, Defendants. PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 25th August, 1932, the following immovable properties in 7 lots and moveable properties in 3 lots will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House in the following order:— Lot Nos. 2, 5, 6, 8, 9 and 10 on MONDAY, 8th January, 1934 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). Lot Nos. 7, and 1, 3 and 4 on TUESDAY, 9th January, 1934, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES

LOT NO. 1. Property standing on Inam land together with outbuildings thereon situated at the Parcel Tank Road, Bombay, admeasuring 43374 square yards or thereabouts being a portion of land, admeasuring 59879 square yards or thereabouts bearing Cadastral Survey No. 124 of Parcel Bholwada and Sewri Division and Municipal F Ward, Street Nos. 27, 28, 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D, 28E.

LOT NO. 2. Property standing on land of Pension and Tax Tenure, situated at Peddar Road, Bombay, together with outhouses standing thereon and known as New Bunnee, admeasuring 24393 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 609 of Malabar Cumballa Hill Division and Municipal D Ward Street No. 27, Peddar Road and D Ward Street No. 8, Altamount Road.

LOT NO. 3. Property situated at the Mount in Mazgaon near the North side of the Tank Bunder Road, Bombay, admeasuring 13582 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 633, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668 and 669 of Mazgaon Division and Municipal E Ward, Street Nos. 8, 11, 7, 6, 5, 2, and 3 (1) 26 and 26(A) 28, 24(a), 25(A), 26, 38, 39, 48A and 49 respectively.

LOT NO. 4. "DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY AT GHORUPDEO. FIRSTLY—Property situated in the South side of Chinchpokli Cross Lane in Ghorupdeo, Mazgaon Division, Bombay, admeasuring 17765 square yards or thereabouts.

SECONDLY—Property at Ghorupdeo aforesaid, admeasuring 23070 square yards or thereabouts.

THIRDLY—Property at Ghorupdeo aforesaid, admeasuring 17278 square yards or thereabouts which three properties aforesaid together containing an aggregate of 48113 square yards or thereabouts which three properties aforesaid together, containing an aggregate of 48113 square yards or thereabouts and bear Cadastral Survey Nos. 716, 1716 and 276 of the Mazgaon Division.

LOT NO. 5. Property known as "Mount Malcolim", situated on the Mahabeshwar Hills together with outhouses, admeasuring 41 acres and 3 Gunthas or thereabouts.

LOT NO. 6. Property known as "Gulestan", situated at Mathern together with outhouses, admeasuring 4 acres and 20 Gunthas or thereabouts.

LOT NO. 7. All the right, title and interest of the 1st defendant Jahangir Bomanji Petit in the property known as "Chateau Petit", situated on the East side of the Warden Road at Beach Candy Bombay, admeasuring 21149 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 759 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and Municipal D Ward, Street Nos. 45, 47.

LOT NO. 8. All furniture works of Art palace plated articles, lined glass, books, goods, chattel and household effects and articles of use and ornaments in the dwelling house known as New Bunnee, situated at Peddar Road, Bombay.

LOT NO. 9. All furniture, works of art, household effects and articles of use and ornament in the Bungalow known as "Mount Malcolim" at Mahabeshwar.

LOT NO. 10. All furniture, works of Art, and household effects and articles of use and ornament in the Bungalow known as "Gulestan" at Mathern.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 54, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 18th day of September, 1933. R. S. DADACHANI, Commissioner.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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4th and Subsequent Insertions .. Rs. 3-8-0

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Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the Matter of The Indian Companies Act, 1913.

and

In the Matter of The Ceylon Spinning and Weaving Coy., Ltd. HOOSAINBHAI MULJI, of Bombay, Mahomedan inhabitant, residing at Perry Cross Road, Bandra, in the Suburban District of Bombay, Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition for winding up the abovenamed Company by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay was on the 2nd day of January, 1934, presented to the said Court by Hoosainbhai Mulji, a creditor of the said Company and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Hon'ble the Sitting Judge in Chambers on the 5th day of February, 1934. Any creditor or contributory of the said Company, desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charges for the same.

NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Wadia, has, by an Order, dated the 2nd day of January, 1934, appointed the Court Liquidator, High Court, Bombay, to be Provisional Official Liquidator of the said Company. Dated this 3rd day of Jan. 1934.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA, Petitioner's Attorneys, 121, Esplanade Rd., Fort, Bombay. 7802.

AUCTION SALES

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

AUCTIONEERS.

123, Meadows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF THE PRINTING PRESS, known as THE ELITE PRINTING WORKS at the Bombay Life Insurance Building, 75, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Captain and Vaidya Attorneys for the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Phirozshaw L. Khargamwala sell by public Auction on THURSDAY, the 11th day of January, 1934, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises of the Elite Printing Works, all Printing Machines, Machinery, Plant, Types, Furniture and all other things appertaining to the said press together with the Goodwill thereof and all benefit of contracts.

Full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the undersigned. The machines and other articles are open for inspection on the premises.

Dated this 18th day of September, 1933. R. S. DADACHANI, Commissioner.

AUCTION SALES

CRAWFORD & Co.,

AUCTION SALE OF VICTORIA CLOTH MARKET. By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 11th January, 1934, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on site the right, title and interest of the insolvent Darabsha B. Dubash and of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, the 1st mortgagees, and the P. & O. Banking Corporation, Ltd., the 2nd mortgagees in the abovenamed valuable landed property of Pension and Tax tenure at Sheikh Memon Street, admeasuring 1348.42 sq. yds. and bearing C. S. No. 1050 of Bhuleswar Division.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply CRAWFORD & CO.

Messrs. VORA & Co.,

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO BUYERS OF FURNITURE AND ESSEX MOTOR CAR. AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) 7th inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at CHOWPATY SEA FACE, NEXT TO VIANELLIS RESTAURANT, of dining, drawing and bed room furniture, Drawing room sofa cabinet, Vinar Zunda Cabinet, Safes, Gramophone, Singer Machine, Musical Box, Harmonium, Chandeliers, Tilting chesterfield and drawing room suits, A.C. Fans, Glassware etc. One European Gentleman 6 Cylinder Nos. X, Lando Lado Essex Motor Car in good running order etc. on View.

VORA & Co.

COTTON

LATEST INFORMATION IS MONEY ITSELF COTTON BUSINESS.—We transact cotton business on behalf of our clients through the E. L. C. Association, Ltd., and the Mahajan Association. Our clients are remain in touch with all the latest information from all Foreign Markets which help them to cover their bargains profitably.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL MARKETS.—The New York and Liverpool Cotton Markets decline all other markets of the world and every bit of information there is flashed all round the world. Shrewd speculators avail themselves of the news and make profits. The Bureau remains in constant touch with these markets right from the opening mid-way fluctuations to the closing prices.

STERLING-DOLLAR CROSS-RATE.—The Sterling-Dollar Cross-Rate is of utmost importance to business. All the commodity markets rule practically in tune with the fluctuations of the Cross-Rate we receive opening, closing and all time to time fluctuations together with our London Agent's opinion. We can wire or telephone same to any part of India for a moderate charge.

TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CALLS.—Quotations of Liverpool and New York Future together with Bombay quotations and expectation (Drarna) can be phoned or wired to any part of India.

DAILY COTTON FUTURES FORECAST.—Based scientifically on astrological calculations and latest cable advices. This is the only Institution which receives costly cables from Home daily stating therein American Cotton Futures Forecast.

OUR RATES ARE EXTREMELY MODERATE.

Further particulars from: COTTON INFORMATION BUREAU, 181, Esmail Building, 1st Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY. Phone No. 24241. Tel: "VANUSET."

TWO SOULS LOST... FOR LOVE'S SAKE

THE PALACE

Near Byculla Station 6-30 & 10 P.M. Sat., Sun. & Thurs. 4 p.m. Matinee Sunday morning Show 10-30 a.m. Every woman who has loved will understand

A FAREWELL TO ARMS

with HELEN HAYES GARY COOPER A Frank Borzage Production

4TH GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

DAILY 2 SHOWS At 5 and 9-30 p.m.

Karlekar's GRAND CIRCUS

Location: Nana Chowk, Gowalla Tank
THRILLING MOTOR CYCLE JUMP
By JOE JENKINS (For Day Shows)

MOTOR JUMP BY DARE-DEVIL KISON SING (for night show)

LOOPING THE LOOP (for Both Shows)

Never seen here before in Bombay
Special arrangement of Trams After the Show.

Running for the 2nd Glorious Week !!

Saroj Movietone's Masterpiece Production

Malti-Madhav

Featuring: Sardar M. Kale, Ashrafkhan.

Directed by: A. Kapoor.

West-End TALKIES

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS

Steamers Tons Arrive Leave
Toyama Maru 7093 31 Dec 10 Jan
Tottori Maru 5973 17 Jan 27 Jan
Nagato Maru 5901 24 Jan 3 Feb
Tango Maru 6893 30 Jan 10 Feb

*Passenger steamer with excellent accommodation and services 250 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS
Steamers Tons Colombo Leave
Yasukuni Maru 12900 20 Jan
Hakone Maru 10500 5 Feb
Suwa Maru 10700 25 Feb

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

Steamers Tons Leave
Terakuni Maru 12000 15 Jan
Hakusan Maru 10500 31 Jan

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers Tons Hongkong Leave
Chichibu Maru 17500 7 Feb
Tatsuta Maru 17000 21 Feb

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

Steamers Tons Kobe Leave
Hikawa Maru 11600 3 Feb
Hiye Maru 11600 19 Feb

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Cox's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 20279.
Telegrams: "YUSEN".

CITY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 5, 1990.
Muslim: Ramzan 19, 1352.
Parsi: Amardad 2, 1393.
Sunrise: 7h. 13m.
Sunset: 6h. 15m.
Hightide: 2-56, 15-11.
Lowtide: 9-20, 20-42.
Indian Science Congress: University Buildings, 10 a.m.
Municipal Standing Committee: 4-10 p.m.

SATURDAY, January 6.
Indian Science Congress: University Buildings, 10 a.m.
S.S. "Narkunda" with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: Tenth Winter Meeting: 2 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

7 a.m. Time Signal. Commercial Bulletin. Liverpool and New York Cotton Closing Rates. Close Down.
12 noon: Time Signal. Selection of Indian Music.
12-30 p.m. Selection of European Music.
1 p.m. Bombay Market: Opening Rates. Close Down.
4-30 p.m. Time Signal. Children's Corner. Ragindevi. Marathi Songs. (This nice girl who is only 4 years old will entertain you.)
Atre Kaka. Stories in Marathi.
5 p.m. Uncle Dick will entertain.
5-30 p.m. A Relay from the Regal Cinema. The Theatre Magnificent. (By kind permission of the management.)
6-30 p.m. Indian Programme: Light Music. P. N. Dewoolker.
7-30 p.m. Cotton, Silver, Gold, Seeds, Wheat, Stock Exchange and other Market Prices. Interval.
8-15 p.m. European Programme: Empire Relay.
9 p.m. Indian Programme: News in Hindi. New York Opening. Liverpool Closing and Bombay Current Rates.
9-15 p.m. European Programme: Weather Report and News Bulletin.
9-30 p.m. Jos Ghisleri and his Symphonians.elayed from Taj Mahal Hotel. (By kind permission of the directors, the Indian Hotels Co., Ltd.)
11 p.m. God Save the King Emperor. Close Down.

What's the matter with the world?
"LOOKING FORWARD"

HAS THE ANSWER
At The Theatre Magnificent
THE REGAL
(AIR-CONDITIONED)
To-night & To-morrow
at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

THE LONDON STAGE SUCCESS
"SERVICE"

Now M-G-M's Great Talkie
LOOKING FORWARD

Starring
LIONEL BARRYMORE
AND A BRITISH CAST
INCLUDING

COLIN CLIVE—BENITA HUME
ELIZABETH ALLAN

Phone 22323. Reserve Now.

A POWERFUL NOVEL ABOUT A
MAN'S HEARTBREAK WHEN HIS
CHILDREN TURN OUT WILD &
INCOMPETENT AFTER HE SLA-
VED TO PROVIDE THEM A
HERITAGE

At Bombay's Leading Talkie House
THE CAPITOL
TO-NIGHT & TO-MORROW AT
4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

The Master Character
LIONEL BARRYMORE
IN RADIO'S EPOCHAL DRAMA
"SWEEPINGS"

Blood & Iron...Tears & Triumph
THE MAD FIRES OF YOUTH
All Welded Into Heart-Throbs!

ALSO A BRIDGE NOVELTY BY
ELY CULBERTSON
The World's Greatest
Bridge Expert

Book Now & Make Sure.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSTON: "Captured". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
EMPIRE: "A Cuckoo In The Nest". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
REGAL: "Looking Forward". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
CAPITOL: "Sweepings". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
CARLTON: "Charlie Chan's Greatest Case". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
PATHE: "College Humor". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON: "The Girl From Maxim's". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m.
WEST-END: "Malti Madhav". Time as usual.
GLOBE: "Around The World In 80 Minutes". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.
MAJESTIC: "Bhakta Prahalad". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-50 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
ROXY: "General John Regan". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA: "Surya-Kumari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL: "Maharaja". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.
FALACE: "A Farewell To Arms". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
MINERVA: "Yahoodi-Ki-Larki". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-30 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin and Announcements.
7-50 p.m. Dance music.
8-15 p.m. Foreign Affairs, a talk by Mr. Vernon Bartlett.
8-30 p.m. "Time Signal" from Greenwich, Harold Ramsay at the "organ" of the "Granada" Tooting.
9 p.m. Wireless Military Band.
10 p.m. Mantovani and his Tipica Orchestra.
10-45 p.m. News Bulletin and Announcements.
11-05 p.m. B. B. C. Dance Orchestra.

BAND NOTICE: The Band of the ex-Service (I.A.) will play a programme of music at the Victoria Gardens to-day (Saturday) commencing from 5-45 to 7-45 p.m.

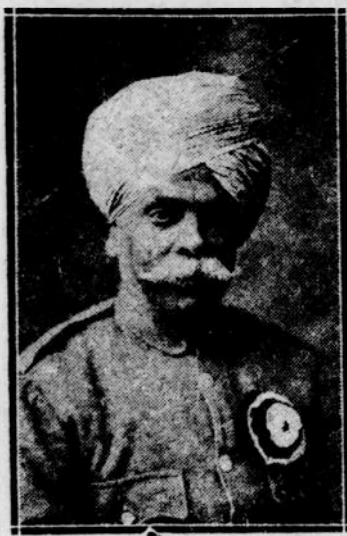
ASTHIKA SAMAJ: Bramha Shree K. P. Ramakrishna Sastriyal will give a discourse on "Sandhya Vandana" its meaning and significance, in the Samaj premises to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m.

HIND MAHILA SAMAJ: The 15th anniversary of the Samajam will be celebrated to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. in Braman Sabha Hall, Girgaum, Shri. Sanakaracharya (Dr. Kurtokoti) will preside. An interesting programme of Dialogues and portion of "Mirabai" Drama will be staged.

PROF. KARVE'S LECTURES: Under the auspices of the above Committee, Prof. D. K. Karve the founder of the University will deliver two lectures, to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. in the Brahman Seva Mandal Hall, Bhawanishankar Road, Dadar, and the other on Sunday the 7th instant at 6 p.m. in the Nappu Hall, Matunga, when Sir Govindrao Pradhan will preside. The subject of the lectures will be: "The Problem of the Indian Women's University."

VISIT TO PHOR AND BHATGAR.

The proposed programme of the visit to Bhore and Bhatgar of the delegates of the Indian Science Congress on Sunday (7th instant) is as under:—
12 p.m. Arrival at Bhore. Welcome to the Palace to the delegates by Shrimant Fantsaheb, the ruler of Bhore. Dinner. Welcome speech of Shrimant Fantsaheb. Reply if any. Distribution of Fan-supari and Flowers. Visit to Ambavade, Historical place, 3 miles from Bhore where a marble Samadhi of Shri. Shankarji Narayan the founder of the Bhore State. Visit to Bhatgar (Lloyd Dam) on way to Foonia. Tea Party at Bhatgar. Departure.



Prof. Mahatma, founder and director of the Jumnadada Vyayamshala, the well-known physical culture institute of Baroda, presided over the Maharashtra Physical Culture Conference held at Nasik on 30th ultimo.

15 MILES FAST CYCLING RACE

The B.A.A.C. is conducting its second all-India 15 Miles Fast Cycling Race, for the B.A.A.C. Challenge Cup, on Sunday the 7th instant. The race is timed to start at 6-30 a.m. from near the Panday Sanatorium, Colaba, and after doing the prescribed course, to finish opposite the Band Stand.

As the Hornby Vellard is under repairs, a slight change in the route of the Race has been made. The following, therefore, is the correct route of the Race: Starting from the Panday Sanatorium, Colaba, pass Wooderhouse Bridge, along Queens Road, Hughes Road, Cumballa Hill, Warden Road, down the Battery, turn at the Red Lamp—and back the same way up to Band Stand, take Two Rounds of the Oval, and finish opposite the Band Stand.

NAYAR SAMAJ CUP

Under the auspices of the South Indian Association, the Sixth Annual South Indian (Doubles) Badminton Tournament for the Nayar Samaj Cup open to all will commence from 14th January.

The Nayar Samaj Cup which can be won outright by a team winning it successfully for 3 years will be presented to the winning team and Gold and Silver Medals to the Winners and Runners-up respectively. The Cup will be in the custody of the South Indian Association till it is won finally. Entries close at 10 a.m. on Sunday 7th instant. The result of the draw will be intimated to the teams concerned in due course.

An entrance fee of Rs. 3 per team will be charged.

THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION: Mr. Harijivan K. Mehta will lecture in Gujarati at the Theosophical Society, Bavatsky Lodge Hall, (French Bridge, Chowpatty) to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. subject: "Theosophy and Educational Reforms."

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES: Swami Vishwananda of Ramakrishna Math, Khar, will conduct the weekly Upanishads class at the Y.M.H.A., Girgaum Back Road, to-day (Saturday) at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.) and the Gita class at the Math, at Khar, on Sunday at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.)

POSTAL NOTICE: Supereribed Mails for Laurezo Marquis and South Africa per s.s. "Kathia-war" via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office up to 6-30 p.m. on Sunday.

STUDENTS HONOUR GOVARDHANRAM: A meeting of the Gujarati Students will be held at 4-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in the Bavatsky Lodge, Chowpatty, French Bridge, Dr. Eruch Jehan-gir Taraporewala, M.A., Ph.D., will preside. Messrs. Bhulabhai Desai, Kanaiyalal Munshi, Jammadas Mehta, Chandrashekar Pandya, Mrs. Ramibehen Kamdar and others will speak on various aspects of Govardhanram Tripathi's life and writings.

We have received the following:—
One wall calendar from Civil and Military Gazette, Lahore.
One wall calendar from the Bombay Baroda Assurance Co., Baroda.
One wall calendar from Hari-lal T. Surti, Bombay.

VOLLEY BALL TOURNAMENT: The annual volley ball tournament for the Gole Cup will commence from Thursday next. Entries will close on Monday. Participants can be had from the Director, Mustan Shah Baugh Municipal Playground, Bellas Road, Byculla.

RARE FIND OF OLD STONE SLAB

Inscriptions In Devnagari Dated 1594 A. D. Traced

(From Our Correspondent.)
KATHIAWAR, January 3. Gujarati Sahitya Parishad, held at Lathi, under the presidency of D. B. Krishnalal, Mohanlal Jhaveri, has opened a new page in the annals of the Conference by drawing the attention of all to the meagre remuneration afforded to young writers of Gujarati.

The art exhibition, opened by Sir P. D. Paltani, contains many attractions, and has brought to the light the artistic features of the artisans of Kathiawar. Gangabai, a Kachi Oswal Bania widow, married at Rajkot, a Dasha Shrimali Jain Bania, Mr. Lalchand.

A RARE FIND.
Mr. Prataprada Mehta of Amreli, has found a slab of stone, with an inscription on it. It weighs 20 mds., and is 1-1/2" thick. It is dated 1594 A.D. and is in Devnagari Lipi. Mr. Mehta declares it to be of the time of Akbar.

PRINCES PROTECTION BILL

States' Peoples' Conference Special Session To Consider Measure

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, January 5.

Mr. Amritlal Seth, General Secretary, Indian States' Peoples' Conference who is at present in Delhi in connection with the Princes Protection Bill informs the press that in pursuance of the resolution of the Working Committee of the conference a special session of the conference will be held at Delhi sometime in the last week of this month to be presided over by a prominent Indian Publicist.

Delegates representing various States are expected to attend the object of holding this special session is to consider the Princes Protection Bill now pending before the Assembly.

FACTION FIGHT SEQUEL

(From Our Correspondent.)
KURLA, Jan. 5.

The Resident Magistrate, Mr. V. M. Jachav, of Kurla, committed yesterday to the Thana Sessions Court Hari Shrawnya (40), Nare-sha Mathu (27), Devga Hari (25), and Ganpat Vithu (21) four Kharoris of Manikpur (near Chembur), to stand their trial on a charge of causing grievous hurt on October 19 last to one Budha Shrawnya, who had succumbed to the injuries two days later in the K.E.M. Hospital.

The case for the prosecution is that on the evening of October 19 last there was a scuffle between two factions of Kharoris at Chembur. Evidence shows that the alleged incident was the result of long-standing enmity between the rival factions. Budha, the deceased brother and wife were the victims of the alleged assault.

On a complaint lodged by Labanya Shrawnya, the brother of the deceased, the Ghatkopar Police arrested the accused on the night of October 22 last.

"AT HOME" TO SCIENTISTS

Messrs. Gordhandas, Desai and Co. gave an "At Home" to the delegates of the Indian Science Congress at 5 p.m. on Friday on the lawns of the Bombay University. About 500 guests, including many scientists, professors, doctors and some of the elite of the City were present.

Among those present were: the Mayor, Mr. Chandavarkar, the Vice-Chancellor and Dr. Deshmukh.

The party was keenly appreciated by all and was a complete success.

ALLEGED THEFT OF ORNAMENTS

Mata Prasad Baldeo, a cook in the service of Mrs. Krishna Ganesh Sardesai was found to have absconded with ornaments and cash worth Rs. 997, on 27th December last. He was arrested later on, while on his way to his native place, at Dhord and brought back to Bombay. All the ornaments and cash have been recovered, and the accused remanded to police custody.

SIKH MEETING AT NAPOO HALL Under the auspices of Sri Gurm Singh Sabha, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m.

FROZEN TO DEATH

Victims Of Cold Wave Sweeping Over Karachi

KARACHI, Jan. 5. A cold wave of intense severity is sweeping over Karachi, the mercury having fallen much below the normal. Some of the water pipes have burst. According to "Samsar Samachar," six grasscutters have been frozen to death near the Hub River (United Press).

KALELKAR RELEASED

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 5. Kaka Kalelkar, former principal of the Gujarat Vidyapith and the two others who were arrested yesterday for announcing their intention of marching to Ras village to carry on Congress propaganda, were subsequently released at night.—A. P.

VOLUNTEER CHARGED

Dhondu Hathuram, a volunteer of the Gimi Kamgar Union, was placed before the Dadar Police Court on Friday for causing hurt under Sections 324 and 114 of the I.P.C. to one Sadashiva Ramachandra of the Young Workers' League.

The assault took place on 29th December last.

The accused was ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 30 and the case has been adjourned to 19th January.

ALL-India Urdu Essay Competition

The Secretary of the Y. M. M. Association writes from Calcutta, 81 Princep Street:—
At a meeting held by the Y. M. M. Association lately under the presidency of Sayed Mouli Mohammad Saheb of Calcutta Madrasah, the following subjects were selected for an All-India Urdu Essay Competition:—

- (i) For School Students:—Mustafa Kamal Pasha.
- (ii) For College Students:—Agar Magribee Taleem Madree. Zaban Ki Wesalet Se de Jai to uska keya aser prega.
- (iii) For Public:—Urdu Zaban Ki ahmetyat sayasi wa muhabbi naufae mawar se.

Each essay will carry two prizes. The essay will be judged according to their style and substance by a committee of 3 gentlemen of literary talents.

Essays and all communication should be addressed to the secretary with sufficient postage to cover a reply.

STOP PRESS

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
NEW YORK, Jan. 5.

Press reaction to the budget is generally divided between astonishment and favour according to the political viewpoint of the paper concerned. Some anxiety was expressed. The "Herald Tribune" Washington correspondent is shocked at the huge budget figures, which he predicts will be the subject of stormy discussions in the Congress.

The "New York Times" says that President Roosevelt's own party leaders are apprehensive. The enormous cost of the recovery will become a political issue in the Congressional decision.

Mr. McNary, the Republican leader, has called an early conference of Senators with a view to the formation of an anti-demonstration programme.

Mr. Morgenthau, however, declared: "We are confident we have money."

An intensive drive is being organised for the recovery of 300 million dollars arrears in income tax.

STEAMER RUNS ASHORE (SPECIAL CABLE.)

PORT SAID, Jan. 5. The Aberdeen Commonwealth liner "Esperance Bay" (13856 tons) from Australia to England ran ashore, Blitar Lakes, Suez Canal. The liner carries 112 passengers and 22 crew.

SPANISH CRISIS (SPECIAL CABLE.)

MADRID, Jan. 5. The state of alarm throughout the country declared on the December 9 has been rescinded by the Cabinet to-day.

The so-called state of prevention still prevails.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
BUCHAREST, Jan. 5. The new Premier Tetarescu will present to the King the new list of his Cabinet in which M. Titulescu continues to be the Foreign Minister. M. Titulescu has returned from St. Moritz, thus dissipating doubts as to whether he would consent to retain office since Gen. Duca's assassination.

Textile Labour's Move To Meet Offensive

G. K. U. Calls All-India Conference To Plan Concerted Action

The General Secretary of the Bombay Gimi Kamgar Union (Red Flag) has issued the following statement to the press:—
About two months back the Bombay Gimi Kamgar Union first breached the idea of convening an All-India Conference of the textile workers to take common action against the All-India offensive of the textile employers against the living standards of the textile workers. It took active steps to organise such a Conference and had even planned to hold it in the middle of December last. But it could not be held at that time as the time was not convenient to a number of textile unions which wanted to participate in the All India Trade Union Congress and so the question was deferred.

ENCOURAGING RESPONSE. Now the All-India Trade Union Congress has itself approved of this idea and has authorised and requested the Bombay Gimi Kamgar Union to hold the Conference towards the end of January. Acting upon that resolution the Bombay Gimi Kamgar Union has started making active preparations for the holding of the Conference. Circulars and appeals have been already issued to all the textile unions in India and the Union is getting encouraging response from all the textile centres. It is proposed to hold the Conference in the last week of January. Exact dates and the detailed programme of the Conference will be announced later on when they are settled in consultation with all the Textile Unions.

OFFENSIVE IS PLANNED. The urgency and the necessity of holding an All-India Conference to devise measures of action on an all-India scale will be apparent to every body who has given a little thought to the condition of the Indian textile workers. The millowners' offensive is not confined to a few cities like Bombay or Nagpur. They are acting in concert and according to a plan. There is not one textile centre in India where the workers' wages have not been reduced, rationalisation has not been introduced and retrenchment has not been effected. The textile workers have, therefore, to come together and devise common wages and means of giving a united, well-planned and properly co-ordinated resistance to their employers' offensive.

APPEAL FOR HELP. There is no doubt that the textile workers all over India will rally round this Conference and take some concerted action. I take this opportunity of appealing to all the workers and the general public to help the textile workers in their hour of need. Workers in other trades and industries should keep themselves in readiness to support by all possible means any action resorted to by the textile workers. The general public can support the textile workers by taking a keen interest in all their struggles and by giving them financial assistance. I appeal to the public in general, and to the generous citizens of Bombay in particular, to help the Bombay Gimi Kamgar Union in organising this Conference and in putting into action any resolutions that may be passed in the Conference.

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Nearly Rs. 44 Crores.

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NEXT DIVISION OF PROFITS

falls to be made as at 31st December 1933.

Participating Policies effected in the Current Year will
be entitled to participate in the Division of Profits
if in force as at 31st December 1933.

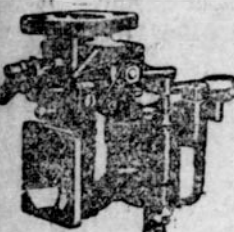
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The Manager, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, Bombay.
or to any of the Company's other offices as undernoted:

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Allahabad	Colombo	Lahore	Patna	Sukkur
Ambala	Dacca	Lucknow	Poona	Trichinopoly
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WRITE TO PROF. JAUHARI.

108, MAIN STREET, DEOLALI.



MAGIC CRYSTAL

Straight from the HORSE'S MOUTH BY "SENEX"

The following are the selections for the Tenth Day of the Bombay Winter Meeting to be held to-day:—

(By "SENEX")

1st RACE.

POMPEIUS 1
NAVIB AL MULUK 2
GURJISTAN 3

2nd RACE.

WANSA 1
VERDUN 2
HITLER 3

3rd RACE.

RED FLOWER 1
RAJPUT 2
JAHAN ARA 3

4th RACE.

FLYING MAJOR 1
MOUNTGARRET 2
O. B. E. 3

5th RACE.

SAIFULDOWLA 1
EUSHBOOS 2
TAIR AL IRAQ 3

6th RACE.

GREAT PEARL 1
DANDY BRUSH 2
BALLINTOY 3

7th RACE.

DOUCEUSE 1
GLENALMOND 2
GARCON 3

8th RACE.

BONNE TETE 1
CHIVALRESQUE 2
PHARE 3

9th RACE.

BANCO 1
SADUZAMAN 2
SUMOOM 3

ABDUR REHMAN STREET TRAGEDY

Murderer Of Landlord Commits Suicide

There was an unexpected development on Friday at the resumed hearing of the inquest over the body of Ebrahim Haji Abdulla Khatri, a landlord and merchant who was stabbed on the night of December 28, and subsequently succumbed to the stab wounds. It was stated in evidence that the alleged murderer had gone to Poona and committed suicide.

From the evidence it transpires that the victim of the assault was a trustee of a building in which one Jaosab Suleman was living. As Jaosab had not paid the rent for a long time the trustee filed a suit against him to recover the arrears. It appears that Jaosab got into a temper on hearing that a suit had been filed against him and went and stabbed the Trustee. He was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where his dying declaration was recorded. It appears that Ebrahim told the police that he had been stabbed by one Jaosab. He later died in the hospital.

Sub-Inspector Kadam of the Princess Street made enquiries had found that Jaosab had not returned to his residence nor was he to be found anywhere else in the city. On December 30, the police officer interpreted a letter addressed to Jaosab and the contents of the letter stated that Jaosab who had gone to Poona, had died in a Durga.

The Police Officer wrote to the Poona Police and ascertained that the man had died and a photo of the dead body, which was sent to Bombay was shown to the relatives of the alleged murderer who identified it.

It was further revealed at the inquest by a witness that the handwriting in the letter that came from Poona was that of Jaosab himself. A notebook found in the pocket of the Muslim, who died at Poona was also put in as an exhibit. Jaosab had written in that book that he was committing suicide.

After hearing the evidence the Coroner postponed the inquest to January 8, to enable the police to bring in eye witnesses to corroborate.

TOOK OPIUM AND DIED

A verdict of death due opium poisoning, self-administered, was returned by the Coroner's Jury on Friday at the inquest held over the body of one Ranchod Ratani.

Ranchod was found lying in an unconscious state on the Roadside on the Balaram Street on Thursday morning and a police constable removed him to the J. J. Hospital, where he died as a result of opium poisoning.

MYSTERY DEATH AT BYCULLA

Sanitary Inspector Stops Burial; Inquest Opened

Mystery surrounds the death of a Hindu aged about 40, who was found dead in his room on Wednesday night.

A certificate permitting the burial of the body had been issued but just before the body could be buried at Sonapur, the Assistant Sanitary Inspector, finding that there was something unusual about the case, went and examined the body. Finding that certain parts of the body were swollen, he informed the police, who removed the body to the Morgue.

The dead man's name is Gopal Govind Langote, who was living at Dakurabhus Chawl at Byculla. The deceased's brother giving evidence stated that on Wednesday night, he was informed that his brother had received serious injuries and was lying in a bad condition in his room. When he came to his brother's room he found him lying dead.

The City Coroner postponed the inquest to January 9 to allow time to the Byculla Police to carry on the investigations.

BANK OF INDIA'S ACCOUNTS

The profit of the Bank of India, limited for the year ended 31st Dec. 1933 including the sum of Rs. 3,40,264-3-1 brought forward amounts to Rs. 18,59,014-6-11.

Provision for Income Tax and Super Tax for the current year will absorb Rs. 1,25,000.

The payment of an ad-interim dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum made on the 20th June 1933 absorbed Rs. 5,00,000.

The balance now available for distribution is Rs. 10,68,014-6-11.

The Directors propose to pay a final dividend for the half year ended 31st Dec. 1933 at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum free of Income Tax Rs. 5,00,000.

To place to Bank's Property Account Rs. 1,00,000.

To carry forward the balance subject to the payment of a bonus to the staff Rs. 4,88,014-6-11.

HOUSES GUTTED

BY FIRE

JANTRAL Panch Mahals, Jan 4.

A large number of houses were gutted this noon in Jantral by a fire which mysteriously broke out.

The fire broke out at about 2 in the afternoon and continued to run havoc for fully three hours. Many families have been rendered homeless.—(United Press).

BANDRA'S NEW MAYOR

City Fathers' Reflections On Mr. Michael's Appointment

BANDRA, Jan. 5.

(From Our Correspondent)

For the first time after 17 years, a nominated member has been elected President of the Bandra Municipality. Up to 1916, this privileged post has been occupied by a nominated member, and when Government, relinquished its right of exercising its approval to every election of a president, it was Dr. D'Monte who had the honour of being the first elected member as President. Thereafter, with the exception of a short interregnum of Mr. Ratcliffe, a Government nominee, the tradition of placing an elected member at the Municipal helm has been faithfully followed.

Yesterday evening by an overwhelming majority, Mr. Michael was elected as President of the Board on the motion of Dr. Dias, who recounted the experience and work of Mr. Michael as a councillor for well-nigh 12 years.

NO PARTY FEELINGS.

After Mr. Conceicao associated himself with the resolution, Mr. G. M. Gupte sounded the first note of dissent on the ground this election would set the clock of local self-government 20 years back. He warned the house of the danger of electing a government nominee.

Mr. Surveyor in supporting the resolution characterised the idea that a nominated member does not serve the people as "a silly notion." Mr. Cassambhoy said the appointment of a nominated member was a sin not of the member but of the faulty system of franchise. He stated that under the present system men with wealth at their command were returned to the Councils and Assembly though they were not fit for the responsible post.

Dr. Dias in reply emphasised the opinion of Mr. Cassambhoy and stated that owing to the molten methods of franchise government had to step in. He then pointed out that at the very moment they existed not as elected members but as nominated once as the life of the Board had expired on the 22nd December after which they existed only by a fiat of the Government not of their electorates.

Prof. Almeida before putting the resolution to the vote expressed his appreciation of the resolution. The proposition was then carried, only Mr. Gupte and Mrs. Almeida voting against.

YEOMEN SERVICES.

Dr. Dias then moved a resolution recording with appreciation the yeoman services of Prof. Almeida, the retiring President. He recounted the principal events of the regime of Prof. Almeida, viz. the drainage of Chapel Road and Waroda, the Khar market, the sanction of the flotation of a loan for the drainage of Bandra and public.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. Surveyor and supported by other councillors.

The new President, Mr. Michael also expressed his thanks for electing him despite his apparent "disqualification" of a government nominee.

VICE-PRESIDENT.

The election of the vice-president was then proceeded with Dr. Dias proposed Mr. Sheikh M. Haji Kadibux as the vice-president for the ensuing year.

The resolution which was seconded by Mr. Sawant and supported by several councillors was carried unanimously.

OUTRAGING MODESTY IN VICTORIA GARDENS

A day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 in default (three months' rigorous imprisonment was the sentence awarded to a Muslim by Mr. P. L. Thakker, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon who found him guilty, of outraging the modesty of a girl aged 12.

According to the prosecution Krishnabai Balam aged 12 went to the Victoria Gardens at about 2 p.m. on December 27 with her servant. While she was looking at some animals, the accused, Yusuf Syed Mohamed behaved indecently to her. The girl raised an alarm and the Muslim was arrested.

The Muslim stated that he was innocent and a false case had been brought against him through the instigations of one of the witnesses, with whom he had fallen out.



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HYPOPHOSPHITES to revive and restore Energy and Perfect Bodily Fitness!

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BOOKS ON ART

Modern French Painters: By Jan Gordon Rs. 2.
The German Annual of Photography 1932 15 12
The Technique of Oil Painting: By Richmond 15 12
Crayon & Pastel work for Schools: By Vanail 6 0

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO., Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

WESTERN FILM PRODUCERS

Misrepresent The East

Apart from the sorry job Hollywood makes of its efforts to be English—with one or two striking exceptions, let me add hastily, before you start murmuring "Cavalcade"—it is responsible for many insults to most European and Asiatic nations, written in the "Film Weekly" writes Eglens Ement.

We can suffer its ideas of us. We have grown used to the titled nit-wits and terse John Bullism with which it peoples our unoffending island. We are accused of nothing worse than idiosyncrasy. Indeed, dumb-strength; Claude Allister with his aristocratic vacuity and those particular young people, Joan Crawford and Franchot Tone, in "To-day We Live." Other nations get off less lightly.

It would be interesting to compile statistics concerning the percentage of foreign accents in the villains of the screen. It is hardly too sweeping a generalisation to say that if we hear a man speaking broken English we can safely expect the worst—unless, that is, he is not simply comic relief.

Take the Chinese, or rather that composite creature of picturesque speech and unpleasant habits that passes as such. Anna May Wong asked wistfully of late: "Why is it that the screen Chinese is nearly always the villain of the piece? And so crude a villain—murderous, treacherous, a snake in the grass. Why should we always scheme, rob, kill? I am so weary of it all!"

Yes, we are weary, too, of Dr. Fu Manchu and all his brethren. Their ingenious tortures and tastefully furnished opium parlours have become familiar to yawning-point.

Perhaps it is only a personal prejudice, but I dislike the un-

convincing sight of Western people made up as Orientals. However good the acting and production, I cannot sit happily through pictures like "The Honourable Mr. Wong" and "Son of the Dragon," watching such essential "Oriental" ladies as Loretta Young and Helen Haas with their faces distorted to resemble almond-eyed beauties of the East. The spectacle of nice, business-like Lewis Stone as all Oriental is altogether too much for my gravity.

DAINGEROUS MISREPRESENTATIONS.

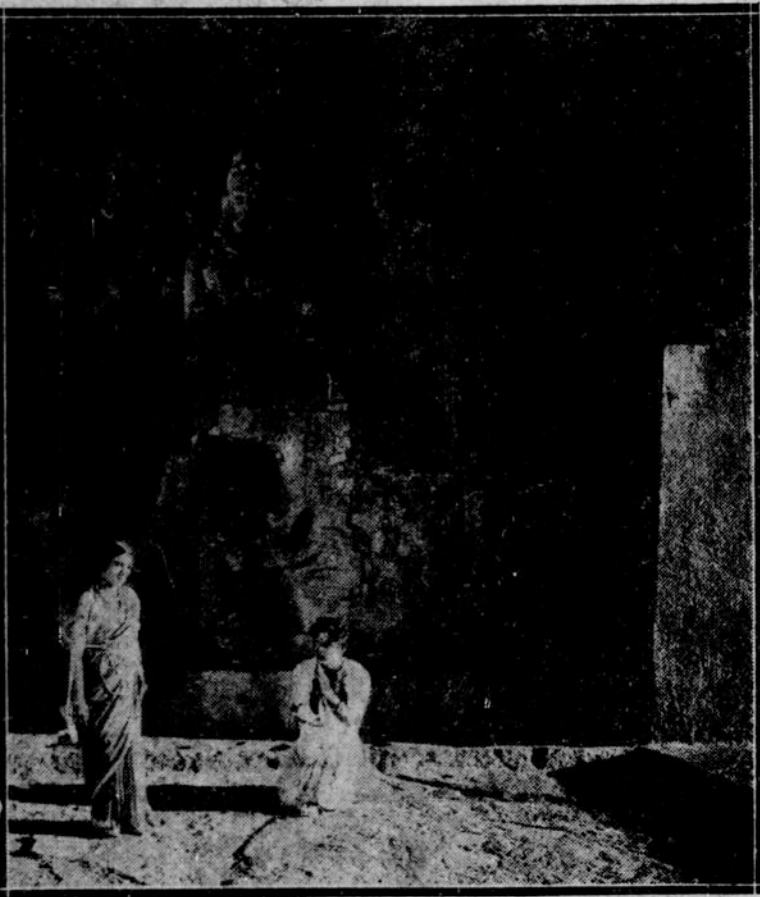
Seriously, though, these misrepresentations of other nations are more dangerous than they appear superficially. They create false opinions in ignorant filmgoers and breed bad feeling in the people so unfairly and ridiculously caricatured.

Ruritania, too. Haven't we seen enough of it, as commonly treated on the screen?

Lubitsch started the convention, and very entertaining it was in his hands. The vast palaces, the cohorts of immobile flunkies, the Greek chorus of dowagers; he treated them with a light witty touch that enchanted the earlier Chevalier pictures. But his imitators have overdone things. Their satire is laid on with such a lavish, clumsy trowel.

If anyone shows me again that shot of a message being transported to the Queenheroine or King-hero by way of a dozen different menials from lackey to gentleman-in-waiting, I shall leave the theatre in screaming hysterics.

All communications meant for publication on this page must reach the Editor before Friday noon.
All photographs meant for publication on this page must reach the Editor before Wednesday noon.
Unauthorised communications or photographs will not be accepted.



A shot from "Mahana nda" now shown at the Imperial Cinema



ELIZABETH ALLAN, LEWIS STONE and BENITA HUME in "LOOKING FORWARD" now shown at 'the Regal'

On The Screen

COLLEGE HUMOR At Pathe

"College Humor" Paramount's Musical Comedy Hit of the Year with a big cast including Bing Crosby and a bevy of beautiful girls at Pathe to-day.

An impressive and versatile all star cast is featured in "College Humor." Paramount's boisterous musical story of college as it ought to be is being shown at Pathe to-day.

Bing Crosby, Richard Arlen, Mary Carlisle, Jack Oakie, George Burns and Gracie Allen, Lona Andre, and Mary Kornman, who between them represent stage, screen, and radio, play the leading roles in the picture. The Ox-Road Co-eds, a comely chorus of beautiful girls prance in and out of the action.

"College Humor" is a movie musical comedy in the new style. Its fast story, crackling dialogue and entrancing music represent the Paramount studio's determination to have it stand as the season's smash musical hit.

"Learn to Croon," "Moonstruck," "Playball," and "The Old Ox Road" are the film's four outstanding song hits. Being Crosby who plays the role of a young instructor, sings them with the assistance of other members of the cast.

'GENERAL JOHN REGAN' Irish Story At Roxy

"General John Regan" is an adaptation of George A. Birmingham's Irish story of a village which erected a statue to a famous soldier-son who actually only existed in the fertile imagination of a practical-joking American tourist.

Henry Edwards plays "the light-hearted Dr. O'Grady," who take up the American's joke and persuades the whole village of Ballymoy that it gave birth to a General who liberated Bolivia. O'Grady is the type of Irishman who is never at a loss in any circumstances and who regards truth telling as an expedient to be resorted to only in crisis.

Christie White who in private life is Mrs. Edwards—makes a welcome reappearance on the screen in the romantic role opposite her husband. In silent days the Edwards-White partnership was the most famous in British films, but they have not appeared as a "team" since the earliest days of talkies.

A number of Irish players, associated with the Abbey Theatre, Dublin, play supporting roles in delightful fashion. W. G. Fay is Gooligher, the wary argumentative newspaper proprietor; this is the role which Mr. Fay played when "General John Regan" was first produced on stage twenty years ago.

David Horne is admirable as a retired English army officer, bluff, suspicious and pugnacious; and Ben Welden scores a big success as the American who first suggests that Ballymoy should honour its "local boy made good."

The sly humour and delightful unsophistication of "General John Regan" will appeal to everybody, and the beautiful photography of natural settings is a complete answer to those who bemoan that not enough films are made out of doors.

College Life: The Game Of Bridge: A Family Tragedy: Old World Atmosphere: Riotous Farce

"CHARLIE CHAN'S GREATEST CASE" At The Carlton

"Charlie Chan's Greatest Case" the new Fox Film depicting the most recent adventures of that bland Chinese detective from Hawaii, opens to-day at the Carlton Theatre.

This latest story from the vigorous pen of Earl Derr Biggers takes Charlie Chan over the most difficult trail of crime and clues it has ever been his experience to tread. Stopped at every point by closed mouths and fearful associations, Chan falls back on his mellow philosophy to the solution of a crime that has the police backed against a wall. In his suave kindly manner Chan proves himself more than ever to be a man of iron-will and biting intellect. The leading feminine role is in the hands of Heather Angel, beautiful new-comer to the American screen and she is said to acquit herself with the sureness of a veteran. American audiences achieved their first glimpse of this new star in "Pilgrimage," but her role in "Charlie Chan's Greatest Case" is reported as giving her her largest opportunity to date. The supporting cast headed by Roger Imhoff and John Warburton, is the most notable ever assembled for a Charlie Chan film. It has Walter Byron, Ivan Simpson, Virginia Cherrill, Francis Ford, Robert Warwick, Frank McGlynn, Clara Blandick and Cornelius Keefe. The direction is by Hamilton MacFadden who will be remembered as the director of the highly successful "Charlie Chan's Chance" and "The Black Orchid." Lester Cole and Marlon Orth adapted the Earl Derr Biggers' story for the screen.

ERNEST HEMINGWAY'S NOVEL Hays And Cooper At Palace

Helen Hayes and Gary Cooper are starred in "A Farewell to Arms," screen edition of the novel by Ernest Hemingway. Adolphe Menjou heads the supporting cast. Frank Borzage directed the production.

The film which follows the Hemingway novel closely, is the story of the love-affair between an American, a lieutenant in the Italian ambulance corps, during the war, and an English nurse.

Under the pressure that the war has built up around them, the two build up a love that sweeps all else aside. Their affair flourishes when Cooper is wounded and sent back to a hospital in which Miss Hayes is a nurse. Later, after he is sent back to the front lines, she flees to Switzerland to await the birth of their child.

Menjou, Cooper's war brother, jealous of the woman, who has made his friend a quiet, sober person in contrast to the roistering, drinking, woman-chasing companion he once was, refuses to pass the letters she has written when he acts as censor. Cooper, ignorant of the fact, and the more important one, that she is to bear a child, finally deserts and flees to her.

"SWEEPINGS" Barrymore Film At The Capitol

"Sweepings" which opens at the Capitol to-day is a real human drama possessing an educational and instructive entertainment value which will be relished by the entire family. The cast is headed by Lionel Barrymore, who really is at his best and gives a very pretentious performance which stands out vividly throughout the whole picture.

It tells the story of Daniel Pardway, (Lionel Barrymore) who arriving in Chicago immediately after the fire, starts a little retail business that after years develops into the city's greatest mercantile establishment. Assisted by Ullman, (Gregory Ratoff) who applies his business principles to Pardway's flamboyant optimism, it is early hinted that Pardway is building everything for his children.

Following the death of Abigail (Ninetta Sunderland) after four children are born, the establishment waxes prosperous, endures depressions and grows in prestige. But the family in whom Pardway placed so much hope, goes haywire. The eldest son, Gene (William Gargan) falls for the giggle water and the glided women. Phoebe (Gloria Stuart) marries, divorces and marries again, to a no-account money-hunting foreign prince. Thane (Hunt Dinehart) would rather be a window trimmer than a general manager. Freddie (Eric Linden) after seducing one of the pretty girl clerks, tells his father he wants to be a tramp and becomes a very successful one.

Only Ullman clings to the old ideals. When he approaches Pardway for a share in the institution that he actually has created, he is rebuffed, but he takes advantage of the whimsies of the children and buys the stock which their father has given them when they need dough.

The finale shows the entire family rounded up and Pardway berating the whole lot of them for the way in which they have let him down. As the old man apparently is about to die, only Freddie is beside him, and as the pair gaze out across the modern Chicago skyline and see the gigantic illuminated "Bazaar" sign, he vows he will try to carry on.

"Sweepings" is a picture which will be enjoyed by everyone and it is true to lives story of family life, undermined by prosperity as a refreshing change from the usual run of sex pictures.

An additional attraction is a special film made by Ely Culbertson the world's greatest authority on "Bridge" who explains with illustrations the playing of contract Bridge.

SURYA KUMARI 2ND WEEK At Krishna Cinema

Shree Vishnu Cinetone's Classical Hindi Talkie is having crowded houses, at Krishna Cinema, since 30th December. The press had anticipated its success. It expressed its opinion about the high quality and standard of this picture.

The management of Krishna Cinema have been compelled to extend the picture for another week.

(SEE NEXT PAGE)



"College Humor" with Bing Crosby, Richard Arlen, Mary Carlisle now shown at the Pathe

THE CINEMA WORLD

PRISON LIFE IN PICTURES—BRONTE'S "JANE EYRE"—CHILD PLAYERS—JOAN OF ARC—REVIVAL OF FILM CLASSICS—FRENCH FILM SHOWS EVERYONE MAD

No British film had ever shown more than the outside of a prison until the Rev. Martin Pinker, who is the secretary of the local Prisoners' Aid Society, got permission from the Home Office to take interior views of Strangeways and Wakefield for his propagandist picture "I Was in Prison," which was shown for the first time at the Paramount Theatre this morning. The story of the film, which is acted by amateurs, was based on an actual case in the society's records. It deals with the case of a respected cashier who steals from his employers and is sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment. He is taken first to Strangeways, and then, as a special case, to Wakefield, where he works in the foundry, at the looms, and on the farm. Through the agency of the Prisoners' Aid Society he is able on release to go back to his firm.

The photography of the film is clear and straightforward, the acting simple and, in the case of the central figure, affecting, while the propaganda is never allowed to upset the balance of the story. The glimpses of prison life, which are authentic, would be sufficient to recommend the film, for they convey faithfully the reformative trend of modern prison administration, but it has additional value as an example of the kindly interest taken in prisoners by the society and of their persistent efforts to re-establish criminals as respectable members of society.—"Manchester Guardian"

Mr. M. Hatfield, of 42 Windermere Avenue, Brondesbury, N. W. 6, the organiser of the new British Haute-garde Film Society, tells me that the society's programmes of revivals of film classics is proving a success.

The society puts on two evening shows at the Forum Cinema, Villiers Street, Strand, each Sunday and so far it has maintained a high standard of programmes. Recently it presented Ben Natt, a striking Swedish talkie and a new film by the Hungarian director M'holy Nagy. The first "house" is at six and second at 8.30. Tickets can be bought at the doors in the usual way.

The film society movement is growing. Mr. R. H. Muxlow writes to tell me of the activities of the Croydon Film Society, which at the Davis Cinema, Croy-

don, revived "The Road to Life". The secretary is Mr. G. R. Bailey, 51 High Street, Croydon.

Scenarists of the Radio studio have been instructed to write a film story about Joan of Arc for Katherine Hepburn.

British film producers are pressing, through the Federation of British Industries, for the removal of the restrictions which at present make it illegal to portray children under fourteen in British films.

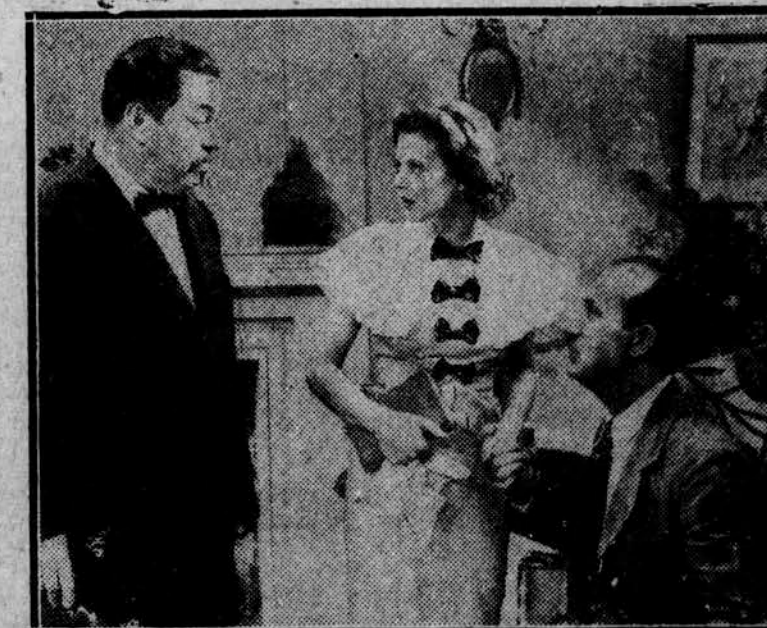
A talkie version of Charlotte Bronte's novel, "Jane Eyre," is to be made by an independent Hollywood producer.

A French burlesque and portions of an Italian picture on a theme by Pirandello were the main attractions at the Film Society to-day. "L'Affare est dans le Sac" is a gay film in which eccentricity is burlesqued only by being given full play. Serious dramas have been made out of plots less intrinsically comic than this story of a millionaire who insists that the suitor of his daughter must be able to rouse him from his perpetual boredom. The young man whom his daughter favours falls in this task, but a mad hatter comes to his aid. They are to kidnap the millionaire's son, whom the suitor will then rescue, and thus, it is hoped, win the gratitude of the father. By mistake the father himself is kidnapped. It also turns out that he is amused by this adventure, so amused, indeed, that he refuses to be rescued. He serves in the hatter's shop, where the stock is composed of hats stolen from customers, and only under the influence of chloroform can he be got back to his house. Here he gives his blessing on the marriage, making the single condition that the hatter's assistant shall serve him as jester.

The film is directed with inconsistent, sly humour, and it abounds in crazy characterisation. If it fails to reach a climax, and so seems overlong, that is because it has nothing but craziness. Rene Clair is content to have only one imbecile in his pictures, and the action threads round that one in "L'Affare est dans le Sac" no one is sane, and so their antics at times cancel out.—"Manchester Guardian"



LESLIE HENSON in a scene from "The Girl from MAXIMS" shown at the Wellington



A scene from "Charlie Chan's Greatest Case" shown at Carlton.

TRADE & FINANCE

MONEY MARKET A SHADE EASIER

Treasury Bills Amounts Reduced To Rs. 2 Crores

BUOYANT TONE IN SHARES WITH RISING PRICES

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

Bombay, Jan. 5.
(From Our Special Correspondent)

MONEY.
Money was a shade easier with the turn of the year and call funds were available at about 3 per cent. Treasury bill maturities during the week amounted 140.75 lakhs, while renewals were Rs. 295.75 lakhs inclusive of Rs. 45.75 lakhs of intermediates. Government have reduced the amount of tenders for treasury bills from Rs. 25 crores to Rs. 2 crores from next week and have discontinued the sale of intermediates. This is probably due to the fact that next week's sale of treasuries will mature about the middle of April, while maturities during January are relatively light. Another reason for the reduced borrowing is probably the fact that Government revenues will be coming in between middle of January and end of March. The latest statement of the Imperial Bank shows an increase of Rs. 58.49 lakhs in the trade demand. Government have borrowed from the Bank Rs. 11 crores for ways and means. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One to three months 22 per cent, and six months 23 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK.
The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as on December 29 1933 shows a decline of Rs. 193.61 lakhs in the cash balance of the Bank now standing at Rs. 18,62,24,000 as compared with Rs. 20.95 crores this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 22.50, a decrease of 2.56 per cent. under last year. Loans, Cash credits and inland bills discounted have all increased by Rs. 43.72 lakhs. Rs. 38.16 lakhs and by Rs. 23.74 lakhs respectively. Government deposits show a small increase of Rs. 16.84 lakhs to Rs. 7.08 crores and other deposits by Rs. 56.43 lakhs to Rs. 73.82 crores. The bank rate continues unchanged at 3½ per cent.

GILT-EDGED MARKET.
Gilt-edged securities were firm and the volume of business put through was fairly large. 3½ per cent. Paper advanced from Rs. 82-2 to Rs. 83-3 but closed at Rs. 83-3. This was due to a substantial rise in the price of India sterling stocks in London and covering by bear operators in the local market. Investment demand continued in almost all other scrips, 3½ per cent. 1947-50 loan improved from Rs. 94-6 to Rs. 95-4 per cent. 1960-70 loan gained about 8 annas to Rs. 98-15 1943 loan steady to Rs. 100-13 and 1934-37 loan is quoted at Rs. 100-3. 4½ per cent. loan due 1955-60 improved from Rs. 103-2 to Rs. 105-5 and 1934 bonds to Rs. 101-2. 5 per cent. Loan due 1939-44 rose from Rs. 104-15 to Rs. 105-4. 1940/43 loan to Rs. 105-7 and 1935 to Rs. 103-12. 5 per cent. 1945/55 loan advanced from Rs. 113-6 to Rs. 113-14. 5½ per cent. Loan due 1938/40 was placed at Rs. 107-2. 6½ per cent. Bombay Dev. Loan kept steady at Rs. 106-1 and 6½ per cent. Treasury Bonds at Rs. 105/10.

U. S. CONGRESS.
The speech of President Roosevelt, at the opening of the seventy-sixth session of the Congress at Washington infused an enthusiasm either in the State or abroad. In our markets also both commodities and financial the speech produced little effect.

EXCHANGE.
In the sterling exchange market the quotation for ready T. T. was unchanged at 1s. 6 3/4 for sellers with no buyers under 1s. 6 5/4 and the undertone of the market continued firm throughout the week. This was due to demand for money, fresh business in connection with the export of gold and improved showing of merchandise export bills. At the last tender for one million sterling, Government allotted 56 per cent. to tenderers and this further strengthened the market. The following are the forward quotations:—February 1/6 1/32; March 1/6 1/32; A/M 1/5 31-32 and June 1/5 15/16. The dollar sterling quote improved from 50/3 3/8 to 51/8. 51/8. but closed at 51 15/16. The London-Paris cross rate fluctuated between 83.53 and 82.71, but closed at 82.84. The Belga and the Italian lira in London finished at 23.39 and 61.81 respectively.

GOLD.
The trend of prices in the gold market was higher following weak news in the London-Paris cross rate. Ready after opening at Rs. 31-4 improved to as high as Rs. 31-9/6 but eased off towards the close to Rs. 31-7/9 per tola. A fair amount of gold was bought by banks both for near and forward deliveries. A large quantity

estimated at about 3 lakhs tolas was minted on the opening of the Mint after the holidays and stocks on hand are estimated at about 11 lakhs tolas, while the daily offtake was small at about 3,000 tolas. The price of sovereigns improved in sympathy with gold to Rs. 20-6-6 for ready and Rs. 20-1-0 for forward and a fair amount of business was placed. The quotation in London advanced from 126s. 2d to 137s. 6d and closed at last week's shipment of gold amounted to Rs. 61.61 lacs per s. s. "Ranchi". The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 31-9-6 and Rs. 31-3/9 for ready, Rs. 31-9/6 and Rs. 31-4/9 for January 2 settlement and Rs. 31-10/9 and Rs. 31-5/9 for January 31 (February) settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 295,812 in bar and coin.

SILVER.
Silver was steady and ready rose from Rs. 53/14 to Rs. 54/11 but eased off towards the end to Rs. 54/6. This was due largely to advances from New York and London rather than any improvement in the local offtake. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 9,000 bars and the daily offtake is almost unchanged at about 25 bars. In London the highest and lowest rates were 19-5/16d and 19-1/16d for ready and 19-3/8d and 19-3/16d for forward. In Shanghai the dollar was steady at 4s. 4d. In the local market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 54/11 and Rs. 53/14 for ready, Rs. 54/11 and Rs. 53/15 for January 5 settlement and Rs. 55/0 and Rs. 54/4 for February 3 settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 85,502 in coin.

SHARES.
On the opening after the holidays a buoyant tone prevailed in the Stock exchange with a rise in almost all shares and in particular, the miscellaneous group. Cotton mill shares were steadier due to firmness in the price of raw cotton, which in turn was due to the imminence of the Indo-Japanese agreement being signed. The following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 760-10/14; Century Rs. 196-4-18; 12-193/2; Central India Rs. 234-6xd-230-10xd-236-14xd; Kohinoor Rs. 122-8-121-4-124-6; New Great Rs. 114-5-111-4-112-8 and Swadeshi Rs. 161-14-156-4-159-6.

In the miscellaneous section Tata Steels were firm during the week. Tata Iron and Steel Ordys improved at the opening from Rs. 50-8 to Rs. 52-6 but reacting to Rs. 51-4 closed at Rs. 52-4. And Def. shares improved from Rs. 193-13 to Rs. 205-10. Tata Iron 2nd Pref. shares advanced from Rs. 111-3 to Rs. 114 but closed at Rs. 113-4. And Ta Hydros from Rs. 140 to Rs. 142-3. Tata Power Ordys rose from Rs. 891-4 to Rs. 935 and Andhra Valley from Rs. 1315 to Rs. 1337-3. Alcock shares gained about Rs. 12 to Rs. 172-8 and Bombay Bursas to Rs. 361-4. Bombay Trams remained almost unchanged at Rs. 134-11. Bombay Steam closed at Rs. 250-10. Bundel Cement shares were quoted at Rs. 25-4. Indian Cements at Rs. 283-12. Katni Ordys at Rs. 276-4 and Shahabad Cements at Rs. 272-8. Scindia steam shares improved to Rs. 9/5. Among railways shares Ahmed Prant declined from Rs. 795 to Rs. 787-8 and Tapti Valleys to Rs. 717-8. Bank shares were steady. Imperial Bank (fully paid) closing at Rs. 1242-8, and Contributors at Rs. 309-6. Bank of India shares improved to Rs. 103-4 and those of the Central Bank to Rs. 23-12.

"BUY ALL POSSIBLE FROM INDIA"

Sir W. Clare-Lees' Exhortation To Britons

LONDON, Jan. 4.
"It must be the conscious and deliberate policy of everybody to buy all possible from India" declared Sir William Clare-Lees, interviewed by Reuters on the Indo-Japanese agreement. He stated British purchases of Indian cotton are already well in excess of the last season. "We must not stop at cotton, but steadily increase the use of all commodities likely to give lasting benefit to Indian agriculturists"—Reuters Special.

"LOOKING FORWARD"

At The Regal

The invigorating acting of Lionel Barrymore, the discerning direction of Clarence Brown, and a film story which touches the hearts of the millions who have found their lives altered as a result of the worldwide depression, makes "Looking Forward," which opens to-night at the Regal Theatre, one of the most profoundly stirring photoplays to reach the screen in some time. It is reported that this picture, before being released to the general public was unveiled at the White House before President Franklin D. Roosevelt who was so impressed by its inspiring story of hope and courage, that he permitted its producers, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer-Cosmopolitan, to use the title of his recently acclaimed book, "Looking Forward" for the picture. This gesture will be easily understood by those who view the new film drama and are moved by its tremendously human theme.

SIMPLE AND DIRECT.
Simple, direct, it tells its story in terms that everyone can understand. The background is a great London department store. Lawrie Stone is the millionaire who owns the store; Barrymore is the old, faithful book-keeper who has devoted almost a lifetime to his humble work. The woman in the life of each man affects that man's destiny. Stone's wife deceives him and tears down the structure of his faith. Barrymore's wife, on the other hand, regenerates him when his world crashes about his head.

Interwoven is a romance between Elizabeth Allan and Colin Clive as well as the story of Stone's son, played by Phillips Holmes, who stands by when, in the poignant dramatic climax, the old book-keeper proves the key that saves the great business house from tottering on the brink of financial wreckage.

Much of the effectiveness of this unusually fine talkie drama is due to the forceful direction of Clarence Brown who has permeated this story with the same distinctive touches that marked his work on such memorable photoplays as "Flesh and the Devil," "Anna Christie" and "A Free Soul." Barrymore, in the starring role, is, as usual, touching and dramatically powerful, and another flawless performance is contributed by Stone as the aristocratic store owner. In fact, the entire supporting cast, including Benita Hume, Elizabeth Allan, Phillips Holmes, Colin Clive, Alec B. Francis, Doris Lloyd, Halliwell Hobbes, Douglas Walton, Giva Tattersall, Lawrence Grant, George K. Arthur, Charles Irwin and Billy Bewan, are deserving of the highest praise.

"THE GIRL FROM MAXIM'S"

At The Wellington

A delightful musical comedy reproducing the gaiety and atmosphere of the nineties with all their charm and vivacity will be this week's attraction at the Wellington Talkies, Dhobi Talao. It will be released by United Artists under the title of "The Girl from Maxim's." The principal highlight of the film is the appearance, after a long interval of Leslie Henson, the actor whose comic gifts have earned him the enviable position as a "rubber-faced comedian." He receives splendid support from Frances Day, a lively and bewitching Continental star who has a fine speaking and singing voice, Stanley Holloway who will be remembered for his delightful work in "Co-Optimists," George Grossmith, another well-known comedian, and Lady Tree, Director Alexander Korda who gave us "Private Life of Henry VIII" has been successful in building up the atmospheric settings, with the characteristic songs and dances of the period in which a full charms of beauty is enlivened with witty dialogue sparkling with flashes of brilliant dancers take part. The story is enlivened with dialogue sparkling with flashes of brilliant humour and satire. Indeed, the dances and music form a very attractive background for the development of the plot which revolves round "Shrimp," a nickname given to one of the most vivacious and charming of the girls from Maxim's, the famous Paris rendezvous. She meets Polyp (played by Leslie Henson) while he is on a visit to Paris and seriously upsets his life through a series of hilarious complications. Frances Day who appears in the role of "Shrimp" sings one of the most delightful song-numbers. The picture goes with a swing from start to finish.

A cable received by the Director of Agriculture, the Punjab, from the General Secretary, International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, Italy, places the estimate of the yield of wheat and maize in the United States of America during the current season at 14,353 and 59,189,000

"CAPTURED"

At The Excelsior Theatre

"Captured" showing at the Excelsior Theatre from today is a big picture in every sense of the word—big from view point of being entirely different from anything you have seen—big because of its superb cast of three great male stars and one of the most talented and beautiful newcomers on the screen.

It is indeed absorbing entertainment—screen fare that will linger with you for a long long time—a picture you will live over and over again in your mind. When you start fanning about great screen stars, we know you are going to include the performance of Leslie Howard, who with Douglas Fairbanks Jr., Paul Lukas and Margaret Lindsay share the leading roles, in "Captured." Howard is indeed a master of his craft, who surpasses everything he has done before with his characterization of the Victoria Cross officer, madly in love with his unfaithful wife.

Douglas Fairbanks Jr. makes the most of his sympathetic role as the soldier who stole the love of his best friend's wife. He is thoroughly believable and gives a grand performance, while Paul Lukas, is going to add thousands of admirers to his already large following by his keen, sympathetic work as the kindly but efficient Commandant of the German Prison Camp.

Margaret Lindsay, looking prettier than ever, carries off her role with charm and assurance. When you go to see "Captured" you may go expecting to see the unusual. It is an adaptation from the story "Fellow Prisoners" by Sir Philip Gibbs, Britain's great war correspondent and author.

The main drama of "Captured" concerns the love and lives of three people, Captain Allison—played by Leslie Howard at his best; Douglas Fairbanks Jr., as Lieutenant Digby, a life long friend of Captain Allison and secretly in love with Allison's wife played by the charming Margaret Lindsay.

"Captured" does not alone hold you with its love plot. There are the awe-inspiring spectacles which hold you spell-bound through the scenes in which thousands of officers and men of the allied armies are held as prisoners of war in a German Prison Camp behind the Hindenburg Line. These scenes have been created with vivid, yet artistic realism, but only serve as a back-ground for the love-plot. It is in this part that Paul Lukas as Commander Erlich does his best work yet seen on the screen. The thrilling climax to the picture, should not be overlooked. Here is a fine example of expert direction; however, lest we spoil your enjoyment, we will refrain from describing the action. Roy Del Ruth, the director has indeed excelled himself in the masterly handling of the big scenes as well as the numerous other intricate parts of "Captured."

CUCKOO IN THE NEST

At The Empire Theatre

Tom Walls and Ralph Lynn join forces again in the Gaumont-British picture "A Cuckoo in the Nest," a film version of one of the most popular stage plays.

This is Mr. Walls' second production for the Shepherd's Bush organisation but it is the first time Mr. Lynn has played for this important British production unit. "A Cuckoo in the Nest" is a riotous farce, with a story centred round the happenings when a young husband just off on a railway journey with his wife, goes to the cuckoo's nest to buy some "flame" of his. As a consequence he misses the train. His fair partner in this mishap is going to join the same country house party, so they go down by road. The car breaks down at a little country village and the pair to obtain shelter for the night, register as husband and wife at the local inn.

Out of this situation arises a succession of humorous complications, which bring in the young husband's father and mother-in-law; a puritanical landlady; a prim and proper vicar, and many other diverting characters. Slickly directed by Tom Walls, the picture presents a succession of ludicrous incidents that will test the risible powers of everybody.

EMPLOYERS' DELEGATE TO GENEVA

Federation Suggests Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai

BOMBAY, Friday.
The Employers' Federation of India through its President, Mr. H. P. Mody has recommended the appointment of Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai as the Employers' delegate to the next International Labour Conference at Geneva in May next.—A. P.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Jan. 5.
Ahmed, Dyke, Tuticorin.
Skuld, Gabrielson, Bangkok.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Jan. 5.
Co Florence, Bulckley, Calcutta.
Thalatta, Voth, Calcutta.
Theofan, Perivolaris, Port Said (for order).
Wartenfels, Kohlar, Marmagao.
Jalaputra, William, Bassein.
Bombay, Jan. 6.
Narkunda, Sudell, London.
Clan Macvicar, Jones, Hamburg.

LOADING.

Bombay, Jan. 5.
Steamer Himalaya for Java.
Victoria for Genoa.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S S Narkunda:—The P & O S N Coy's English mail steamer Narkunda will sail to-day at 1 p.m. from Ballard Pier Station for London with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.
S S Ahmed:—The Eastern S N Coy's steamer Ahmed arrived in harbour on Friday from Tuticorin with a general cargo.

S S Skuld:—The P F Campbell Coy's steamer Skuld arrived in harbour on Friday from Bangkok with a cargo of timber.

S S Co Florence:—The P F Campbell Coy's steamer City of Florence sailed yesterday for Calcutta with a general and same bottom cargo.

S S Thalatta:—The L. Edwards, Ltd. steamer Thalatta sailed yesterday for Calcutta with a general and same bottom cargo.

S S Theofan:—The Messrs. Strauss Coy's steamer Theofan sailed yesterday for Port Said (for order) with a general cargo.

S S Wartenfels:—The L. Edwards, Ltd. steamer Wartenfels sailed yesterday for Marmagao with same bottom cargo.

S S Jalaputra:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jalaputra sailed yesterday for Bassein with ballast.

S S Clan Macvicar:—The J F Coy's steamer Clan Macvicar will sail to-day for Hamburg with a general cargo.

COTTON SITUATION

Confidence Returning

Messrs. P. Chrysal and Co., have issued the following weekly cotton market report:—

In the cotton market the New Year has opened with its usual feeling of optimism. Most people are wondering if this is justified. We are of opinion it is. There are many signs that the world has seen the worst of the trade depression. In those countries where actual figures of persons in employment are available these show a very great improvement since a year ago. What impresses us most is the gradual steady improvement which has taken place. More employment means more consumers and this is being reflected in the standards which is being displayed in most raw commodity markets.

In spite of the large supply, cotton is showing a slight improvement. This is not surprising when it is remembered for how many purposes raw cotton can be used. No one can suggest that the world is yet out of its many difficulties but it would appear as if the vicious circle into which it got about four years ago is now slowly but steadily being unwound. Confidence is returning and the statistical position of raw cotton is improving. We believe the world is moving into better times.

Messrs. THE DUNLOP RUBBER Co., (India)

LTD. have pleasure in announcing that their Service Station has been MOVED to more spacious premises in Dadajee Dhakjee's New Building on Sandhurst Bridge. The increased size of this new service station allows for even more and better service facilities than previously.

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HARD COURT TENNIS AMATEUR OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP

OF

THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA

The Tournament commences on SATURDAY, the 20th January, 1934. Entries close on 17th January 1934. 6-30 p.m. Draw will take place on 18th January, 1934.

For details, apply HONORARY TENNIS SECRETARY, P. J. Hindu Gymkhana, Kennedy Sqn. Face, Bombay 2.

and these should be reflected in cotton values, which we are of opinion will continue to improve.

LOCAL SITUATION

Since we last wrote we have had a much improved market in Bombay. There have been several contributing factors. We appear to be on the eve of a settlement over the difficult Japanese problem, which should mean an increasing offtake of that portion of our crop which has been pressing on the market. As a result of the Japanese boycott Indian cotton has been available at a very favourable parity as compared with other growths, a parity which under normal conditions would have not been justified looking to the relative supply. This year of Indian cotton as compared with other growths. During the past week considerable purchases have been made by exporters with Japanese connections. In spite of the holiday season there has been a larger demand from Europe. Indian Mills continue to complain of poor demand for their production, but with the reduced production of the Bombay Mills for the last few months, the stock position is now much healthier. Recently the demand has been improving and we think will continue to do so, especially since the better tone has developed in the raw cotton market, which should give cloth and yarn dealers more confidence.

CURRENCY DEPARTMENT ACCOUNTS

An abstract of the accounts of the Currency Department, as on the 31st December 1933 is given below:—

(In thousands of rupees)	
Notes in circulation	1,78,10.74
Reserve	
Coin and bullion	
In India.	
Silver coin	90,73.99
Gold bullion	30,50.55
Silver bullion	10,49.00
In India.	
Securities (purchase prices)	46,37.20

CURRENCY STATEMENT.

Bombay, Jan. 5.
The Dy. Controller of the Currency, Bombay, has issued the following abstract of the accounts of the Currency Department on the 31st December 1933

(In thousands of rupees)	
Notes in circulation	1,78,10.74
Reserve Coin and bullion:	
Silver coin in India	90,73.99
Gold bullion in India	30,50.55
Silver bullion in India	10,49.00
Securities (purchase price) in India	46,37.20

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THE public service extending over many years rendered by 'ASPRO' has proved beyond a shadow of doubt that 'ASPRO' is the greatest, quickest acting, safest medicine that science has given to the world for soothing away aches and pains. Not one, but thousands of tests by Doctors, Nurses and Experts have proved the efficacy of

ASPRO

Again the mass testimony of the great buying public, measured by hundreds of thousands throughout the World, has proved that 'ASPRO' is the medicine that serves all and does not fail.

Professional Testimony

NURSE "NEVER WITHOUT ASPRO"

Dear Sir,
I feel that I must write and tell you what a loss 'ASPRO' has been to myself and my patients. I am a trained nurse doing private work and am never without 'ASPRO' when I go to my cases. They are indeed wonderful and I cannot speak too highly of them.
Yours faithfully,
(Nurse) E. H.

SATISFIED 'ASPRO' DOES NOT HARM THE HEART

1209 Prospect Street, Hatfield, Arizona.
Dear Sir,
I feel in duty bound to let you know how excellent 'ASPRO' tablets are—I did not want to use them for fear of harming my heart but having been prevailed upon by friends who have tried the tablets without injury I want for 'ASPRO' and now I am completely satisfied that I need write you.
Yours faithfully,
(Signed) J. KANNEYER.

Dear Sir,
I have found a blessing in your 'ASPRO' tablets. I have suffered with headaches and neuralgia since a girl of 16 and am now 21. It is the first thing which has ever given me immediate help and without affecting my heart, which Aspirin has always done.
I have passed some on to different friends, but when 'ASPRO' is about I am somewhat selfish.
Yours very truly,
(Signed) Mrs. SLUTZKY.

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BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY
& at Calcutta, Madras, Bangalore, Rangoon
Made by ASPRO LTD., SLOUGH, ENGLAND

PROOF FROM POONA

P. V. Mission, Narayana, Poona District, India.
Dear Sir,
Many thanks for the 'ASPRO' tablets you forwarded to me. They are a great help to me in my medical work and on my compound.
I have found them very good in Malaria, Influenza, Rheumatism, and as a soothing medicine they have been and are a great boon to me.
I have had a very bad burst case (about third of his body is burnt). The doctor told me not to give him Aspirin, but I gave him 'ASPRO' and it gave the little sufferer much relief. I have found it very good myself. When I have particular mental work to do and am feeling 'handy' I take an 'ASPRO' and then am fit to carry on.
I have not come across 'ASPRO' here in India. I am sure that if it were known there, ought to be a large demand, for it is so good in Malaria, etc. I have passed some on to different friends, but when 'ASPRO' is about I am somewhat selfish.
(Signed) GEO. LITBOTT.

'ASPRO' A BLESSING FOR HEADACHES & NEURALGIA

50A Bak Street, Dornrosten, Johannesburg.
Dear Sir,
I have found a blessing in your 'ASPRO' tablets. I have suffered with headaches and neuralgia since a girl of 16 and am now 21. It is the first thing which has ever given me immediate help and without affecting my heart, which Aspirin has always done.
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PROTEST AGAINST TOBACCO ACT

Merchants' Plea For Amendment

KARACHI, Jan. 3.
The Kalkidina Hall, was packed to its utmost capacity with tobacco merchants coming from all over Sind to raise one unanimous voice against the Bombay Tobacco Act, which is to be applied to them.

Mr. A. J. Irvine, of the Imperial Tobacco Co., and chairman of the Reception Committee, in his brief address pointed out the defects of the Act, condemning it for the clause which necessitates the maintenance of account books, when many illiterate people were in the profession.

Rao Bahadur Shivratna Mohatta, President, then read his address in which he characterised the Act as a product of hasty pre-conceived notions hurriedly drafted and more hurriedly got through. He agreed with Mr. Irvine in its immediate repeal. In the end it was decided to send Mr. K. H. Nagrani, their legal adviser, to Bombay to carry on propaganda for the amendment of the Act. (United Press).

WOMAN DOCTOR'S MUNIFICENCE

Gift Of Two Lakhs To Chittaranjan Hospital

CALCUTTA, Jan. 4.
After denying herself every pleasure and scrimping and saving throughout her life a woman doctor gathered two lakhs of rupees which she donated to the Chittaranjan hospital.

The property yields an average monthly income of Rs. 1,200. This story of a lifetime devoted to the mitigation of the suffering for the sick was told yesterday by Raja Sir Manmathanath Roy Chaudhuri of Santosh, President of the Bengal Council, in opening the New Sarojini Dutt Surgical Ward named after the donor. She is reported to have lived the life of an ascetic from her student days in order to save money for the purpose she had in view. Another donation of Rs. 30,000 was also announced by Raja Sir Manmathanath Roy Chaudhuri in the course of his speech. —A. P.

BROADCASTING IN RURAL INDIA

Col. Hardinge Visualises Bright Future

LUCKNOW, Jan. 4.
A bright future for broadcasting in rural India, was visualised by Colonel Hardinge in an interview to the Associated Press. Col. Hardinge, is the author of the scheme for broadcasting in rural India which is sponsored by the Indian Village Welfare Association.

"I had a long interview with H. E. Sir Malcolm Hailey to-day and His Excellency told me that he was keenly interested in a scheme of rural broadcasting and watched with interest the results of the experiment in the Punjab," said Col. Hardinge. Continuing, Col. Hardinge said that the supreme need for the moment politically, socially and economically in India, was education in the broader sense of the word and this need could only be supplied through broadcasting.

He did not favour a few big transmitting stations which he regarded were sound from a financial point of view, but a number of small transmitting stations in districts covering an area of probably 2,000 square miles each. Within that area the people should be spoken to in their own dialect and the station could further cater to the special needs of the district. He also visualised a gradual rise in the standard of living in the rural areas and a greater demand for commodities resulting in more employment of Indians both in trade and industry. Col. Hardinge did not think broadcasting was in any way a rival to the Indian press. On the other hand it would create greater interest amongst people with regard to news, details of which could be amplified and supplied by the newspapers and help their growth. —A. P.

The Port Officer of port Okha wires as follows under Thursday's date:—S. S. "Gairsoppa" of the line B. I. S. N. arrived at Port Okha on 25th ultimo with the same bottom cargo. S. S. "Nagina" line B. I. S. N. arrived at Port Okha on 28th and left on 31st ultimo with 2,712 tons of cement. —A. P.

'IL DUCE' & SIMON MEET

Trend Of Parleys Behind Purdah Unrevealed

ROME, Jan. 4.
Official secrecy hitherto surrounds the Simon-Mussolini conversations which were continued to-day. All the aspects of the disarmament, including the French memorandum to Germany were explored by the statesmen, who will have further opportunity to talk to-night. Sir John Simon returns to London to-morrow. France and Germany are closely following the Rome negotiations. Reuter's Berlin correspondent cites an article from a newspaper which normally reflects the Foreign Office view-point, and says that everybody would be satisfied if France will carry out disarmament measures which she vaguely promised for a later period.

Reuter's Paris correspondent reports that French "Amour Progress" is slightly hurt at the idea of Anglo-Italian arbitration between France and Germany.

The newspaper "Annales" prints an article by Signor Mussolini in which he reiterates that the League must be reformed or disappear adding the storm clouds over the Pacific spell inevitable war unless the Powers reach an agreement.

Signor Mussolini and Sir John Simon are in full agreement that the disarmament discussions should be concluded as soon as possible with the abandonment of all proposals which are not likely to find general approval and prompt realisation, states a communiqué issued after the banquet by the British Embassy concluding "Two long cordial conversations." Only those points should be concentrated on which are considered to be right in international public opinion.

Sgr. Mussolini also outlined the proposals for the reform of the League. The banquet was attended by the diplomatic corps, leaders of Italian Society and representatives of the British colony.

Sir John Simon stated that he would be satisfied with his visit. Reuter's Special.

ATMOSPHERE MORE FAVOURABLE

LONDON, Jan. 4.
Baron Matsudaira, interviewed by Reuter on the Indo-Japanese agreement thought that the atmosphere in which the Anglo-Japanese negotiations now open are more favourable than previously. He expressed the opinion that there had been too great a disposition on the part of Britain to blame Japanese competition for the badness of trade, and with better promise for trade in the new year, a more reasonable spirit seemed to prevail.

As regards the accusations of cheapness the Ambassador remarked that bicycles at a pound and hats at 15d. never wear, whereas Japanese like British goods, because they last. He added that Japanese industrialists were anxious for an amicable agreement to avoid a disastrous tariff war that would spoil relations with their old British friends. —Reuter.

DEATH OF SIR E. BARROW

LONDON, Jan. 5.
The deaths have occurred of Sir Edmund Barrow and Sir William Matthew Lawrence. —Reuter.

ECONOMIC SURVEY

CHIDAMBARAM, Jan. 4.
"Economic planning and economic survey" formed the subject of an interesting discussion at the resumed sitting of the Indian Economic Conference. Dr. Narayanaswami Naidu, Prof. of Economics, Annamalai University, initiated the discussion by reading a paper on the subject. Prof. C. N. Vakil of Bombay urged that research studentships for statistical investigation should be established in the Indian Universities, and appealed for a generous endowment for this purpose.

The President (Prof. Thompson) recounted the difficulties of collecting the statistics in India, and pointed out that there was a need not only for knowledge, but also for tact on the part of the investigators. —A. P.

Indore.—With the acceptance by the Maharaja Holkar of the resignation tendered by Mr. N. V. Raghuve, the Finance Minister, Holkar State, the post of the Finance Minister has been abolished and the portfolio in his charge has been distributed between the Prime Minister and Home Minister. —United Press.

DIGAMBAR JAINS IN CONFERENCE

President Advocates Equal Status For Women

ITANESI, Jan. 4.
The tenth session of the All-India Digambar Jain Conference was held at Itanesi under the Presidentship of Mr. J. P. Jain, Bar-at-Law and Sub-Judge Bmetara C. P. About 400 delegates from various parts of India attended. The main problem of discussion was social reforms against the Jain community of India. The conference is a rival body to the All-India Jain Mahasabha, which is predominated by the orthodox section of the Jains.

Mr. Jamma Prasad Jain, in his presidential address, urged the necessity of women's education, establishment of Jain colleges, inter-caste marriages among the various sub-sections of Jains, curtailment of lavish expenditure in marriages and after-death ceremonies and, lastly equal status for women. The president also expressed a strong desire for reviving their ancient "Prakrit" literature. —(United Press)

JUDGE REJECTS BAIL APPEAL

Township Officer Faces Charges Of Fraud

RANGOON, Jan. 5.
In connection with the Hlegu sub-treasury defalcation involving nearly Rs. 5,000, separate applications for bail on behalf of U Ba Tha, a former township officer of Hlegu, and Maung Aung Tun, Assistant Accountant, were made before the District and Sessions Judge of Insein on Wednesday. The Judge, however, finding no ground for granting bail rejected the applications.

It will be recalled that on December 17 last, defalcations involving nearly Rs. 5,000 were discovered in the Hlegu sub-treasury by the Deputy Commissioner of Insein.

U Ba Tha, a former township officer, and Maung Aung Tun were arrested by the police in this connection and later remanded to police custody on December 20, by the Additional Special Power Magistrate, Insein. —A. P.

MILITARY TRAINING CAMP AT AMRAOTI

Certificates Awarding Ceremony

(From Our Correspondent).

AMRAOTI, Jan. 3.
The military training camp which was conducted by the Civic Defence Force of the Hanuman Vyayam Mandal here, came to a close, day before yesterday. The cadets were examined in different subjects—practical as well as theoretical and races and competitions in various games and sports were also held.

The certificates awarding ceremony was held on the Gairan Maidan, under the presidentship of Mr. Kakasabheb Athalye, President of the Akola Municipality. Dr. Shahane, president of the Civic Defence Force gave the successful cadets in the first and second years, certificates and badges to corporals and soldiers. Mr. Athalye distributed prizes. In the course of his presidential address he said the Hanuman Vyayam Mandal was doing a distinct service to the youths of our country by starting this Civic Defence Force and conducting such military training camps. He urged that a network of such an organisation as the C.D.F. should be established in the province and it could create discipline and self-respect in the people. The cadets have dispersed and gone to their places.

"WHIPSNADE" FOR TRIVANDRUM

Zoo Remodelled On Roman Plan

TRIVANDRUM, (By Mail).
Trivandrum now boasts of a "Whipsnade" in the shape of a beautiful walled enclosure an acre in extent where 'big game' can disport themselves as they choose.

The local zoo has been remodelled on the plan of the amphitheatres of Rome, with a Central arena covered with evergreen turf and tunnels leading to it from the cages of major animals. On one side, the enclosure is railed, providing for visitors watching the animals in their gay moods. —A. P.

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with SONGS and DANCES of the GAY 'NINETIES



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THE CONTACT GLASS

IS AN INVISIBLE LENS, OF THE SHAPE OF THE EYE-BALL, WHICH CAN BE FITTED BETWEEN THE EYE-LID AND THE CORNEA.

IT IS A BOON IN PROFESSIONS WHERE SPECTACLES ARE NOT ALLOWED IN OCCUPATIONS OR WHERE IT IS A HINDRANCE

DISEASES OF THE CORNEA, SUCH AS KERATOCONUS, CONICAL CORNEA, ETC., ARE CURABLE WITH THE CONTACT GLASS.

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"THE ALKALINE DIET"

"THE CONQUEST OF THAT TIRED FEELING"

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Also Showing:—

A Coloured Silly Symphony

"BABES IN THE WOODS"

Monetary Theory

Prof. Kale Surveys Post-War Developments

Recent developments of the Monetary Theory are surveyed by Prof. V. G. Kale, in a Paper submitted by him to the Indian Economic Conference held at the Annamalai University, Chidambaram. In the course of his Paper Prof. Kale observes as follows:—

The persistence of distressing economic depression has led to an intensive study of monetary phenomena and monetary theories; and the numerous plans which well-meaning people have been throwing at the heads of banks and governments, with a view to restore economic prosperity to nations and to the world as a whole, have lent an added interest to the discussion of monetary problems. The study of economic cycles and industrial fluctuations and along with it, of the influence of money and credit in these phenomena, had made considerable progress before the war. It has been stimulated during recent years, and some of the leading economists of the world have participated in these discussions, and have made valuable contributions to the development of monetary theory.

GOLD STANDARD

Can the gold standard be restored to its pre-war status and will it work satisfactorily? If it will, in what circumstances will it do so? Cannot some other and a more suitable and a more convenient standard be chosen? Is stability of prices desirable and if it is how may it be attained? Can prices be regulated through a control of monetary circulation and what is the relation of price levels, volume of money and of credit and foreign exchanges? These are some of the most important and, one may say, baffling questions which have been claiming the attention of the public and of economists recently; and their discussion very naturally touches at various points, the fundamental monetary theory.

ory itself. One of the most interesting and, in a way, the basic problem in respect of monetary theory, undoubtedly relates to the determination of the value or the purchasing power of money and it involves the development of a proper understanding of the quantity of money theory. The questions that arise in this connection are: Has money itself any value? If it has, how is it measured? What are the conditions which cause changes in that value from time to time?

The role played by money, credit, interest rates, investment and savings in the up and down movements of the waves of industrial conditions, has been ascertained by close students of booms and depression, and their conclusions are, broadly speaking, found to fit in with those derived from the discussion of monetary theory we have had above.

INDIA'S POSITION

This position in India is similar to that depicted above. But from other points of view, it is much worse. Our commodity and money markets are not properly organised and are lacking in the sensitiveness which normally influences investments, savings and rates of interest. The essential information and statistics relating to these matters, are wanting; and though monetary and banking problems have been hotly discussed in the country for years and a central reserve bank will be soon established, it is now that a beginning is being made to do something systematic in this respect. In the circumstances, discussion of monetary theory and the policy to be based on its conclusions, will appear in India like the useless spinning of delicate yarns, when even the suggestions of men like Prof. Keynes for western communities, are characterised as utopian.

ALL-INDIA DISCHARGED PRISONERS' SOCIETY

DELHI, Jan. 5.

As a result of the efforts made by Dewan Bahadur G. Narayan Swami Chettiar, Member, Council of State, and others interested in the work of reclaiming discharged prisoners it is understood that the All-India Discharged Prisoners' Society will be formed at Delhi on January, 18. It is likely that Sir Harry Haig, Home Member will preside over the meeting for the purpose. (United Press.)

ARRESTS AT COMILLA

COMILLA, Jan. 4.

One Amjad Ali and 26 others have been arrested in connection with the dastardly assassination of S. J. Dinesh Chandra Roy Choudhury, senior pleader of the local Bar, zemindar and money-lender of Village Barara within P. S. Chandina. It is understood that Amjad Ali has made a confessional statement. Vigorous police investigation is going on. (United Press.)

Negotiations are proceeding, says a Rugby message between the Imperial Airways and Air France for the rate of agreement on air services between London and Paris. It is stated that such an agreement if reached may involve the establishment of a pool from which either party will be compensated for the rate cutting on the part of the other.

ASHRAM PROPERTY AUCTIONED

Sequel To Non-Payment Of Land Revenue

SURAT, Jan. 5.

For not paying the revenue dues amounting to Rs. 3,255, the Government have sold by public auction property worth Rs. 40,000. The property includes the house of Mr. Kunvarji Vithalbhai Patel of Surat, who refused to pay the Government land revenue dues of his house, the Surat Swaraj Ashram and the Rashtriya Education Society.

It is stated that price of the house of Mr. Patel comes to about Rs. 5,000 while that of the Swaraj Ashram and Education Society would be about Rs. 210,000 and Rs. 13,000 respectively.

The purchaser of these three properties is Mr. Burjorji Gustadi Mediwala whose bidding was the highest at the auction which was held here. (United Press.)

BRUSH WITH DACOITS

One Killed, Three Arrested Near Chima Village

LUDHIANA, Jan. 4.

A miniature campaign between the police and a band of dacoits who have for some time terrorised outlying districts was brought to a conclusion to-day, when the police and dacoits met in the lonely village of Chima. Two recent brushes between the police and the dacoits ended inconclusively and the dacoits each time made good their escape. A police patrol from Shena came accidentally on the gang in Chima village and fire was opened from both sides. After a short sharp engagement, in which one dacoit was shot, three were arrested, and the remainder of the gang are being rounded up. The gang is believed to be responsible for the recent dacoity in village Rampura Sadaram. (A. P.)

HE DIED, SO THAT ANOTHER MIGHT LIVE

Sikh Youth's Sacrifice To Save Patient's Life

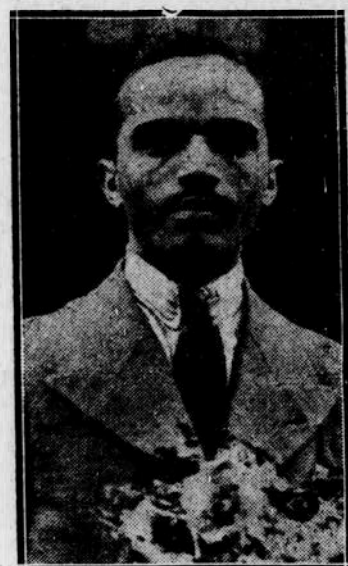
LAHORE, Jan. 5.

Nearly two years after he gave away two pints of blood to a patient whose life was in danger, a young newly married Sikh student died here to-day. After the blood transfusion he gradually weakened and died from heart failure. (A. P.)

The Nagpur Health Week and Baby Show will be held on January, 22 next. Rani Luxmi Bai Rajwade of Gwalior has been requested to preside. (The United Press)



Jockey Munro, the crack Australian rider is in great form this season.



Nawabzada of Mangrol (Kathawar), was another distinguished passenger to return to India by Thursday's Mail Boat.

HAILSTORM HAVOC

Destroys Standing Crops Completely

NAGPUR, Jan. 5.

Extensive damage over a radius of 30 miles from Betul has been caused by a severe hailstorm, according to a message to the 'Daily News' from Betul. Standing crops within this area are said to have been completely destroyed.

Hailstorms of a milder character are reported to have occurred during the last week in parts of Hoshangabad, Chindwara and Berar, causing slight damage to standing crops. (A. P.)

ENCOURAGE VIRILE SPORTS

Prof. Manik Rao's Appeal To Take To National Games

BARODA, Jan. 5.

A vehement appeal for the re-suscitation and revivification of Indian games and sports was the outstanding theme of Professor Manik Rao's presidential address at the fifth Maharashtra Physical Education Conference.

He scathingly condemned the apathy towards physical development of the individual and deprecated the present tendency of blind imitation of western sports and even the Spouting system.

He appealed to the public, to capitalists and particularly to educational institutions to foster and encourage the virile Indian national sports.

Among the resolutions passed at the conference were:

(1) Expressing regret at the recommendations of the Physical culture committee not being given effect to by the Bombay University;

(2) Adopting Prof. Manik Rao's Hindi words of command in Indian drill, for all athletic institutions;

(3) Enjoining uniformity of dress for exercise in Akhadas and

(4) Establishing a central committee for physical education conference. (A. P.)

HOLIDAY FOR M.C.C. MATCH

NAGPUR, Jan. 5.

January 20 has been declared a local holiday.

The Cricket match between the C. P. and Berar Eleven and M. C. C. commences here on 19th January. (A. P.)

Calcutta has declared war on unauthorised display of posters, walls, trees, telegraph and telephone posts and other vantage points which for many years have been systematically defaced by ugly and inartistic bills are soon to receive respite from attention of cheap advertisement seekers.

C. P. COUNCIL SESSIONS

Bills To Give Relief To Tenantry

NAGPUR, Jan. 5.

The January sessions of the C. P. Legislative Council will commence on January 18. His Excellency the Governor has allotted four days for official business and another four days for non-official business.

It is understood that among the bills to be introduced on behalf of the Government, three bills viz:—Agricultural Debt Relief Bill, The Reduction of Interest Bill and the usurious loan Act (Amendment) Bill will be introduced by the Honourable Mr. N. Raghavendra Rao, Home and Revenue Member. It is stated that the bills have been framed with the object of saving the tenantry in these hard times and reduce the rate of interest to a minimum, irrespective of any agreement to the contrary between the parties. These bills are somewhat similar to those recently passed into Law by the United Provinces Legislative Council. (The United Press.)

PLAGUE INCREASE IN PRESIDENCY

Bijapur And Dharwar Show Big Rise

The health conditions in the Bombay Presidency for the week ended December 30th were as under:—

PLAGUE:—In the Presidency excluding Sind there were in all 990 attacks and 589 deaths from plague against 655-437 in the previous week. The returns by district including town circles were as follows:—Bijapur 401 attacks and 247 deaths against 203/140; Dharwar 197/105 against 164/90; Belgaum 123/57 against 71/31; Sholapur 126/93 against 104/72; Satara 73/38 against 54/35; Poona 47/32 against 52/32; Kanara 6/4 against 2/1; Ahmednagar 10/9 against 2/2; Ratnagiri 3/1 against 2/3; Thana 3/1 against 1/1 and Bombay City 1/1 against nil. All possible steps are being taken in the affected areas to bring the epidemic under control.

CHOLERA:—The presidency cholera figures for the week were 88 attacks and 53 deaths against 117 attacks and 65 deaths in the previous week. Nasik district reported 22 attacks and 16 deaths against 29-9 in the previous week; Ahmednagar 19/5 against 43/24; Belgaum 18/11 against 14/12; Bijapur 13/8 against 3/5; Satara 9/9 against 12/7; Poona 6/4 against 10/5 and Dharwar 1/0 against 1/1.

SMALL-POX:—The small-pox figures for the week are:—Poona district 84 attacks and 11 deaths against 44/6; Ahmednagar 35/9; Nasik 37/11; Kanara 30/6; Sholapur 25/5; Ratnagiri 13/2; Kolaba 11/4; Bijapur 4/1; East Khandesh 1/0; Dharwar 1/0; Sukkur 1/0; Nawabshah 20/7; Upper Sind Frontier 1/0 and Bombay city 8/5. Total 318 attacks and 67 deaths against 309/77 in the previous week.

Two deaths from influenza were reported from Bombay city during the week and Poona City reported 3 attacks and 3 deaths.

MALARIA:—The medical officers appointed on anti-malarial duty in the presidency proper visited 165 villages and treated 3,554 persons. Of these 1,951 were treated for malaria. The number of children examined for spleen was 2,965 and 1,027 of these were found with enlarged spleen.

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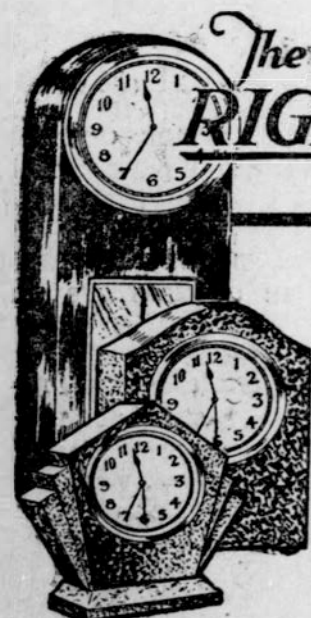
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Mrs. Vyas (centre), of the local Montessori School, returned to India on Thursday evening, after qualifying for diploma course and an extensive educational tour throughout the principal educational institutions of the Continent.

SILVER TOUCHES UNDULY LOW LEVEL IN BOMBAY

Holders Become Nervous In View Of
Coming Budget

Unfounded fears of the removal of the import duty on Silver are responsible for an unduly low level of Silver prices in Bombay. In view of the coming Budget holders are nervous but there should be no chance for removal of the duty on Silver, although the revenue under this heading is very small. But the higher Silver price is giving some relief to Indian agriculturists.

President Roosevelt has ratified the London Silver agreement and has proclaimed his intention to take half of the domestic production of Silver in the Treasury Reserve at a price of 64 1/2 cents per ounce against the present price of 43 7/8 cents.

It is reliably understood that silver producing countries, Canada and Mexico will ratify the London Silver Agreement in the near future.

As soon as the ratification by Canada and Mexico is announced prices in the United States will jump up to higher levels and will reach the level of 64 cents. London prices will also follow the upward move and Bombay prices will no longer remain unduly low. Present prices are well below those ruling in London and New York and present a good opportunity for a constructive stand.

MAHATMA LEAVES
FOR MYSORE

Andhra Contributes
Rs. 65,000 Towards
Harijan Fund

MADRAS, Jan. 4.
Andhra province has contributed a total of about Rs. 65,000 towards Mahatma Gandhi's Harijan fund. This amount was collected by Gandhi in the course of his tour of the province, lasting for twelve days including 3 days of silence and rest.

Gandhi's Andhra programme came to a close with his visit today to Hindupur, from where he has now proceeded to Mysore State.

He was given a hearty send-off at Hindupur. Gandhi before leaving Andhra congratulated the people of the province on their splendid response to him and thanked them.—A.P.

HENRY VIII FILM
BANNED IN BENGAL

CALCUTTA, Jan. 5.
"The Private Life of Henry VIII," the film which had so successful a season in London and in which connection questions were asked in Parliament and the Legislative Assembly, continues to attract attention.

The picture had been advertised for public showing in a local cinema, and advance booking was well over the previous records, when to the great disappointment of the public, an announcement was made by the Bengal Board of Film Censors suspending the certificate for exhibition in Bengal. It is not known yet whether the film will be ultimately shown after it has been censored. It is interesting to note that the picture is now being shown in Bombay.

Benares.—Prof. Macchiors of the University of Naples has arrived at the Benares Hindu University and is staying with Professor U. A. Sundaram.

Benares.—It is understood that His Highness the Maharaja of Alwar will be arriving at Benares from Europe next week.

SHAKING OFF OLD BONDAGE

Egyptian Woman Journalist
Pays Tribute To Indian
Women

CALCUTTA, Jan. 1.
Miss Haneina Khoury, an Egyptian Journalist and poetess who had made an extensive tour in all the progressive Muslim countries of Asia, and in various parts of India, attended the session of the All-India Women's Conference. She started on a tour from Egypt in 1928 on an invitation from the ex-Queen Sourya of Afghanistan, and had attended the Arab Oriental Ladies' Conference at Baghdad and the Teheran Women's Oriental Conference. During her stay in India for the last nine months, she had visited various cities and institutions.

In a statement to the "United Press" regarding her impression of the All-India Women's Conference, Miss Khoury said she was highly pleased to find women of diverse communities striving to shake off the century-old bondage of social evils. She admitted that she had hardly attended any conference where women with such high academic qualifications had assembled together to discuss the various problems facing their own sex.

PURDAH OF IGNORANCE.
Referring to the status of Egyptian women, she said that though they had not the right of franchise, they had been helping their brothers and husbands in every sphere of life. Speaking about the Purdah, she said, though the Muslims and Christians of Upper Egypt are still retaining Purdah like their queen, generally it is fast becoming a thing of the past. "The Purdah of ignorance," she said, "should first be removed, and the Purdah will automatically fall off, because it is so unnatural."

CO-EDUCATION.
As regards education, she said, modern Egypt has made a big jump. The Government there, is trying to dispel the darkness of ignorance by introducing compulsory primary education throughout the length and breadth of Egypt. Harem Zaglul Pasha and Harem Huda Sharwi Pasha are taking keen interest in the development of national life in Egypt in various aspects. Under State expense every year, men and women are sent to Europe for training. Co-education, except in law and medical colleges are not, however, permitted in any educational institution. She personally did not favour the idea of co-education because of its inevitable and dangerous consequences.—"United Press."

CORPORATORS
STAGE WALK-OUT

LAHORE, Jan. 5.
For disallowing the censure motion disapproving the conduct of the President in disallowing a party held in the King's Garden in honour of Doctor Satyapal and Kedarnath Saigal on the 24th December, four prominent members of the Lyalpur Municipal Committee staged a walk-out from the General meeting of the Committee yesterday which had to be adjourned subsequently for want of quorum.

It might be stated that party which was organised in honour of their visit by the Lyalpur citizens in the Municipal garden was stopped by the order of the President at the 12th hour when the tables had actually been spread and guests began arriving.

When the Municipal meeting commenced yesterday, four members who walked out submitted their motion disapproving the committee from the President's action, which the latter disallowed on the plea that the matter was not urgent.—"United Press."

PROF. MACCHIORS
IN BENARES

Will Deliver Lectures On
"Greek Mysticism"

BENARES, Jan. 4.
Professor Macchiors of the University of Naples has arrived at the Benares Hindu University and is staying with Professor U. A. Sundaram.

The Professor will deliver a series of lectures on the history of religious "Greek Mysticism and the Monistic Currents of Philosophy" and "Cultural Renaissance."

Interviewed by the United Press the Professor said, he would stay at the Benares University for some time as he has been appointed a visiting Professor.—"United Press."

BANIHAL PASS
CLOSED TO TRAFFIC

BOMBAY, Jan. 4.
The Publicity Officer, Jammu Tawi, wires to the effect that a communique has been issued saying that owing to heavy fall of snow on the second of January, the Banihal Pass has been closed to traffic until further notice.—A.P.

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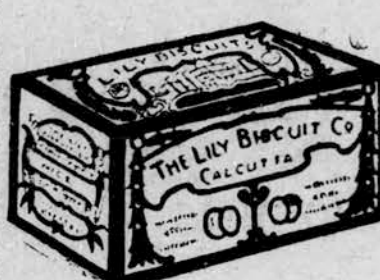
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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1934

WILL MR. JINNAH ACT?

The Indian friends and admirers of Mr. M. A. Jinnah will be glad to have him back in their midst after two long years, in which the country has passed through incredible sufferings, political and economic. It is not clear whether he would resume whatever political work he did before that period, or whether he will stay in India long, though he has already resumed his practice at the Bombay Bar. It is something, however, that he has expressed his willingness to render any service that he can to bring about unity, especially between Hindus and Muslims. It will be a great thing indeed, if, instead of waiting for anybody to requisition his services he could take some initiative in this matter together with other Hindu and Muslim leaders who have already ventured once again on a peace mission.

His Opportunity

Nearly two decades ago Mr. Jinnah did much to bring about the Congress-League Pact which, with all its faults, kept off communal squabbles for about a decade. Later, however, he marred the fruits of his own labours by identifying himself with the extreme demands of the Muslim communalists with an uncompromising vehemence that won for him the reputation of being the very originator of the now well-known Fourteen Points. That attitude, duly reciprocated by Hindu communalists like Dr. Moonje and Bhai Parmanand, only led to the Communal Award, which sacrificed Muslim majority in Bengal and the Punjab, one of the foremost of his demands. If he is now at least as disillusioned about the Award as he is about the White Paper scheme in general, if he is prepared to follow a policy of give-and-take, as the Nationalist Muslim Party is, he may yet do something to redeem his reputation as a peace-maker, or as the "Ambassador of Hindu-Muslim Unity," as Mrs. Naidu often called him.

No Illusions

We have said that Mr. Jinnah has been disillusioned about the

White Paper. It will, perhaps, be more accurate to say that he never had any illusions about that scheme. At any rate, he had always a profound distrust of the federal basis of that scheme. And he is perfectly right in believing that he was kept out of the third Round Table Conference and the Joint Parliamentary Committee only because he had fought tooth and nail against the Federal Scheme with its "safeguards." He has now better grounds to call it a "pure deception." It must also be stated in fairness to him that he was not one of those Indian "delegates" who compromised Indian interests by agreeing to a number of safeguards and reservations in non-Indian interests. He now justly regards the scheme as anything but a boon and does not make much difference between its promoters and those in Britain who are called reactionaries for opposing it. He will certainly not regard it a calamity if the reactionaries succeed in wrecking the whole scheme. In this respect he is one with the country.

Too Passive

The pity of it is, however, that Mr. Jinnah is too passive a critic of a deception that is being practised against India. We also find it difficult to explain the serene detachment with which he says he is quite unable to express an opinion on the present situation in the country beyond offering a platitude about the need for national unity. While he was far away physically—but voluntarily—from the country during the most terrible ordeal it has yet gone through, was he also mentally remote from it, that he is unable to express an opinion on the Indian situation the hideous features of which even foreigners outside India have noted and followed with sympathy and anxiety? But now that he is again on the soil of his Motherland, where his fellow-countrymen are still groaning under unspeakable grievances, we trust he will not long remain a passive spectator of a national tragedy. If he chooses, he can still take a fairly prominent part in the national struggle for freedom.

Groping Economists

The Indian Economic Conference, which met at Annamalainagar early this week, has been attempting these few years, like so many other bodies of economic experts, to find a way out of the terrible trade depression that has swept over the whole world. But they have only added to the numerous cases of doctors disagreeing. And even when the doctors, at least a good number of them, succeed in agreeing upon the diagnosis of the economic malady the world is suffering from and on the remedy for the disease, the laymen including the bulk of the politicians, fail to understand what precisely the doctors say. For, as Mr. G. D. H. Cole, himself a well-known economist, has observed, "it seems sometimes as if the object of the theoretical economists were to make their subject as difficult as possible in order to frighten off the amateurs." We are reminded of this remark by some of the speeches delivered at the Indian Economic Conference.

Prof. C. D. Thompson, President of the Annamalainagar conference, is right enough in his view that much of the present

distress is due to faulty systems of currency, particularly to the use of an unstable unit of money. He himself suggests that the unit of money should always be equivalent to a certain number of pounds of wheat, plus a fixed number of pounds of cotton, plus a number of pounds of iron and so on, for at least ten or twenty of the staple raw materials. This plan, he believes, "should have the very great advantage of stabilising the prices which show the greatest fluctuations and should also stabilise all other prices which ordinarily fluctuate within smaller limits." Plans like the one suggested by the President have been recommended from time to time by various economists. But somehow they have not commended themselves to the politicians who have the power to adopt them. Rao Bahadur S. E. Ranganadhan, the Chairman of the Reception Committee, ascribes this to the prejudices of politicians. Whether this is true on the whole or not, Indians know but too well why the best economic plans, commended by the best economic experts of the country, are turned down by the present Government of India.

BENJAMIN FRANCIS BRADLEY

An Appreciation

(By S. H. JHAWALA.)

A. B. F. B. was my esteemed friend prior to 1927, as he is today, and that is the great epistolary writer Barjorji Framji Bhargava. Another B.F.B. was my friend since then, as he is to-day, and that is my famous colleague Benjamin Francis Bradley in the Meerut Case. He was released only recently and is leaving on Saturday the shores of this country where he played a great part in the field of labour. Bradley came out to India in September 1927, the year of the Cawnpore Congress of Trade Unions at which Messrs. Purcell, M.P., and Hallsworth, fraternal delegates from Great Britain were present. He was a member of the Amalgamated Union of Engineers of London and played a commendable part in the great General Strike of England in 1921. He had his first inspirations of Communism during the Great War for he was a sailor and saw what havoc of death and destruction was caused among the workers and toilers by the warring factions. He had also been to Karachi prior to his arrival here as a representative of the British Communist Party in 1927.

His Main Objectives. Bradley's main objectives in the labour field after the Cawnpore sessions where he first met me were railways and textile industries in Bombay where he assiduously worked as a powerful organiser of working-classes. He was also principally instrumental in organising the Workers and Peasants' Party of Bombay through which the whole of the Bombay group of Meerut prisoners worked. For the period extending over a year Bradley moved about with me practically all over Bombay Presidency and outside and it was with him that we were able to set up a powerful opposition against the Agent of the G.I.P. Railway and to build the Girni Kamgar Union which was Bradley's chief foothold. He had a wonderful knack of falling in easy association with all of us and wherever he went he left a sweet fragrance of happy memory of friendship. Unlike Philip Spratt now in jail Bradley spoke fluently and spoke only on working class organisation. One could scarce sniff Communism in this beloved friend of mine. I differed from him but he always took the difference broad-mindedly and with a twist of the jaw he always reminded me that he felt assured I would one day realize that he was right and I was wrong. The indefatigable Bradley was incessant in his help in the great General Textile Strike of Bombay.

Pleasant Companion. Generous to his foe, lenient to those who differed from him, unsparing in his effort to serve the workers and ardent to prefer the view-point that he held, Bradley never lost courage and cool-headedness which could rarely be found except in a heart born to lead and to guide. Among us Indians he was an Indian and learnt and shouted plenty of Marathi and Hindi catch-phrases much to our amusement. While we were all together in the same barrack in Meerut Bradley ate with us, slept with us and poured out plenty of humour in which Hutchinson specially joined him when we were retiring to bed. Bradley distributed things to eat when it came to his turn to do so and recited appetite-raising quotations at which we all heartily laughed. One of the first to get up from bed he would sweep his own floor, wash his own clothes, lift his own buckets and even cook breakfast for himself and his friends. I have seen him always tidy as a bee. He played the best part in representing common grievances to the Jail Superintendents so that we always appointed him as our safest deputy. Above all among us orientals Bradley lived as a pure oriental and if he found that our advice was sane he readily accepted it. In the most exciting hour Bradley never lost his temper and willingly looked to others' comforts at the frequent cost of his. His favourite pastime in jail was exercise in which when Saigal and Sardar Sohan Singh joined, the whole trio performed such wonderful tricks that none of us temporarily felt that the world was too much with us.

Leaving A Great Gap. Bradley has not a small hold on the workers of Bombay and though his policy and method are not totally acceptable to them today, yet if Capitalism continues to grow in power as it is doing now, a time will come when Bradley's main objectives in the labour field after the Cawnpore sessions where he first met me were railways and textile industries in Bombay where he assiduously worked as a powerful organiser of working-classes. He was also principally instrumental in organising the Workers and Peasants' Party of Bombay through which the whole of the Bombay group of Meerut prisoners worked. For the period extending over a year Bradley moved about with me practically all over Bombay Presidency and outside and it was with him that we were able to set up a powerful opposition against the Agent of the G.I.P. Railway and to build the Girni Kamgar Union which was Bradley's chief foothold. He had a wonderful knack of falling in easy association with all of us and wherever he went he left a sweet fragrance of happy memory of friendship. Unlike Philip Spratt now in jail Bradley spoke fluently and spoke only on working class organisation. One could scarce sniff Communism in this beloved friend of mine. I differed from him but he always took the difference broad-mindedly and with a twist of the jaw he always reminded me that he felt assured I would one day realize that he was right and I was wrong. The indefatigable Bradley was incessant in his help in the great General Textile Strike of Bombay.

It is reported that Sir Md. Usman will act as the Governor of Madras in place of Sir George Stanley when the latter goes North to officiate for Lord Willingdon. Sir Md. Usman being an Indian is probably expected that the country will warm up to the impending appointment and welcome it as a great honour to the nation. The "honour," however, will be conferred—if at all—because the authorities would not care to risk protests by ignoring the seniority of Sir Md. Usman. The estimable gentlemen, moreover, find himself in the Government not so much because he is an Indian as because he is a "safe" Indian—as safe as a member of the I.C.S., if not safer.

(Continued on next page)

WORK FOR HINDU MUSLIM UNITY

(By Dr. M. H. Faruqi.)

Despite the edict promulgated by the Delhi "All parties" group I responded in the affirmative to the invitation of Raja Saheb of Salempur and others to attend the All-Parties Muslim Conference at Lucknow and those who attended the meetings of the Draft and Subject Committees of the Conference will lend support to my humble opinion that the Muslims were more than justified in attending the Conference. I would even venture to say, had the Delhi group also attended, there was every possibility of coming to an agreement acceptable to all. However, as the position stands to-day, judging by the representative character of the Conference which included the Jamiat-ul-ulama, Cawnpore, Tausi-i-Nizam, Jamiat-ul Ulma, Jamiat-ul Ulma, Delhi, the Muslim Azaad Party, Peshawar, the Khilafat, Bombay, and the Nationalist Muslims and other important Muslim groups in India, the Delhi group will find itself in a very great minority by standing aloof. I sincerely hope they will reconsider the position in the light of the march of events and enter our door which is still open to them.

DISTINCTIVE FEATURES. There are four main distinctive features of the conference which the public must know.

Firstly, at the very outset we met in the spirit of give and take and decided that nothing except complete unanimity will solve our difficulties and everything in consequence was dropped on which any party represented could not agree. All the resolutions after a free and frank

discussion were unanimously passed.

The second is that the Conference has left the discretion of the organisations in regard to their economic and political ideals practically unfettered. The only fetter imposed brings me to the third feature.

All the Muslim organisations have resolved that they would work for Hindu-Muslim unity and will oppose, tooth and nail, every attempt on the part of individuals and organisations whose activities tend to widen the gulf between the two communities. Obviously there can be no denominational distinctions in this respect and there are none. We shall oppose Hindu and Muslim Communalists alike.

Fourthly, it has been made clear that nothing but an agreed settlement can supplant the Communal Award. It has to be done and the activities of the member organisations will be concentrated on the point of reaching an inter-communal settlement and educating the masses of the Indian people, especially Muslims, with a view to their taking their full share in the struggle for freedom.

Incidentally I may mention that this is the only Conference which was not convened for the intelligentsia alone but has resolved to cater for the masses, as it evident from its resolutions.

KEEP THE PACT.

One word to my Muslim brethren who take their stand on religion. Without the slightest touch of arrogance and after a minute heart-search, I respectfully say that, despite my short-

Nationalism Must Become A Habit Of Thought

comings I am not one whit the less true follower of Islam than they. Will any of them kindly point out to me one single Quranic verse, one single deed or word of the Prophet which favourably argues a division among Mussalmans. On the contrary, in the Quran and the Hadis emphasis has been laid at different places on the fundamental principle of unity amongst Muslims. It is no exaggeration to say that it is the rock bottom principle underlying the idea of true brotherhood as preached by Islam. Equally at different places we as Muslims are enjoined to have cordial relations with others and particularly ordered in the Quran itself strictly and honourably to observe the terms of pacts made with others. Our word should be our bond. It does not, therefore, take away but adds to one's Islam to create and preserve cordial relations with others. I, therefore, appeal to the Mussalmans and especially the Delhi group, to sink petty differences and join us in the name of Islam, patriotism and India.

APPEAL TO HINDUS.

My Hindu brethren will forgive me for saying that our duties and responsibilities must needs be reciprocal. It is not my purpose to rake up the past, but I must say that one honest criticism of even so reactionary a body as Hindu Mahasabha rouses a large section of Hindu community to an unrighteous indignation. I refer to Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru's criticism of the Mahasabha. This is only an indication of how far they have become sectarian in their outlook. I sincerely hope (Continued on next page)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

THE WAY TO WAR.

Italy has her ambitions. She would revive Roman glory and Rome's leadership of Europe. That explains her designs against the League of Nations. She wants less of International restraints and more of individual freedom to pursue her ends the more smoothly. That being the case, it is to be earnestly hoped that the meeting between Signor Mussolini and Sir John Simon was "cordial" only in the diplomatic sense of the term, that in other words, it would not lead Britain to make common cause with Italy and precipitate matters still more. What is of the essence of importance to-day is an international sense of duty without which war is inevitable. In this connection the Italians have done well to draw public attention to the fact that the armament race has begun. But it cannot be stopped by Bilateral or even Four-Power Pacts. Nations have to be made to realise that they owe a collective responsibility to humanity to which National privileges must be subordinated whenever and wherever necessary.

SAFETY FIRST.

It is reported that Sir Md. Usman will act as the Governor of Madras in place of Sir George Stanley when the latter goes North to officiate for Lord Willingdon. Sir Md. Usman being an Indian is probably expected that the country will warm up to the impending appointment and welcome it as a great honour to the nation. The "honour," however, will be conferred—if at all—because the authorities would not care to risk protests by ignoring the seniority of Sir Md. Usman. The estimable gentlemen, moreover, find himself in the Government not so much because he is an Indian as because he is a "safe" Indian—as safe as a member of the I.C.S., if not safer.

IS IT FAIR?

The Hon. Alexander Shaw, the Chairman of the P. and O. and the B.I.S.N. Companies, who passed through Bombay on Thursday on his way to Australia is very anxious that British shipping, though well-established for generations, should receive special aid from the Government against severe foreign competition. That is natural and understandable in these days of depression. But what is unnatural and un-understandable is that these very persons who demand protection for British shipping against non-British competitors, hold up their hands in horror when the Indian

shipping industry, which is only in its infancy, thanks to British rule, asks for protection against all non-Indian competitors. Mr. Shaw has expressed much sympathy for Indian shipping, but the moment protection against all non-Indian rivals including the British is asked for, that sympathy finds expression in denunciatory cries against discrimination.

GOVARDHANRAM JUBILEE.

The Silver Jubilee Festival of the late Govardhanram Tripathi, the author of "Saraswathichandra" and one of the greatest writers that India has produced, is justly being celebrated all over the country. Govardhanram's fame is no longer confined to Gujerat. It has spread all over India and his novel "Saraswathichandra" has already been translated into a number of Indian languages. Indeed that work is a great deal more than a novel. Eminent scholars like Principal Dhruva of the Hindu University have regarded it as a modern Puran, an epic, embodying the essence of the earlier Puranas and depicting the varied features of Indian culture. It is in many respects an encyclopaedic work and has been a source of inspiration to many Indian authors in the vast and varied field of literature. The celebration of the Jubilee of such a man is a national duty and we are glad that the duty is being duly discharged by the country.

FOLLOW IT UP.

We welcome the Mysore Government's Press Note with reference to our recent Editorial Note on the subject of Harijans' rights. In our note in the issue of the "Chronicle" for 23rd ultimo we commended the Mysore Government's order declaring that all Government tanks in the State should be open to all classes of the people including the Harijans. We also suggested generally that it was the duty of every Government to see that all public roads and wells, too, were opened to Harijans. The Mysore Government's Press Note declares that in their State all public roads are open to all classes of people and so are wells in cities and towns but that in villages "sometimes separate wells exist for the Adi-Karnatakas." We are glad to note that discrimination against the Harijan is confined only to some villages. But we trust the Government will take early steps to abolish every civic disability against the poor people everywhere in the State.

Press Views

Planned Swadeshi

What we want now is a definition which will compromise every Indian industry and the prosecution of the movement with vigour for the uncouth economic benefits it will confer on the country. Definition as to what constitutes Swadeshi inevitably implies the existence of an authority which will state whether a new article satisfies the conditions laid down in order to pass for an indigenous product. That was the reason why Sir Lalubhai emphasised the need for the formation of a Central Certifying Board, whose certificate would be a sufficient guarantee to the consumer that the article is not a foreign product but manufactured within the country itself. The Swadeshi spirit has come to stay, and we should see to it that it is turned to the country's best advantage.—"Hindustan Times."

United Protest

The recent expression of views by many Congressmen who are profoundly dissatisfied with the present stalemate and the programme of the Democratic Swarajya Party lead us to expect that there will not be much difficulty in creating a common platform wherefrom a united demand can be put forward. The hypothetical question of what to do if these demands are not acceded to need not be debated at present. It is never too early or too late to begin and in the memorable words of the late Mr. Patel, a "consistent, persistent and insistent opposition" to the White Paper as it at present stands, is the vital need of the hour. All other considerations can wait.—"Hitawada."

Straining At The Gnat

When ideas of socialism and communism are spreading fast, it is amusing to find the Indian capitalists straining at the small reforms contained in the payment of wages bill that has been circulated. The Ahmedabad Mill-owners' Association is alarmed at the rapid pace of labour legislation! The Bombay Merchants' Chamber objects to legislation for the prompt payment of wages. This opposition is sufficient proof that there is no measure so harmless and inoffensive that some interested people will not oppose. But, let the capitalists beware. While they are straining at the gnats to-day, let them be getting ready to swallow the camel to-morrow.—"Indian Express."

Cete-a-Cete

Mr. Jinnah "would render any little service he could to bring about unity among the people of India, especially between the Hindus and Muslims."

We appreciate Mr. Jinnah's graceful modesty, but we assure him, if any assurance is needed at all, that the little services he has already rendered, especially in connection with Hindu-Muslim Unity have been great, indeed, stupendous.

By the way, what does the future programme of "little service" involve? Acceptance in advance of the Fourteen Points—whatever they may be now?

Our apologies to Mr. Jinnah. We ought to have begun by welcoming him to the shores of this Ancient—if also ancient—land. So let's all welcome him heartily to this country. Mr. Jinnah will not find much of a change since he was here last. The climate is the same, the situation is the same and the people are still the same. But we are doing our best and are confident that Mr. Jinnah's good wishes will serve as no end of encouragement.

We are, of course, a little grieved that he is unable to make India his home. But we are consoled by the thought that, historically, almost every great benefactor of India has been an outsider, either by birth or domicile: All Governors-General, all Governors, all Secretaries of State, etc., etc. and men like Churchill, Lethbridge, Lansbury, Benn, Burdwan, the Gaekwar and the Right Honourable His Highness the Aga Khan, P.C.

"Over 400 trials of directors and employers in Government enterprises in the Soviet have been instituted by the State prosecutor on charges of withholding workers' wages." We have a vague idea that there is something in it—the Bolsheviki are an incorrigible monster, you know—worthy of righteous indignation. But what is it? Anyway, Down with the Bolsheviki.

While India and Japan were signing the Cotton Pact, Lancashire was doing a bit of mathematical work. Japan will export 200 million yards less. So Lancashire is prepared to serve India to the extent that Japan is going to fail her.

"The difference of 200 million yards" will, we learn, form "the subject of discussion between Lancashire and the Indian textile representatives."

Mr. H. P. Mody, are you ready? Go!

Lt. Colonel Sokhey told the Science Congress on Thursday that medicine was a science and that Unani and Ayurvedic were not. The discovery, of course, is invaluable.

But it was intelligently anticipated a week earlier—during the Medical Conference—by the "Evening News of India." Or did the Colonel allow himself to be overheard in advance?

"I am neither optimist nor pessimist, but realist," says Mr. M. R. Jayakar. If you are at a loss to know what exactly M. R. J. means by the last word, he is ready to enlighten you. He assures you that whatever may happen, he for one is determined to await the realities with infinite patience.

Let him further explain himself for your benefit. He will, first, wait and see how the "Joint" will report; next, he will watch how the British Government will frame its Bill on that report; after that, he will wait to see how Parliament will receive that Bill; after that again, he will wait and see what the Government will do in case the Bill is tinkered with by Parliament.

He tells you that he would be eager to know whether the British Government would resign if its plans are seriously interfered with by Parliament.

What next? you may ask. Why! If "Mac" and other friends of M. R. J. don't commit "harkiri," and decide to foist on India a mutilated constitution, he will not advise its boycott, however unworkable it might be. On the other hand, he will make it his sacred mission to demonstrate to the British nation the unworkability of the Constitution, by patiently working at the oil mill as long as that nation remains unconvinced of that unworkability.

Don't ask, what will happen next. Leave M. R. J. at that. Don't you think that he is a 100 per cent realist, as he claims to be?

Readers' Views

LUCKNOW CONFERENCE

To The Editor of "The Chronicle":
Sir.—The All-Parties Muslim Conference at Lucknow was expressly summoned with the sole object of bringing the Muslim leaders on a single political platform. I am sure there was nothing wrong in calling the leaders to compose their differences. Those who raised dissenting voice were distinctly the enemies of unity and progress.

Party politics should never be permitted to dominate over larger interests and welfare of the entire Muslim community. There need be no jubilation at the assumed failure of the Lucknow Conference. The failure of the Conference is not in the hands of a few ill-wishers; it is in the laps of the gods, and it remains to be seen how long the nefarious tactics of a selfish group would prevail over mass reform.

Undoubtedly the Lucknow Conference was the first of its kind which placed before the community a programme for the social, economic and cultural uplift of the neglected Muslim masses. The country should judge the spirit in which the Conference was called by its peaceful resolutions. If the leaders are true to themselves the Lucknow Conference should achieve great success, for the programme is characterised by an honest desire to serve the masses.

The presence of all the important organisations gave a representative character to the Conference and a cordial spirit prevailed during the discussions in the subject committee. The following organisations were represented in the Conference:—1. The All-India Muslim League, the Jamiat-ul-Ulema, Delhi, and the Jamiat-i-Ahmadiyya, the Khilafat Conference, the members of the Legislative Assembly, the Nationalists Muslim Party, the Youth League, the Afghan Jirgah, and three ex-presidents of the so-called Muslim Conference. Delhi were present and took part in the discussions.

The Conference has appointed a permanent board consisting of fifteen members from each of the above organisations. The board is to meet as soon as the sub-committee of this board which is at present sitting to draft rules and regulations finishes its task. Let us hope that those who have withheld their support will join us in our effort to better the condition of the poor masses. The Lucknow Conference has sown the seeds of Hindu-Muslim unity by agreeing to adopt a programme for mass up-lift upon national basis. I hope and pray that in the near future we shall be able to produce an agreed solution to supplement the new constitution which is shortly to be inaugurated in India.—Yours etc.,

M. MAHMUDULLAH,
18, Edmonstone Road,
Allahabad,
Jan. 3.

Vengurla Agriculturists' Plight

To The Editor of "The Chronicle":
Sir.—I shall be obliged if you will kindly insert this letter in your esteemed paper and help the agriculturists of Shiroda and Aravali in Vengurla Taluka and ventilate their grievances.
The Government is well aware of our present position that the economic gloom is cast over us. The prices of commodities have fallen to a very low and unremunerative level. Paddy and coconuts are the only two products on which we have to depend in this part of our Ratnagiri District and that our economic distress is genuine could be easily seen from the fall of prices in the rupee value contained in the following table:—

Years	Paddy 170 Coconuts	Value
1928	16	10
1929	16	8
1930	24	8
1931	24	6
1932	28	5
1933	32	4

The market has still a downward tendency and we don't know how much the prices would decline and how long we would be forced to remain in this plight with general depression in prices and lack of buying power; there is no demand for these local products.

Having thus been found in an economically disastrous condition

and not able to pay full assessment, we the agriculturists have approached the Government through The Revenue Member and the Revenue Commissioner S. D. making an appeal for 25 percent remission in our assessment this year. The Government could easily find the intensity of our economic distresses and pains.—Yours etc.,

AN AGRICULTURIST
Aravali,
January 1.

A Dadar Grievance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle":
Sir.—I have gone through the articles appearing in the valued columns of your popular daily and beg to claim the hospitality of your columns in endorsing their views in toto. The very trend of those articles manifest the views of each and every resident of Dadar. Mr. Muzello has appealed to the authorities to stop the fast local trains at Dadar without hampering the regular traffic on the lines. The railway authorities can very easily regulate their time-table in such a way as to satisfy the bulk of Dadar passengers which I believe out-number others on the suburban line. I am of opinion that the authorities concerned won't pay any heed to our individual suggestions nor will they care to redress our grievances unless and until we forward a joint petition signed by all the passengers of Dadar. I am sure that previous writers will agree with the above suggestion and arrange to draft a petition to be forwarded to the Agent B. B. & C. I. Railway after obtaining the necessary signatures.

No time should be lost in formulating such a petition, since we have been waiting in vain for this imperative change for years. We have so far met with disappointments since the pledges that were held forth were not duly fulfilled. We were under the impression that we might get faster local service when the B. B. & C. I. Railway lines got quadrupled. We were again hoping that we would get the local service electrified the long standing need of Dadar residents would be duly covered. These are, of course, the outstanding features on which we had substantially rested our future hopes. But since we are at present where we were, it is quite essential that we should one and all jointly and collectively, through petitions and representations approach the Railway Authorities concerned and compel them to comply with our request.—Yours etc.,

V. H. COWLEY,
Jan. 5.

Children Murdered For Ornaments

To The Editor of "The Chronicle":
Sir.—Having read in your paper of December 30, 1933, a report headed "Children Disappear—Police Allege Youth Has Kidnapped Them For Ornaments," I beg to say that in India hundreds of children are brutally murdered for ornaments—even petty ornaments. I have collected a large number of such murder cases from papers, from which I beg to quote the following samples:—

- (1) "Nine-year-old girl murdered—strangled by neck."
- (2) "Girl (9) thrown into well."
- (3) "Thana villager to hang—murder of girl (7)."
- (4) "Brutal murder of six-year-old boy."
- (5) "Murder of blind boy by bogus eye doctor."

In one case reported on January 25, 1933, the judge said: "During the last month more than five or six cases have been heard in which young children have been brutally murdered for the sake of some paltry trinkets on their persons."

I pray that educated ladies may kindly resolve to collect Press reports about "Children's Murders for Ornaments" warn people against the terrible consequences of decorating children with ornaments—even petty ornaments, and thereby earn a multitude of blessings.

As a student of the subject and as a humble preacher on the subject for many years past, I beg to say that so long as educated ladies will not take up this question, hundreds of children will continue to be brutally murdered for ornaments.—Yours etc.,

LABHSHANKAR LAXMIDAS,
Junagad,
January 2.

"F. P." Editor Denies Defamation

Statement Submitted To Court In Shaikat Ali Case

Mr. S. Sadanand, editor of the "Free Press Bulletin" and "Free Press Journal," and Mr. D. N. Nadkarni, printer and publisher, filed their written statements at the resumed hearing, on Friday, of the defamation case filed against them by Moulana Shaikat Ali, General Secretary of the Central Khilafat Committee, before Mr. D. N. D. Khondalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Bombay.

The charge against the accused is that they published several articles and reports in the "Free Press Journal" and "Free Press Bulletin" in May 1932 the effect of which lowered both the accused and the Khilafat Committee in the estimation of the public.

In their statements the accused denied that they had defamed the complainant and stated that the articles had been published entirely in good faith and interests of the public. They prayed that the charge against them be dismissed and they be acquitted.

In the course of his lengthy statement, Mr. Sadanand said: "I deny emphatically that either the Free Press Newspapers or myself personally have been actuated, to any degree, by malice or antagonism towards the Muslim community in India in general or the Khilafat Committee and the complainant in particular."

"PUBLISHED IN GOOD FAITH." I submit that the objected passages, forming the subject-matter of the charge framed against me, were published in good faith, for the public good and constitute either news bona fide believed to be substantially accurate or fair comment on matters of public interest.

Referring to the first charge which relates to the report published under the caption: "Blood-stained Knives in Khilafat Van: Khilafat Volunteers Arrested," the accused stated that the report was based on a letter from the police in a Khilafat Ambulance van and that about ten persons, arrested from the van were remanded to custody by Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon. The accused submitted that assuming the imputations in question to be defamatory, which is denied, the complainant in his personal capacity, nor the Central Khilafat Committee had been defamed.

The expression "Khilafat" where it occurs to describe ambulance vans or volunteers, is used in its extended sense, to indicate ambulance vans used by the volunteers of the Muslim community and displaying the Red Crescent, as their emblem.

The complainant's testimony in reference to the first charge is totally unworthy of credence.

As (1) the complainant was not the founder of the Central Khilafat Committee.
(2) The complainant is not in any sense, the head of the Central Khilafat Committee—or its Chief Executive Officer.
(3) The claim of the complainant that he has instituted the present proceedings in a representative capacity is totally untenable and is inconsistent with the unequivocal statement of the complainant himself to the court, viz., "I have filed this complaint in my personal capacity."

"A COMPLAINT." With regard to the conduct of the Muslim volunteers on the 14th May 1932 for whose acts, according to the complainant's own admission, the Central Islamic Board is responsible, it is on record that Dr. Gour, Mr. Hussonally Murtaj and Mr. Yusuf Modina complained in the "Bombay Chronicle" on the 19th May: "That some Khilafat volunteers instead of pacifying the Muslim crowd were instigating and exciting them" and the "Khilafat" volunteers surrounded our car and abused us in most filthy language and began to assault us with lathis and bamboo sticks."

It is also on record, that Khwaja Gulam Ahmed, had complained in the "Ahrar" of 29th May, of attack by Khilafatists and stated in the "Khilafat" of 31st May, that he did not refer to the volunteers of the Khilafat but to volunteers of another corps.

The circumstances in which the objected passages forming the subject-matter of the first charge came to be published, are frankly stated in an editorial entitled, "An explanation," published in the issue of the 22nd May, 1932.

The accused stated that articles written by the complainant were calculated to "create more strife" in the words of Mr. Horniman, "to make trouble" in the words of Mr. Numan, "to create mischief, incite the Muslims and make peace impossible" in the words of the complainant, and this is undoubtedly

the truth of the reports received against Muslim volunteers and ambulance vans, displaying the Red Crescent, and the report was therefore published.

THE SECOND CHARGE. The second charge relates to the publication of a letter of Mr. Abdul Rahman Mitha, under the caption: "Big Brother Beyond Repair." The accused submitted that the imputations in question were not defamatory. It is necessary that the objected passages should be read with due reference to the context in which they appear.

In response to the public invitation to him to explain his last, Mr. Abdul Rahman Mitha, addressed a letter to the editors of newspapers of Bombay, including the "Free Press Journal." The letter was published by the "Bombay Chronicle" and other Bombay newspapers simultaneously with the "Free Press Journal," as it related to a matter of public interest. So far as the "Free Press Journal" was concerned, journalistic etiquette demanded that the text of the letter be published, considering the "Free Press Journal" had attributed publicly certain statements to Mr. Mitha and invited Mr. Mitha to confirm or to contradict them.

WHAT EXPRESSIONS DENOTE. The expressions "Beyond Repair" and "Lost Soul" the accused submitted, should be construed, strictly with reference to the communal problem and the views held by the different schools of thought in regard to efficacious methods of solving them. Mr. Mitha only seeks to convey that, in his view, the complainant has deviated so far from his original Congress principles, that he is "Beyond Repair" or in other words, there is not the remotest prospect of the complainant returning to the Congress fold or co-operating with the Congress and Congressmen, even temporarily, in an emergency like the situation created by the riots, for the common cause of bringing the riots to a speedy end. "Lost Soul" also is an expression which, in the context in which it is used, lends itself to one and only interpretation, namely, that, to a Congress Muslim, like Mr. Mitha, the complainant is a lost leader, regarding whom Congress Muslims like Mr. Mitha have (sic) all hopes of converting them to their point of view, which was also the point of view of the complainant, until he strayed from the fold.

To sum up the objected passages forming the subject-matter of the second charge only convey, that, in the view of Mr. Mitha, the complainant is an irreconcilable communal Muslim politician who will not be dissuaded from converting them to their point of view, whatever efforts may be made to bring moral pressure on him, by fasting etc. Expressions like "Beyond Repair," and "Lost Soul" are used only in the sense of lost leader, i.e., a leader lost to the cause, which he once espoused warmly, but from which he has, owing to a combination of circumstances, recoiled to such an extent that his erstwhile friends and colleagues have lost all hopes of receiving their lost leader once again in their fold in any conceivable length of time.

PEACE COMMITTEE MEETING. The third charge relates to a report of a meeting of the Peace Committee published under the caption: "Another War Speech at Peace Meeting: Damn Your Peace: I shall see what I can do."

The expression used, the accused submitted, only means "inclined to fighting" and denotes, in the context, polemical or controversial speech. A perusal of the complainant's speech as a whole, his rage, his use of unparliamentary language before an audience of that culture presided over by the Mayor of Bombay, his gesture and his conduct in wurling indignity at the meeting and in refusing to obey the Mayor's ruling, all these considered together would, he respectfully submitted, furnish sufficient justification for the caption "War Speech."

The accused, then, invited the Court's attention to the conduct of the complainant immediately after the incident of 19th May 1932. The complainant had, the accused submitted, openly joined the Peace Committee. This was to put it mildly, "work against the Committee" in the words of Mr. Dintimkar.

The accused stated that the articles written by the complainant were calculated to "create more strife" in the words of Mr. Horniman, "to make trouble" in the words of Mr. Numan, "to create mischief, incite the Muslims and make peace impossible" in the words of the complainant, and this is undoubtedly

WORK FOR HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY

(Continued from previous page)

that they will help us on in our renewed task of trying to start with a clean sheet. They must remember that nothing can be achieved without Hindu-Muslim unity and the vital problems before the nation would not be solved till nationalism passes from word and becomes a habit of thought. I cannot understand how a majority like theirs can be communal and what justification can it claim for it.

Will they shed the differences and join hands with us in denouncing and counteracting all organised and individual reactionary movements without looking into community labels?

BENJAMIN FRANCIS BRADLEY

(Continued from previous page)

ley's policy and method will be readily followed by them. What is said by those who differ from him as regards his aims and objects one thing could never be gained that this courageous and indefatigable worker will leave a great gap in the working-class movement of India. He was never a fanatic—a vice which clearly distinguishes him from his other adherents. I do not think Bradley would ever see the shores of India once he leaves them, for like "Sak" he might not now be granted a passport by the British authorities to come here. But, who knows? Perhaps the revolution of times might throw the MacDonald-cum-Baldwin Government out of office and Socialism for which the world is pining might establish its power in Britain and Bradley and the like of him might be permitted to come here to fight British and Indian capitalist forces. In the meanwhile, let us wish him a happy time in the land of his birth and rest and joy after a terrific time in India.

INDIA'S SWIFT WORK IN FIELD

(Continued from Page 1)

on two occasions and on both occasions a batsman was hit. JARDINE'S STRATEGY. Jardine's batting order for the England XI reveals his clever strategy even in this respect. He promoted Langridge to No. 5, even above himself, and Valentine with the deliberate purpose of introducing the stiffening element in case of a minor collapse (which was what happened) and no better choice than this stodgy left-hander could have been made for that purpose. Then, after Valentine, another steady left-handed batsman in Nicholas was available and between him and Verity a forcing batsman in Townsend was there to paste the tired bowling.

INDIA'S CHANCE.

Everything, therefore, now depends on how the bowlers fare tomorrow. Their success will mean an open fight still. On the other hand, if England pile up a big score, India will again be faced with the uphill fight on a wicket which cannot but be affected by two days' play.

CROWD IN GOOD HUMOUR. Calcutta's big crowd (whose response to general reduction in prices of seats was spontaneous) was in good humour throughout and only once did they have a say in the matter of how the game should progress when they barraged Jardine for not making a scoring stroke.

(For Details See Page 16).

"work against the Committee" in the words of Mr. Dintimkar.

In conclusion the accused stated that in publishing the passages which form the subject-matter of the charges framed against him, he had been actuated entirely by a sense of public duty and that, as an editor he discharged his duties to the public in good faith and for the protection of the interests of the public and for the public good. He denied that he had defamed the complainant, and prayed that he may be acquitted.

MR. NADKARNI'S STATEMENT.

Mr. D. N. Nadkarni, the second accused admitted that he was the publisher of the "Free Press Journal." He denied that he had been actuated by malice or animosity towards the Muslim community in India in general or the Khilafat Committee and the complainant in particular when he published the objected passages, which form the subject-matter of the charges framed against him. He prayed that he be acquitted.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Plague Scare

Is there plague in the City? The Municipal Commissioner ordered the Standing Committee on Friday that the City was free from this fell disease. The citizens of Bombay are, however, perturbed by the report that some dead plague rats have been found in Goral and Bhayandar. It will be pertinent to know what Government proposes to do in case of an epidemic breaking out. The present policy of Government in relation to plague aims at the denial of access to man to infected rats and their fleas and also at counteracting the effects of infection. To achieve the former object rat destruction and the evacuation of infected areas are the means employed. The latter object is served by inoculation. The Director of Public Health employs temporarily a number of trained inoculators of the subordinate medical service. These inoculators are sent on the application of the Collectors to those districts the residents of which appear likely to take advantage of inoculation. The vaccine is obtained from the Haffkine Institute and inoculation is not charged for.

City's Milk Supplies

The scheme of a central depot from which the citizens of Bombay can draw their supplies of milk is at last about to fructify. There was a meeting of dairymen in the City last week at which it was resolved to take advantage of the subsidy guaranteed by the Municipality.

The proposal is to bring milk from Gujarat and distribute it in Bombay. The subsidy is to encourage successful management of the business by any enterprising company.

The belief that pure milk can not be obtained except at four annas per seer, has been disproved by the fact that the Bombay Municipality have contracted to obtain the supplies to the hospitals at 2 annas 9 pies per seer. With the price of milk now at its lowest ebb, the City can look forward to obtaining its supplies at a very low rate.

The question naturally arises whether the milk which would be stored and brought from Gujarat would be pasteurised? That being the only process which is recognised to guarantee the purity of the milk, it is to be hoped, the promoters will not lose sight of this factor.

Reaction Of Depression.

Trade Depression, which has been the cause of misery and unemployment all over the world, had had its reactions in Bombay and several thousand industrial workers have been thrown out of employment to an extent previously unknown in Bombay, which is the premier industrial city in India. Hundreds of workers were given notices to quit in the first two months of

the year. Later unemployment went on steadily increasing, throwing out of employment several thousands of additional workers from the mills, Railways and the Docks. Besides the industrial workers there are thousands of "intellectuals" who are roaming about the city without any employment.

Growing Unemployment

The following figures about the textile workers of the city would give one an idea of the extent of unemployment prevailing in the city. There are 76 textile mills in the City. As early as February 1933, several of the mills closed down due to Trade Depression resulting in thousands of workers being thrown into the streets. Some time later, some of the mills introduced the three-sided and six-room system, which meant extra work for the worker. As a protest against the introduction of this system without any additional remuneration some mill-workers went on strike and the mills were ultimately closed. Then came the wage-cut and the dear food allowance cut. Workers protested against these cuts and there were more strikes and some more mills closed down. Sometimes it happened that a mill which had closed down, re-opened and after working for a few days closed down again. In this way forty mills in the City were involved in this "Closing Down Mania" in the year 1933. Out of the 76 mills in the City, approximately half of them were closed down throughout the year. The workers, who were thus affected were 61,163. The last two months of the year things seemed to improve and some of the mills that had been closed down re-started and when the year 1934 began, there were 22 mills not working, keeping 45,000 workers unemployed. These figures refer only to the Textile Industry and the same may be said about the other industries in the City.

Unless the technique and management of these mills are improved, things would continue to be the same in spite of the Indo-Japanese Agreement.

Karnataka Music.

The occasion seldom occurs when Radio-fans in Bombay are given the opportunity of hearing good Karnataka music. One such rare occasion was on Friday night. They were entertained to an hour's after-dinner music, when several well-known Karnataka songs sung by Mrs. Venkatram were relayed from the Bombay Radio Station at Ballard Estate. Mrs. Venkatram, who possesses a melodious voice, delighted her hearers with her interpretation of South Indian music. Added to the melody of her voice, was her mastery rendering of the Veena, one of the most delicate of Indian instruments to master, which lent just that required accompaniment to her voice.

MAHATMA'S TOUR IN MAHARASHTRA

(From Our Correspondent),
POONA Jan. 5.

The Maharashtra Literary Conference at Nagpur attracted quite a large number. The general impression about the Conference is that it was more political than literary as was inevitable owing to the fact that Mr. K. P. Khadiolkar presided. The expectations were that there would be some lead in the matter of Maharashtra university, but that question was treated in somewhat negatively manner. Mr. K. P. Khadiolkar's speech is greatly appreciated for the psychology behind it.

CONGRESS WORKERS' TOUR IN MAHARASHTRA.

Messrs. N. V. Gadgil, T. R. Deogirkar and R. B. Talegaonkar were also out of Poona. Mr. N. V. Gadgil delivered speeches at Nagpur, Akola and Khamgaon from Jalgaon he joined Messrs. T. R. Deogirkar and R. B. Talegaonkar, and the three addressed meetings at Jalgaon, Dhulia, and Naskin on the 29th, 30th and 31st of December, respectively.

Interviewed Mr. N. V. Gadgil said that his experience was that the whole province was dead against the White Paper and approved its total rejection.

SATHE'S PEOPLES CONFERENCE

The State's People Conference is over and beyond passing a number of resolutions it has done nothing. Hence, naturally, the younger section is disappointed.

Some of the workers in Anti-Untouchability field are anxious to have Mahatma's tour in Maharashtra. And it is understood that efforts are being made in that direction.

A STRANGE RECOMMENDATION

(From Our Correspondent),
BROACH Jan. 5.

The local Municipal Management Committee has made a strange recommendation to Bombay Government. At present there are forty members of the Municipality. Now the Management Committee has requested the Government to reduce this number to thirty. It is strange to note that when the country is agitating for wider franchise while the Management Committee is requesting the Government to take away what is already given.

MAULANA MAHOMED ALI'S ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATED.

The third anniversary of Maulana Mahomedali was celebrated here by the Anjuman-i-Ikhvatal Islam to-day at Gal. bunsha's mosque at 10 p.m. Prayers were offered for the soul of the late Maulana.

OFFICIAL & SOCIAL

Prince Azam Jah Bahadur of Hyderabad and Staff Officer lunched at Government House on Thursday.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne gave a Garden Party at Government House to meet the Delegates of the Indian Science Congress on Thursday.

Field Marshal the Earl and Countess of Cavan and Miss Mulholland arrived at Government House on Thursday.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne dined with the Hon. Alexander Shaw on the s.s. "Malaja" on Thursday.

Psychology Section

Stop This Waste Of Human Material

M. Banerji Urges Mental Tests For Students

A picture of the careers of 80 per cent of the youth of the country being blasted for ever because they had chosen the wrong profession and the need for the application of psychological tests to give vocational guidance to students was emphasised by Mr. Manmathanath Banerji of Calcutta addressing the Indian Science Congress on "Applied Psychology" on Friday morning.

He thought it necessary that every scholar should be given mental and scholastic tests, at least twice during his career and his personality tested to detect if anything went wrong, by one thoroughly trained in Experimental Psychology and Psychoanalysis.

In every civilized country, attempts were being made to utilise the science of psychology in practical life. For the salvation of so vast a country as India, a hundred times more extensive and intensive work on psychology was necessary. There was much scope for Laboratories and Institutes, not necessary in the universities and colleges only but managed by outside agencies as well.

His experience led him to emphasise the two aspects of applied psychology, namely, vocational guidance and selection and industrial psychology.

HOW WEST DOES IT

In America, Europe and Japan besides the tackling of the problem of the mentally diseased and the deficient, of the criminally disposed child, and of finding out the best method of training children, psychological research was being utilised for what was known as vocational guidance. A boy or a girl in London for instance after completing school career at the age of 15 had to face in company with his or her parents the representatives of the Ministry of Labour, the Education and the Medical officers of London County Council, the Head Master or the Head Mistress and a psychological expert of the University of London for the purpose of vocational guidance. There were Bureaux which kept accurate information about vacancies in different industries. The vocational Advisory Committee and the Bureau worked together and the recent tendency in England was to put people trained in vocational psychology in charge of schools for boys or girls.

For the lack of a system in India of well considered vocational guidance there was enormous waste of human material resulting in unavoidable unemployment and economic deterioration.

WANTED PSYCHOLOGISTS

The emergency required that universities should frame regulations for appointing for every school one medical man and a psychologist thoroughly trained in psychology and psychoanalysis to conduct periodic examination of the physical and mental state of every boy or girl in the school with a view to formulating remedial measures. It will require an extensive application of intensive methods and will take at least 10 years to bear fruits.

If one looked into the condition of the scholars who prosecute studies beyond the matriculation one would find that 95 per cent of them had no aim in life. They drift along the wave of circumstances.

Speaking of industrial psychology, the speaker said that in

REVOLVER DUEL

Story Of Alleged Challenge By Khadi Worker In Gun Theft Case

RAJSHAHI, Jan. 5. Sensational revelations were made to-day in the court of the Sub-Divisional Officer sitting as Special Magistrate under the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act in connection with the case in which Karik Chandra Sarkar an inmate of the Khadi Pratisthan, (Atrai Branch) stands charged with having written a letter in October last to Mr. Martin the then District Magistrate of Rajshahi threatening him with dire consequences unless all persons arrested in connection with the Boala Gun theft case were released forthwith.

The prosecution alleges that the accused in that letter described himself as a leader of the Nor Bengal revolutionary organisation and challenged Mr. Martin to a revolver duel if he did not agree to comply with his demand. The specimen handwriting tallied with the accused's as also did the quality of the ink used in that letter with that found in the accused's residence at Atrai. (United Press).

INDIAN SCIENCE CONGRESS

The following is the programme of the Indian Science Congress for to-day (Saturday):— 10 a.m.—1 p.m. Sectional Meetings. 2 p.m.—5 p.m. Excursions to places of scientific and technical interest:—

(i) Meteorological Observatory, Colaba; (ii) Electric sub-station of the Tata Power Co., Dharavi; (iii) Western India Leather Works, Dharavi; (iv) Jageshwar Caves; (v) Rubber Factory, Jageshwar; (vi) Ismail College, Jageshwar; (vii) "Times of India" Press.

6-30 p.m. Popular Lecture by Mr. S. R. Kantabhat on "Electrical Transmission of Pictures". Week-end (from Saturday, 6th January, night to Monday, 8th January, evening) Excursions:— Poona: Educational, Scientific and Industrial Institutions. Bhaghat: The Lloyd Dam. Bhore: Reception at the Palace of the Chief of Bhore.

Khopoli: Tata Hydro-Electric Power Station. Walwan: The Lake for the Power Station. Talegaon: Paisa Fund Glass Works. Ambarnath: Dharamshi Morari Chemical Works.

NEXT SESSION IN CALCUTTA

The decision to hold the next session of the Indian Science Congress at Calcutta was reached at a meeting of the General Committee of the Indian Science Congress Association held in the Royal Institute of Science on Friday.

The Committee elected Dr. J. H. Hutton, Census Commissioner for India, as President of the next session of the Congress.

The Presidents for the various sections were also elected.

SOIL SCIENCE. There was also a meeting of the joint section of Agricultural Chemistry and Botany at which the question of starting a national section of the International Society of Soil Science was considered.

The meeting appointed a representative Committee to consider this question in all its aspects.

Anthropological Section

HISTORY OF "SRAMANISM"

Indian Philosophy Is Its Contribution To Culture

The history of the civilization of the Hindus from literary sources and lithic monuments was traced by Rai Bahadur Ramprasad Chanda in his presidential address to the section of Anthropology of the Indian Science Congress which met at the Royal Institute of Science on Friday morning.

The subject of the address was "Sramanism." In the course of the speech he said:—

No problem of Indian ethnography has attracted greater attention of the anthropologists than the origin of caste. In Brahmanic texts with caste is associated another institution called 'sramana' order and Brahmanic Hinduism bears the name 'Varnasramadharma', the 'dharma' of castes and orders. The term 'dharma' not only denotes religion, but also law, both written and customary, and hereafter I shall use this word

in original without attempting to give its English equivalent. Like four primary castes, there are four 'sramanas' or orders, the order of the Vedic students (brahmacarin), the order of the householders (grihastha), the order of the hermits in the wood (vanaprastha), and the order of the religious mendicants (bhiksu, yati, sanyasin or paribrajaka). "SRAMANISM"

The sharp difference of opinion that existed among the different early schools of Vedanta over the question whether a man should renounce the order of householders and turn a sramana for gaining knowledge of Brahman-Atman is not without historical significance.

The spirit of renunciation and self-sacrifice is the underlying principle of Sramanism, the lecturer said though he was of opinion that renunciation of the world is not reconcilable with

Chemistry Section

INDIA SHOULD DEVELOP HER MINERAL RESOURCES

Pay Increasing Attention To Efficiency Of India's Educational System, Urges Dr. H. B. Dunncliffe

A review of the part which Chemistry may play in India's future not only in the field of disciplined scientific achievement but also in the sphere of intellectual culture was given by Dr. H. B. Dunncliffe, Professor of Chemistry, Government College, Lahore, in his presidential address to the Chemistry section of the Indian Science Congress which met at the Royal Institute of Science on Friday morning.

He stressed the need of paying increasing attention to the efficiency of our educational system with a view to ensure sound training in theoretical and practical chemistry involving the provision of technical institutions in every city of commercial importance in India.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Other national obligations according to the speaker were, the organisation of Pharmacy, the introduction of a Food and Drugs Act in every province, the establishment of laboratories for public health, provision for better sanitation and regulated sewage disposal, which properly administered served a dual function of improving public health and fertilising the land.

The Professor invoked the sympathy of all Governments and private employers and requested them to offer to chemists such terms of engagement and prospects as will enable them to carry out their duty free from anxiety about the necessities of life and without embarrassment concerning the suitable education of their children.

The speaker did not agree with those who suggested that such subjects as chemical technology were strictly speaking outside the scope of university teaching and that instruction in these subjects should be given in special institutes. He held that since the study of modern sciences had as their sole object the improvement of the conditions and amenities of life they were cultural and was emphatically in favour of professional subjects being taught within the scope of the university.

LABORATORY

He was of the opinion that every university which teaches chemistry the Honour School or Master's degree stage should have, as part of its standard equipment, a laboratory in which small scale models of the commoner plant employed in chemical manufacture are available for actual operation. These should not merely be demonstrated to the students, but should be used by them as part of the standard practical curriculum. The number of qualified chem-

CHARGES FRAMED IN DACOTY CASE

RANGPUR, Jan. 5. Charges under section 392 (Robbery), 397 (Dacoity with attempt to cause death) 307 (attempted murder) read with section 34 and 324 (causing hurt by means of dangerous weapons) of the I.P.C. were framed by the Special Tribunal to-day, against Kumud Behari Mukherjee Narandadas, Krishnadas Sen and Rajmohan Karanjia who are standing trial in connection with the Kurigram Train Dacoity case. All the four accused pleaded not guilty. (United Press).

Economic Conference Concludes Session

CHIDAMBARAM, Jan. 5. The 17th Session of the Indian Economic Conference concluded to-day. The annual general meeting of the Indian Economic Association was held when Professor C. N. Vakil of the Bombay University who was for several years been the General Secretary of the Association, was unanimously elected President for the coming year. He will preside at the next conference to be held at Patna under the auspices of the Patna University. Doctor L. C. Jain of the Punjab University has been elected General Secretary of the Association. —A. P.

International Chess Tournament

(SPECIAL CABLE) LONDON, Jan. 5. The International Chess Tournament at Hastings was won the third year in succession by Selo Fiohr, a young Czechoslovakian. Lubiental was second. World champion Alekhine, was the third. He did not lose a single game but drew five.

TO ADVANCE U.S. FOREIGN TRADE

Close Co-ordination Between Federal Agencies Suggested

(SPECIAL CABLE)

NEW YORK, Jan. 5. The creation of the new Government corporation to facilitate the development of foreign trade has been recommended to President Roosevelt by Mr. Peek former Farm Administrator, whose proposal is supported by Professor Tugwell and other members of the Brain Trust, according to the "New York Times".

The Corporation would possess powers hitherto exercised by the State Department. Mr. Peek further recommended that all Federal agencies concerned in the promotion of foreign trade should closely be co-ordinated under the new institution which should be empowered to negotiate direct with foreign Governments.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA ALL OUT FOR 246

Sheffield Shield Match With New South Wales

(SPECIAL CABLE)

SYDNEY, Jan. 5. In the Sheffield Shield match between South Australia and New South Wales, South Australia batting first were all out for 246 (Nischnie 130 not out). New South Wales had made 33 for no loss at the close. Bradman is not playing as he is resting owing to strained back.

In celebration of the Moulana Mohamed Ali Day, prayers were offered on Friday in 14 premier mosques in Lahore for the peace of the soul of the departed leader. —United Press.

INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

An Appeal For Help

The following influentially signed appeal has been issued:— Prof. Dhondo Keshav Karve has devoted the whole of his lifelong labour with great self-sacrifice, to the cause of imparting higher education to Indian women, and the crystallised result of that labour is the Indian Women's University.

The late Sir Vithaldas Damodar Thackersey made a very noble and magnanimous donation of a fund of rupees fifteen lakhs and the University has had the good fortune of enjoying the income of that fund for the last ten years. It is now seventeen years since the University came into existence. The University is at present conducting four colleges at Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bombay and Poona and sixteen high schools at important towns like Sind-Hyderabad, Nagpur, Ahmedabad, Baroda, Surat, Bombay, Poona, Decan Hyderabad, Satara, Belgam, etc. The total number of girls receiving education in this University is above 2,500 and instruction is imparted in Gujarati, Marathi, Telugu, Hindi, etc.

The total annual expenditure of the University is about Rs. 70,000; and even after practising every possible economy, reducing salaries and carrying on the work with great self-sacrifice, there is now an annual deficit of about Rs. 30,000 to 35,000. The enormity of the economic difficulties of the University, can thus be easily imagined.

This is the only institution of its kind in India, which provides secondary and higher education for women only. Mr. Karve and his co-workers have given the whole of their lives to the cause. The concrete results of their labours have only just begun to be visible, and at this critical juncture, the institution is suffering for want of funds. If such an institution, which its promoters have brought into existence at such great self-sacrifice, is allowed to suffer, not for want of self-sacrifice, but for want of funds, that will be a national tragedy. Every moneyed person, nay even people of moderate means, should, being inspired by the noble example of Prof. Karve and others, treat the helping of this institution as a moral obligation and thereby, repay to some extent their debt to their Motherland.

Indian women are the mothers of the future Indian nation, and on their mental, physical and moral and industrial uplift and betterment, the future welfare of the nation will always depend. This institution has, for many years, been carrying out that work successfully and it is, therefore, incumbent on every public-spirited man and woman to help to keep this institution afloat in this critical condition.

Though we fully realise the present financial difficulties of everybody, yet we must appeal to every one to come forward with generous help, even at personal sacrifice for the cause, realising the duty of every Indian to help the cause of Education. Whatever help is generously given

by the public will be handed over in the form of a purse for the use of the University, to Prof. Dhondo Keshav Karve on the occasion of the celebration of his 76th birthday on 18th April, 1934.

SIGNATORIES:

His Holiness Shree Shankaracharya (Dr. Kurukoti). Mr. S. S. Patkar. Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar. Mr. G. B. Pradhan. Dr. G. V. Deshmukh. Mr. P. B. Shingne. Mr. J. B. Petit. Dr. M. D. D. Glider, M.L.C. Mr. Amritlal V. Thakkar. Dr. V. R. Khanolkar. Prof. G. R. Paranjape. Mr. L. R. Padnis. Mr. P. V. Kane. Mr. N. B. Bakhale. Mr. S. A. Brelvi. Mr. Sundaradas Morarji. Mr. M. N. Talpade. Mr. S. K. Pupala. Mr. M. V. Dande. Mr. K. J. Chitalia. Mr. D. S. Agarkar. Mr. R. K. Tatin. Mr. D. S. Babrekar. Mr. J. B. Boman Behram. Dr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A. Dr. A. S. Erukar. Mr. V. G. Rele. Prof. P. R. Avati. Dr. I. N. Choksey. Mr. N. A. Purandare. R. B. S. K. Bole. Dr. M. B. Velkar. Mr. R. K. Dhuru. Mr. V. S. Raut. Mr. M. B. Bhatavadekar. Mr. B. N. Gokhale. Mr. S. S. Parsha. Mr. D. P. Joshi. Mr. C. V. Mehta. Mr. Justice H. V. Divatia. Mayor M. C. Javle. Mr. Velji Lakhamsi Nappu. Mr. Jannadas M. Mehta. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu. Lady Vidyaagowri R. Nilkanth. Mrs. Sonaba Jayakar. Mrs. Antatikabai Gokhale. Mrs. Khadija Shufi Tyabji. Mrs. Annapurabai Deshmukh. Mrs. Yamunabai Hirlekar. Mrs. Malinibai Paranjape. Mrs. Shantabai Avati. Mrs. Seetabai Annigeri. Mrs. Saralabai Bhawe. Mrs. Laxmibai Salvekar.

CENTRAL OFFICIAL AID COMMITTEE:

President: Dr. (Mrs.) Malinibai Sukhatankar, M.B. B.S. Chairman: Sir G. B. Pradhan. Vice-Chairman: Mr. L. R. Padnis. Vice-Presidents: (1) Mr. D. G. Dalvi, M.A., LL.B.; (2) Prof. V. G. Rao, B.A., LL.B.; Bar-at-Law, O.A.; (3) Mr. G. G. Navare; (4) Mr. G. V. Salvekar, B.A. Treasurer: Dr. K. S. Mhaskar, M.A., M.D. Secretaries: Miss Leelabai Mitra, M.A.; Mr. L. G. Vinze; Mr. R. G. Vijaykar and Mr. A. G. Puntambekar. NOTE:—The above-shown Central Official Aid Committee has been elected to do the needful in this matter. The office of the Committee is in the premises of Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

AUSTRALIANS LOSE TWO MATCHES

Madras Open Championship Tennis Results

MADRAS, January 5.

High class Tennis was provided this evening in the Madras United Club Open Championship Tennis Tournament when five more matches were played off. Australians appeared in three matches whereof they won one and lost two.

The following are the results: MEN'S DOUBLES: Ford and Jacob beat Savour and Elliot 6/0, 6/4.

MEN'S SINGLES: Brook Edmullen and Naryanaswami beat Stephen and Davis 6/3/4.

MIXED DOUBLES: Mistress Colam and Islam Ahmed beat Miss Harvey Johnstone and Blake 2/6, 6/4/5.

Miss Bonjour and Brooke Edwards beat Mistress Gowper and Venkatramanulu 6/1/6/0.—A. P.

Benares, Jan. 5.—The Hon. Sir Fazle Hussain, Education Member visited the Hindu University to-day, and was received by the Vice-Chancellor, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the Pro-Vice-Chancellor, Mr. Dhruva, Principal Mr. King and other members of the staff.—A. P.

BRITISH LIVES MUST BE PROTECTED

Foreshadow Of Further Air Raids On Nanking

PEIPING, Jan. 5. Following the recent air-bombing of rebel headquarters Amoy and Foochow, the Chinese Government have requested the withdrawal of Britishers into Nantai and Kulagshien.

The British authorities have replied that they expect Chinese Government to afford full protection to British lives and property at Fukien.

American authorities have sent a similar communication. The request is presumably a foreshadow of further air-raids by a powerful fleet of aeroplanes on Nanking.—Reuter.

Lahore, Jan. 5.—Bela Singh has been found murdered in mysterious circumstances. The victim is said to have incurred the enmity of some Indian revolutionaries when he was in Canada. His body was found last week in a field through which he was presumably passing. Police have taken the investigation in hand.—A. P.

The Greatest of All Mystery Thrillers.
COMES to the Focus of Bombay's Best Talkies
THE CARLTON TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
SUNDAY MORNING SHOW AT 10 A.M.

EARL DERR BIGGERS'

world-famous detective, Charlie Chan, again, solves a baffling murder and frees a girl to find happiness and romance!



CHARLIE CHAN'S
Greatest CASE
with **WARNER ORLAND**
and **HEATHER ANGEL**

fallen to a very low and un-communicative level. Paddy and bogus eye doctor."

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY at
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.



"CAPTURED!"

Free List Entirely Suspended.

It is a General Tendency

with us all to admire a kiddie. And if he has some virtues specially the degree of admirations rises high above

and that is why our—SARASWATEE CINETONE'S—

Bhakta Pralhad

is drawing packed houses
for last 3 weeks and here begins

4th Glorious Week

Master MOHAN, Miss RATNAPRABHA, Miss SHAKUNTALA, Mr. SALVI, VASANT PEHELWAN, Master VITHAL

MAJESTIC CINEMA Girgaum

Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays
First class rate reduced to annas 14 to enable everybody to see and hear this masterpiece.

BOMBAY THEATRE MOBBED

SINCE 30TH DECEMBER
There has been such
A TREMENDOUS RUSH, TO SEE
VISHNU CINETONE GRAND
MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA

SURYA KUMARI

that it was found very difficult for the management to cope with the situation.

Hence begins its
GLORIOUS 2ND WEEK

KRISHNA CINEMA

Time: 5-15, 8-0, 10-45 p.m.
Saturday and Sunday: Matinee 2-45 p.m.

The Company will proceed to Akola and will commence their plays from 14th January 1934.

Under the kind patronage of His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda

GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI

at the
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

NO PLAY TO-NIGHT

SUNDAY, the 7th January
At 3-30 p.m.

SWAYAMVAR

MASTER KRISHNA will play the role of Rukhmini.
Booking at the theatre daily from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.

Royal Opera House TO LET
Apply:—ARYAN ELECTRIC COY.,
Portuguese Church Naka,
Girgaum. Tel. No. 24725.

NATURE'S CURE

Vitamins A and D
in correct proportion are contained in
DR. DE JONGH'S
LIGHT BROWN

COD LIVER OIL

Highly recommended for over 80 years by leading medical authorities in the treatment of
CONSUMPTION, DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND CHEST, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, RHEUMATISM, RICKETS, INFANTILE AND ALL
WASTING DISEASES
Prepared from the finest Norwegian Oils by a process which does not destroy the VITAMINS it is the MOST RELIABLE, MOST PALATABLE, MOST EASILY DIGESTED and MOST SPEEDILY EFFICACIOUS.

RUNNING THIS WEEK.
GREATEST CINE-STUNT-KING
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
GOES
AROUND THE WORLD
IN
80 MINUTES

How does he manage in only 80 minutes? Come and see.

GLOBE TALKIES

Sandhurst Road.
Time: 5-30, 8, 10-30
Friday, Saturday and Sunday and Holidays at 3 p.m.

Next week Universal
EAST OF BORNEO.

FAREWELL PERFORMANCES.

MAHARASHTRA-KOKEEL
SHANKARRAO SARNAIK'S
Under the kind patronage of His Highness Sawai Tukejee-rao Holkar Sarkar Bahadur, Indore.

YESHWANT SANGIT MANDALI

GRANT ROAD—BOMBAY THEATRE

SATURDAY, the 6th January
At 8-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, the 7th January
At 3-30 p.m.

SATYAGRAHI

by
Mr. S. A. Shukla.

Rates of admission Rs. 3-6, 2-4, 1-12, 1-2, annas 12 and 9. Booking at the Theatre.
Proprietor: G. Manager: S. R. SARNAIK B. G. POWAR

THE EMPIRE

TO-DAY at
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

The Popular Comedians
TOM WALLS **RALPH LYNN**

"A CUCKOO IN THE NEST"

By BEN TRAVERS

Free List Entirely Suspended.

REVOLUTION

In Cinedom of India

NEVER BEFORE HAS MUSIC BEEN SO NICELY PUT IN, IN INDIAN TALKIES

The Grandeur of Back-ground Music
The melodies of Human tunes—
Music conveying the right message of the occurrences
YOU WILL SIMPLY ADORE IT

SHYAM CINETONE'S 1ST MUSICAL TALKIE

PARTH - KUMAR

(MARATHI)

or the FEAST OF DELICIOUS MUSIC
Masterly characters played by the well-known stars of Indian Screen
Dialogues to catch your heart

Wait A-While—It Is Shortly Coming

KRISHNA CINEMA

DUBASH THEATRE

For Booking apply To: Shyam Cinetone, Kolhapur.

THE GREAT PICTURE IS BEING SHOWN

in its

5th Glorious Week

The Story thousands years past when the Mighty Romans were at the summit of glory. The Jew was the curse of the day and was persecuted like dogs in street.

A ROMAN CHIEFTAIN IN LOVE WITH A JEWESS

THE MASTERLY CHARACTERS PLAYED SKILFULLY BY THE NEW THEATRES STARS
NEW THEATRES LTD. (CALCUTTA'S) MUSICAL MASTERPIECE

Yahoodi=ki=Larki

Featuring

RATANBAI, TARABAI, SAIGAL, NEWAB, BEG HAMEED, PAHARI SANYAL, KUMAR.

MELODIES SWEET—PHOTOGRAPHY CLEAR AND DIALOGUES HEART-RENDING

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MINERVA TALKIES Lamington Road.

Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

Matinee at 3 p.m. on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays

The Unequalled Masterpiece in its 2nd GLORIOUS WEEK

the life of The Great woman of Hindu Mythology depicted in the truest lights with the correct and unique back-ground of the World-famous ELLORA CAVES
GANDHARVA CINETONE'S 1ST H INDI MUSICAL MASTERPIECE

MAHANANDA

starring Miss Padmadevi, the Bulbul of Bengal

supported by
MASTER MUBARAK, MADHUKAR GUPTA SHANTARAM, RAJA PANDIT, KAMALAVATI, SHIRIN BANU

Melodies supreme, Scenes delightful, dialogues heart-rending
Art Direction: Mr. Juvekar
Music Direction: Mr. M. G. Tembe
Scenario and Dialogues: Pandit Indrachandra.

Photography: Mr. Govardhan Patel
Recording: Mr. Yeshwantrao Kothare.

Recording System: Audio Camex
Direction: Mr. Baburao Patel, the Well-known Director of Indian Screen.

Don't fail to see and hear the masterpiece at

IMPERIAL CINEMA

Lamington Road,

Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee at 3 p.m. on Saturday Sunday and Holidays.



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OF
1934

SHREE MAHALAXMI CINETONE PRESENT

Radha Mohan or Nand-ke-Lala

with
Brilliant Stars { Miss ZUBEIDABANU as Radha
Master MODAK as Lord Krishna

COMING SHORTLY AT... **IMPERIAL CINEMA**

LAMINGTON ROAD

Latest Commercial News.

GENERAL TREND IN COTTON UNDECIDED

New York Cotton Prices 8 Points Down

INDETERMINATE EFFECTS OF ROOSEVELT'S BUDGETARY PROPOSALS

Steady Tone In Bullion And Grains But Linseed Weak

Bombay, January 5. On Friday, the sterling dollar and the Sterling Franc cross rates witnessed small fluctuations with an uncertain future trend.

SEESAW FLUCTUATIONS IN NEW YORK COTTON. As a result of President Roosevelt's Budgetary proposals, the New York cotton market witnessed seesaw fluctuations today. The general trend was undecided and speculative activity was dormant. Yesterday's rise was well maintained although traders await further development before committing themselves to speculative operations. There was some southern selling also.

GRAINS STEADY BUT LINSEED WEAK. London gold and silver prices ruled quiet but steady today. Chicago wheat and Rye also ruled steady but Argentine Linseed was depressed further in the absence of fresh inquiry from abroad.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN FIRM. The Indian Sterling Loan improved further today and closed at 288.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(May 1934.)	
New York, January 5.	
Previous closing	10.73
To-day's opening	10.74
Difference	plus .01
To-day's closing	10.65
Difference	-.08

Broach Expectation Rs. 192.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(May 1934.)	
Liverpool, January 5.	
Previous closing	5.27
To-day's opening	5.34
Difference	plus .07
To-day's closing	5.37
Difference	plus .10

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, January 5. Indeterminate effects of President Roosevelt's budgetary proposals were well reflected by today's seesaw fluctuations on the cotton market where the general trend was very much undecided owing to the alternate influence of buying and selling. However yesterday's rise was well maintained although prices were unable to make any headway against a hesitancy in some quarters to await further developments before committing themselves to speculative operations.

Dealings in May started at 10.74, i.e., one point higher. Trading was fairly active on some speculative buying but price movements then became rather erratic. However the underlying sentiment was steady influenced by better Liverpool advices. May eased to 10.69 due to some southern selling and realising but subsequently the rate lifted to 10.73 on foreign inquiry with the quotation then hovering around yesterday's closing level.

Finally the market closed at 10.65 with a decline of 8 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, January 5. The following were the opening quotations:—
January (10.21/10.21) 10.47/10.47
March (10.38/10.37) 10.60/10.55
May (10.52/10.50) 10.75/10.74.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, January 5. The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—
American January 5.33.
American March 5.38.
Egyptian January 7.98.
Egyptian March 7.88.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations	
T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.	
New York, January 5.	
Previous closing	5.15 3/8
To-day's closing	5.09 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, January 5.	
Previous closing	5.14 3/4
To-day's opening	5.15 1/2
To-day's closing	5.11 3/4
Difference	-.03

FRANC RATE

London, January 5.	
Previous closing	82.84
To-day's opening	82.68
To-day's closing	83.21
Difference	plus .37

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, January 5. London Exchanges opened with the Sterling Dollar at 5.15-1/4 but thereafter fell to 5.14-1/8 declining further to 5.12-1/4 and finally closed at 5.11 3/4. Franc opened at 82.68 but appreciated to 82.78 and further gained ground gradually touching 83.03 and closed at 83.21.

LONDON SILVER.

London, January 5. China and America bought and the continent sold. The market was quiet.

Spot	Forward	Last price	To-day's price.
19 1/8d.	19 1/8d.	19 1/8d.	19 1/8d.

LONDON GOLD.

London, January 5. Last price To-day's price.

Gold price fine per oz. 267/6 267/6

BULLION.

London, January 5. Influx (nil) nil. Withdrawal (nil) nil. Gold (267/6) 267/6. Silver (19 1/8d.) 19 1/8d.

DISCOUNTS

London, January 5. 3 month (11 3/2 p.c.) 11 1/2 p.c. 4 months (13 3/2 p.c.) 13 3/2 p.c. 6 months (11 3/2 p.c.) 11 3/2 p.c.

CROSS-RATES.

London, January 5. (3-30 p.m.)
London on Bombay (1.61/16) 1.61 1/16.
Paris on Bombay (6.24/34) 6.25 1/16.
New York on Bombay (38.75/38.75)
Berlin on Bombay (1.03) 1.03 1/2.
London on Milan (61.81) 61.95.
London on Shanghai (1.41/8) 1.41 1/8.
London on Kobe (1.215/32) 1.215 32.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, January 5. Liverpool wheat opened steady at 52 for March, at 53-1/2 for May and 54-3/4 for July, i.e., about 3/8 penny higher. Business was fairly active on improved buying influenced by better foreign cables and a good volume of business was put through.

CHICAGO WHEAT MARKET.

Chicago, January 5. Chicago Wheat opened steady with May at 84-7/8, July at 83-3/8, and September at 84-1/2. Trading was fairly active on improved buying by commission houses and better foreign inquiry.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE.

Chicago, January 5. Chicago oats opened steady with May at 37-1/2 and July at 35-3/4 while trading in Rye was started with May at 48-1/4 and July at 50. The market displayed good interest but uncertainty surrounding the monetary situation checked speculative activity.

ARGENTINE LINSEED.

Buenos Aires, January 5. The Argentine linseed market continued to be further depressed owing to the lack of fresh inquiry from abroad and liquidation with February option falling to 11.56 at noon.

LONDON MARKETS

London, January 5. The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. in the London markets:—

METALS.

Tin (2224/78) 2226 1/8 steady. Lead (211) 210 7/8 quiet. Iron (555) 555. Electrolytic Copper (235 1/4 to 235 3/4) 235 1/4 to 235 3/4.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (10/11 1/2) 10/11 1/2. Indian Pekoe higher (1-5/12) 1-5/12. Ceylon Pekoe (1-0/3/4) 1-0/3/4. Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-10/1/4) 1-10/1/4.

JUTE.

First Marks c.i.f. Continent New Crop Jan./Feb. (153/4) 153/4 buyers. Dundee Jan. (173/4) 173/4. Lightning Jan. (161/2) 161/2.

RUBBER.

Spot (49/32) 49/32 paid and value. Jan./Mar. (43/2) 43/2 paid and value.

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay Jan./Feb. (111) 111 sellers. Linseed Calcutta Jan./Feb. (110-3/4) 110 3/4 sellers. Linseed La Plata Jan./Feb. (29-7/16) 29 7/16 sellers. Rapeseed Tiora Jan./Feb. (287/8) 287/8 sellers.

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, January 5. (11 p.m.) Broach cotton for April-May delivery declined to Rs. 192 1/2 at night as the New York cotton futures were reported to be about 4 to 5 points down but subsequently the price improved to Rs. 193-3/4 at 11 p.m. as the Liverpool market closed with a rise of 10 points and New York cotton futures were about 1 to 2 points up.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, January 5. Local Silver opened steady at Rs. 545, 545, and 5410. The market eased on disappointing news regarding prospects of silver plan from Washington but subsequently recovered on strength of Shanghai. However prices again fell back owing to the lack of support and closed quiet at Rs. 543, 547 and 574 for Ready Mah and Pagan delivery. Gold opened steady at Rs. 313, 318 and 319 3/4. Prices weakened on poor demand and gave way on weakness in Paris and closed quiet at Rs. 316/8, 317/3 and 318/6 for Ready, Mah and Pagan delivery respectively. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 1915/6.

VERY FIRM TONE IN LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

SPECULATIVE BUYING IN COMMODITIES

Very Large Business In Cocoa

(Special Cable.)

On the Stock Exchange the American budget statement caused some hesitating at first but afterwards a very firm tone prevailed again. All recent favourites, notably gilt-edged securities, leading home industrials and Kafirs especially gained fresh ground. A good deal of investment buying was reported. Speculative buying is spreading among commodities. Wheat and cotton were firm. There was a very large business in Cocos the largest for a long time, while Shellac and Pepper are still favoured. Tin recovered yesterday's loss.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, January 5. The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed today firm at 288, i.e., 2 1/2 shillings higher than the previous closing.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, January 5. In the Stock Exchange market after hesitation the demand generally improved. Gilt-edged securities were very firm. Industrials in general were generally quiet but there were some good features. Kafirs ruled very firm. The London Stock Exchange displayed brighter sentiment while gilt-edged securities made very good showing. The 3 1/2 per cent Loan was quoted at 287 3/4, i.e., 2 1/2 shillings lower.

BRITISH FUNDS.

2 1/2 per cent Consols (2743/8) 743/8. 3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (102 1/8) 102 1/4. 4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (108 7/8) 109. 4 1/2 per cent Building Loan (1112) 1112 1/2. 3 1/2 per cent War Loan (101-3/4) 101 5/8. 4 per cent Victory Bonds (111-3/4) 111 5/8.

INDUSTRIALS.

Brazilian Traction (dol. 11) dol. 10 7/8. International Holding (dol. 13/8) dol. 15/8. Hydro-Electric (dol. 53/4) dol. 57/8. Electric Musical Insurance (174) 174 1/2. Frinchin John (33-7/12) 34. Imperial Chemical Ordinary (32) 32-10/12. Woolworth New Ordinary (93) 95. Swadeshi Match "B" (9-6) 9-7-1/2. Dunlop Rubber (41-3/4) 42-1/2. Uniliver Ordinary (26) 26. Ford Motors (23-10/12) 23-11/2. Cables and Wireless "B" (101/4) 101 3/8.

British American Tobacco (114-4/12) 115. Cameras "A" (285/3) 285/8. Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (111) 111-3/4. P. and O. S. N. Co. Def. (19-9) 19-6. Distillers (63-9) 64-1/2. Bradford Dyers (17) 17. British Celanese (13-9) 14-1/2. J. and P. Coats Ordinary (63-3) 63-5. Courtaulds Ordinary (44/10/12) 44/9. Fine Cotton Spinners (15-3) 15-3. Vickers Ltd. Ordinary (9-3) 9-4 1/2. Inter. Nickel (dol. 21) dol. 21 1/4. Bengal Iron and Steel (5-11/4) 5-11/2. Tata Iron and Steel (2109) 2109.

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western Ord. (255) 254 3/4. L. M. S. Ord. (235 3/4) 235 1/2. L. N. E. R. Defd. (210) 207/8. Southern Defd. (220 1/4) 219 1/2. London Pass 5 per Stock (125) 126 1/2. London Board "C" Stock (284-1/4) 283.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, January 5. The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange:—
General Motors (dol. 347/3) unquoted.
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol. 14) dol. 14 5/8.
U. S. Steel (Common) (dol. 47) dol. 47 5/8.
U. S. Steel (Preference) (unquoted) unquoted.

PLIGHT OF JEWISH STUDENTS

Restrictions Decreed

BERLIN (By Mail). Restrictions on the studying of the arts in the future by Germans of Jewish blood are announced by the Prussian Ministry of Science, Art, and Education in a decree to-day. It is intended that in the new Germany the number of Jews taking courses at art schools and at academies of music shall not exceed 15 per cent. of the total number of students. This corresponds to the proportion of Jews in the population of Germany as officially established.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 5. B. C. RATE.—T. T. and D. D. 1/8. LONDON.—Banks selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 1/2. Banks selling T. T. 1/8 1/2 to 13 Feb. Banks selling T. T. 1/8 Feb. March. Banks buying T. T. 1/8 3/32 Ready. Banks buying D. D. 1/8 1/2. Banks buying 3 Mos. 1/8 3/16 Jan. Banks buying 3 Mos. 1/8 3/32 Feb. March. NEW YORK.—B. C. Rate T. T. 261 Nominal. Banks selling T. T. 259 Nominal. Banks buying T. T. 257 Nominal. PARIS.—Banks selling D. D. 621 Nominal. Banks buying D. D. 639 Nominal. AMSTERDAM.—Banks selling D. D. 63 1/4 Nominal. JAPAN.—Banks selling T. T. 80 3/4. Banks buying 60 Days 79 1/2. HONGKONG.—Banks selling D. D. 99 3/4. SHANGHAI.—Banks selling D. D. 90 1/4. SINGAPORE.—Banks selling D. D. 133 1/2. J.Y.A.—Banks selling D. D. 60. BERLIN.—Banks selling D. D. 101 3/4. CROSS RATE.—New York/London 5.15 1/2 4th inst. Shanghai/London 1/4 5th inst. Japan/London 1/2 1/2 5th inst. London/Paris 82.87 4th inst. London/Belgium 239 4th inst. London/Switzerland 16.79 4th inst. London/Italy 61.87 4th inst. London/Berlin 13.67 4th inst. London/Holland 8.69 1/2 4th inst. London/Denmark 23.39 4th inst. London/New York 5.11 1/2 4th inst. London/Java 8.04 1/4 4th inst. Tone of Sterling Exchange—Steady. Gold 267-6 3rd inst. 267-6 4th inst. Silver London Ready 19 5/16 3rd inst. 19 5/16 4th inst. Silver London Forward 19 5/16 3rd inst. 19 5/16 4th inst. Silver New York Ready 44 3/8 3rd inst. 44 3/8 4th inst. London Discounts 3 Mos. 1 1/16 p.c. 3rd inst. 1 1/8 p.c. 4th inst. London Discounts 6 Mos. 1 1/8 p.c. 3rd inst. 1 1/8 p.c. 4th inst. Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c. Money—Call 2 p.c. 3 Mos. 2 1/4 p.c. 6 Mos. 2 1/2 p.c. Toner—Steady.

JAYAKAR DELAYED

Airmail Arriving Late In Karachi

KARACHI, Jan. 5. The inward airmail carrying Lord Londonderry, the Secretary of State for Air, and Mr. M. R. Jayakar due here this afternoon has been delayed and is expected to arrive late to-night or to-morrow morning.

FRENCH AIRMAIL

Leaving Saigon about one o'clock this morning with the intention of reaching France in record time, the French Airmail is expected to land at Drigh Road about five to-night, and after refuelling, will continue its journey.—A. P.

AIR PAGEANTS IN DELHI

Aero Club's Activities On Occasion

(From O. S. Correspondent.) DELHI, Jan. 5. I understand that the Indian Air Pageants which will be held on the 10th of February are attracting a number of Indian Princes, and that about nine of them will visit Delhi at the time.

The Aero Club of India and Burma will ask Indian Princes with one staff officer each and members of the Executive Council of the Viceroy and their wives to be guests of the Club during displays.

It is understood the Aero Club will also utilise this opportunity of getting out a brochure explaining the activities of Club.

PRISONERS ABANDON HUNGER-STRIKE

RANGOON, Jan. 5. Four members of the "Doh Bama" Society, whose political creed is "We Burmans for Burma", who went on hungerstrike in the Mandalay Central Jail on the ground that they were being treated as C Class prisoners, have abandoned their hungerstrike unconditionally.

It will be remembered that they were recently convicted on a charge of disobeying the Magistrate's order to quit the limits of Shwabo district.—A. P.

COTTON GROWERS SECURED

NEW DELHI, Jan. 5. Commending editorially on the Indo-Japanese Trade Agreement, the "Hindustan Times" welcomes Japan's acceptance of the Government of India's final terms. The paper observes: "So far as Indian cotton growers are concerned, it is a matter of congratulation that the surplus crop harvested in India after meeting the demand of the Indian Textile industry will have a secure market rather than remain the victim of varying circumstances."—United Press.

"BOMBAY LOOKS AHEAD"

Neighbourhood House Lecture Series

The Nagpada Neighbourhood House have arranged a series of lectures "Bombay Looks Ahead". Mr. R. P. Masani will deliver the first lecture on Saturday January 13 at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises of the House (Junction of Bellas and New Nagpada Roads, Byculla). H. E. Lord Brabourne, Governor of Bombay, will preside.

BAN AGAINST MEETINGS & PROCESSIONS

Extended For Two Months

A Home Department notification appearing in Thursday's issue of the "Bombay Government Gazette" extends for a further period of two months from January 11, 1934 an order issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on January 11, 1933 and extended from time to time till January 11, 1934.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate's order directs: "That no person or persons (regarding or residing in or visiting the municipal A. B. C. D. E. F. and G. wards of the city of Bombay shall, for a period of two months from January 11, 1934 collect, organise, form or assist at or in any meeting or assembly or procession which has for its object the furtherance of the Civil Disobedience Movement or of any unlawful movement or of any act prejudicial to public safety or peace."

NOVEL MERGER

A new kind of business merger has appeared in Montreal—the tailor-barber shop. The tailor provides dressing gown and a private room for changing; the customer passes into an adjoining room for hair cut or shave, and meanwhile the tailor cleans and presses his clothes. The customer emerges well-groomed, time, inconvenience and expense in calling for and delivering clothes have been saved.—Wall Street Journal.

Renewal Of Inflation Ideas And Decline In Dollar

BULLISH OUTLOOK

A prominent Liverpool firm in the course of their market report dated December 20 stated:—

"Looking back over the year which is now drawing to a close it cannot be doubted that some measure of real recovery has been made throughout the world. In the report recently issued by the United States Secretary of Commerce it was observed that during the early part of this year the contraction of business was definitely resisted throughout the World and that the tide of deflation was stemmed. It was pointed out, however, that the fundamental rea-

New York—Advanced owing to trade with foreign and Japanese and also considerable speculative buying owing to bullish sentiment regarding the present of U. S. rice and sugar. Cotton goods market—fair market—quiet and steady and with better inquiry.

New York—Consider budget messages points way higher prices cotton and securities particularly heavy industries.

New York—Presidents address indicates no early chance for stabilization in international trade and reaffirm interest in agricultural commodities must rise to parity with labour and industry.

Stresses necessity balancing production to consumption. We think cotton acreage therefore not exceeding

INDIAN COTTON.	
Liverpool, Jan. 4.	
BROACH :—	
Fully good (Good Staple)....	4 1/2
Fine (Good Staple).....	4 1/2
Superfine (Good Staple).....	4 1/2
OOMRA :—	
Good (No. 1 Staple).....	4 1/2
Fine (No. 1 Staple).....	4 1/2
Choice (No. 1 Staple).....	4 1/2
BENGAL :—	
Good.....	3 1/2
Fine.....	3 1/2
Superfine.....	3 1/2
SCINDE :—	
Good.....	3 1/2
Fine.....	3 1/2
Superfine.....	3 1/2

lively: Opening	Rs. 24:	high
Rs. 24[16]:	lowest	Rs. 23[13]
closing	Rs. 23[14].	

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE		
Shanghai, Jan. 5		
T. T. on London		
Previous Closing		1.4
To-day's Opening		1.4
To-day's Closing		1.4 1/2
Difference		+ 1/2
Tote:—Firm.		

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.		
Liverpool, Jan. 5		
March		51 1/2
May		55 1/2
July		54 3/8

Sup. 165: Fine	1 Extra Super-fine	183; F.G. 181.
Sup. 166: No	2 Extra Super-fine	183; F.G. 181.
Sup. 167: No	2 Extra Super-fine	183; F.G. 181.
Sup. 173: Fine	177; F.G. 174.	

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.		
Bombay, Jan. 1.		
F. P. Bales	1933-34	1934-35
Receipts to date 4-1-34	185,000	255,000
Receipts Yesterday 4-1-34	37,000	10,000
Exports to date 4-1-34	418,900	421,000
Stock at Ports 22-12-33	413,700	481,000
Stock Interior Towns 22-12-33	217,600	221,000
Stock Liverpool 22-12-33	100,000	85,000
Available Supply 22-12-33	923,700	969,000
Quantity in Sight 22-12-33	88,200	60,000
Quantity out of Sight 22-12-33	617,900	615,000

82;	Comp. Durwar	.....	1 1/2 1/2; Lowest 108 1/2;
	Cotton	.....	Bengal: D/J. Op. 133 1/2; Highest 134 1/2;
	Cotton Total	5.77	1 1/4; Lowest 132 1/2; Closing 132 1/2;
		Cwts.	Bengal March Op. 138 3/4; Highest 142 1/2; Lowest 137 1/2; Closing 138 1/2;
	Wheat	14.863	
	Linseed	1.124	
5.	Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	1.166	
2.33	Gingellyseed	5.471	
4000	Poppynuts	70	
4000	Gunduzds	29.731	
0000	Castorseed	1.187	
0000	Rice	10.359	
0000	Myrabolams	9.047	
0000	Cottonseed	5.402	
0000	Gram	1.916	
2000	Jowar	190	
0000	Barley	2.687	
0000	Barjea	1.513	
0000	Coal	.....	

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

— ♦ — Alexandria, Jan. 4

SAKES—	.....	14.32
JANUARY	.....	14.38
MARCH	.....	14.51
MAY	.....	14.61
JULY	.....	14.74
DECEMBER	.....	10.68
ASH—	.....	10.75
TONA.	.....	10.85
APRIL	.....	
OCTOBER	.....	

on 22 December, 2016

**JUPITER
GENERAL**Insurance Co., Ltd. has
its Head Office in Fort
Bombay.

J11

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1934

**JUPITER
GENERAL**has branches and agen-
cies in principal towns
in India.

J12

Langridge Knocks Up 70

Amarsingh Captures First 2 Wickets

Home Team's Smart Fielding Saves Many Runs

M. C. C. MAKES 257 FOR 5 WKTS.

(Associated Press Special)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 5.
The Second Test Match between England and India com-
menced here to-day in fine weather, before a very large attend-
ance.H. E. the Viceroy and the Governor of Bengal were among
the interested spectators of the game, during the latter part of
the day and during the tea-interval, both the teams were pre-
sented to their Excellencies.England batted first and occupying the wicket for the whole
of the day have made 257 runs for the loss of 5 wickets. Eng-
land's first-wicket partnership put on 45 runs, but the second
wicket fell at 55.Thereafter three good partnerships followed, the third wicket
putting on 89, fourth wicket 50 and fifth wicket 61.

RIVAL TEAMS

The following are the teams for the Second Test Match
which begins to-day in Calcutta:—

ENGLAND.

D. R. JARDINE (Capt.)
C. WALTERS.
B. VALENTINE.
MITCHELL.
BARNETT.
NICHOLS.
CLARK.
VERITY.
LANGRIDGE.
TOWNSEND.
LEVETT.Jardine in selecting his team
for the Second Test made only
one change from the one that
had won the first test in Bombay,
Levett being chosen in place of
Elliott. The Captains tossed up
at 10-40 a.m. and Jardine for
the third time in his four
matches in Calcutta called cor-
rectly.He took first knock for his
side on a perfect wicket sending
in Mitchell and Walters to open
England's innings against the
bowling of Nissar and Amarsingh.
NISSAR EMPLOYS LEG THEORY
There was a large attendance
at the start of the Second Test
Match, a crowd of about 15,000
being present at 11 a.m. when
play commenced. Except for a
few seats in the reserved stands
practically all the accommoda-
tion has been fully booked up.Nissar opening the bowling to
Mitchell from the Northern end
employed leg theory tactics
straightaway. He had Wazir Ali at
forward mid-on, Major Naidu and
Gopalan at forward short-leg,
and Merchant at fine leg. Nis-
sar's second ball pitching a fine
length on the leg stump struck
Mitchell in the region of the
spleen. The Yorkshire player
threw away his bat and was evi-
dently in pain. The game was
held up for about five minutes
after which Mitchell resumed
amidst cheers. In the same over
Mitchell survived a confident ap-
peal for l.b.w. from the Muslim
bowler.Amarsingh who supported Nis-
sar from the maiden end ap-
peared to be giving the batsman
more trouble. Walters survived
a confident appeal for l.b.w. from
Amarsingh in his first over. Both
these decisions were given by
Frank Tarrant.Facing Nissar, Walters square
cut in brilliant style the last
three balls of his third over, all
the three strokes reaching the
boundary at great speed.**AMARSINGH'S FIRST WICKET**
At 24 Naidu made the first
change replacing Nissar with
Gopalan. Nissar's analysis at this
stage was 4/1/19/0. Walters de-
pached Gopalan's third ball to
the square-leg bowler permit-
ting him to be taken with his
bowling, and when he was taken
off at 38 in favour of Mushtaq
Ali, Gopalan had the analysis of
4/2/6/0.A period of slow batting now
followed as the batsmen found
it difficult to score off either
Amarsingh or Mushtaq Ali.Amarsingh was unlucky not to
hit the stumps on two occasions
when he had Walters completely
beaten. In his ninth over Amar-
singh should have got Walters'
wicket with a little more antici-

ALL-INDIA.

Major C. K. NAIDU (Capt.)
WAZIR ALI
M. NISSAR
AMAR SINGH
AMARNATH
DILAWAR HUSSAIN
MUSHTAQ ALI
V. MERCHANT
GOPALAN
C. S. NAIDU
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hit the stumps on two occasions
when he had Walters completely
beaten. In his ninth over Amar-
singh should have got Walters'
wicket with a little more antici-first century of the innings, as a
result of just under two hours
play.Mitchell mistimed Nissar's next
ball which luckily went over the
head of the slips.

C. K. NAIDU BREAKS PARTNERSHIP

Amarsingh and Nissar were
bowlers on the resumption of play
but Gopalan was employed for
one over in order to enable the
bowlers to have the ends from
which they bowled in the morn-
ing.Mitchell was very quiet and it
was Langridge who did most of
the scoring. He drove Nissar
twice through the covers to
the boundary, and with well
placed shots on the leg side got
a number of singles and 2's, with
the result that at 2/10 p.m. when
the partnership had lasted just
over an hour, Langridge was only
three runs behind Mitchell. The
score now was 135 for 2 wickets.
Mitchell not out 47 and Langridge
not out 44. The partnership
had added 80 runs in an hour.Major C. K. Naidu then took on
the bowling for the first time
from Nissar, and broke up the
partnership. Mitchell tried to
pull the last ball of his second
over, and mistiming skied the
ball to square leg. Both Gopalan
and C. S. Naidu made a dash for
it although it was really Gopa-
lan's chance.The Madras player however got
well under the catch and held it
despite being bumped into by
C. S. Naidu. Mitchell was batting
for 2 hours and 24 minutes for
his 47 which included four hits
to the boundary (135/3/47).Jardine joined Langridge am-
idst cheers.**LANGRIDGE REACHES HIS 50**
With a boundary hit off Amar-
singh Langridge reached his indi-
vidual 50 in 85 minutes. Except
for one or two occasions on which
he was beaten by Amarsingh
without actually losing his wick-
et, Langridge's innings hitherto
been entirely faultless. There
were six hits to the boundary in
his 50. Jardine was concentrat-
ing mostly on well placed singles
which served his purpose the
more, because he was able to
worry the field which had to
change over constantly for the
left-handed batsman Langridge.The fielding nevertheless at-
tained a very high standard, and
Amarsingh was once cheered for
a one-handed pick up at cover
which appeared to be an easy
single.At 2/50 p.m. when the innings
had lasted exactly 3 hours the
score was 167 for 3 wickets.
Langridge not out 58, Jardine not
out 14.**LANGRIDGE OUT FOR 70**
Langridge was batting so fault-
lessly and confidently that he ap-
peared well-set for his century.
Jardine, on the other hand, was
playing a stone-walling game, and
was playing four maiden overs at
stretch, which led to mild barrac-
king at his expense, when the
crowd shouted "played" or "good"
at each stroke.At 185 when the partnership
had added exactly 50 runs, Lang-
ridge edged Gopalan in slips and
Nissar held a high one-handed
catch, above his head.Langridge was batting for 135
minutes for his 70, which includ-
ed eight hits to the boundary. His
was a capital innings. (185/4/70).Valentine joined Jardine and
after opening with a cover drive
to the boundary hit a full toss
from Mushtaq Ali clean over the
square-leg boundary for the first
six of the match, at the same
time sending up the 200 of the
innings in 230 minutes.**JARDINE INJURED**
In Nissar's last over before the
tea-interval, Jardine in covering
up to a straight ball, was struck
violently in the abdomen and
winded. As in the morning the
game was again held up for a few
minutes when the Indian players
clustered round Jardine, but he
soon stood up, and resumed play-
ing amidst cheers. At the tea-in-
terval the score was 211 for the
loss of four wickets, Jardine not
out with 27 and Valentine also
not-out with 15 respectively to
their credit and 15 extras. The
teams were presented to the Vice
roy and to the Governor of Bengal
during the interval.**PLAY AFTER TEA.**
Start after tea was delayed by
ten minutes on account of pre-George Anthony who
has challenged for the
Bantam Weight Boxing
Title and the Mody Belt.

MR. SNELL SHOCKED

U. S. Budget Figures Take His Breath Away

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.

The sidelights on the Budget
show that President Roosevelt in-
tends to spend for all purposes
between now and 7th of July,
which is the end of the financial
year, 8,400 million dollars, a sum
unparalleled in the peace time.The Government calculations of
receipts for the next 18 months
are based on 34 per cent. increase
in industrial production during
the same period. The Director of
Budget and the Controller-Gen-
eral are given authority to super-
vise the emergency expenditures.Commenting on the Budget, Sir
George Rainey, speaker of the
House of Representatives, declared
the deficit as "startling in-
deed." While Mr. Snell, leader
of the Republican party in the
House of Representatives, leclai-
ed:—"I am so shocked at the
amount these fellows propose to
spend, that it will take me several
days to recover my breath."Senator Reed, however, declared
that the country was perfectly
able to endure the \$1 billion dol-
lar debt burden. He added:
"There is nothing to worry about."

Mysore Responds To Harijans' Cause Gandhiji Appeals To Hindus To Uproot Untouchability

MYSORE, Jan. 4

Completing a crowded pro-
gramme route and addressing
a series of meetings, Gandhiji,
Miraben and party arrived at
Mysore at midnight, covering
234 miles of journey by car to-
day.The Kolar and Tumkur District
Boards and local bodies presen-
ted addresses to Gandhiji, reaffirm-
ing their faith in the ultimate
success of Gandhiji's recent Hari-
jan campaign, which they said,
had evoked almost universal
response.Gandhiji replying sought co-
operation of every thinking Hin-du in his great work of uproot-
ing untouchability from the
hearts of the people.
Gandhiji and party halted at
Bangalore for three hours.
Mraben opened a Khadi ex-
hibition.Gandhiji was presented three
purses at separate meetings of
ladies, the public and Marwaris.
Gandhiji's total collections for
the day amounted to Rs 5,000.
Gandhiji opened here a branch
of the All-India Spinners' Asso-
ciation and a night school for
Harijans.Gandhiji visited various Hari-
jan quarters and then left for
Mysore.—A. P.The intervention of the King
has apparently led to the solution
of an acute political crisis over
the question of a reinstatement
of the 74 government officials
dismissed for alleged unpatriotic
conduct during the war. After a
five-hour meeting, the Cabinet an-
nounced that the Government has
unanimously agreed to the sug-
gestion of the King for the ap-
pointment of a commission of 3
magistrates to investigate the
cases of these officials, thereby
averting the threatened resigna-
tion of the Cabinet which was
divided on the question of rein-
statement.**SCORES.**
M. C. C. 1ST INNINGS.
Mitchell c Gopalan, b C.K. 47
Naidu 29
Walters c Gopalan, b Amar-
Singh 29
Barnett l.b.w., b Amar Singh 8
Langridge c Nissar, b Gopalan 70
Jardine (not out) 42
Valentine l.b.w., b C.K. Naidu 40
Levett (not out) 0
Extras 21
Total (for 5 wickets) 257

America To Increase Her Navy Roosevelt Asks For Appropria- tion Of 54 Million Dollars

(Special Cable.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.

President Roosevelt to-day
asked Congress for the appropria-
tion of nearly 54,000,000 dollars
for naval construction, including
new vessels apart from the 32
vessels which will be constructed
with the 238,000,000 dollars ap-
propriation from the public
works fund.The 1935 budget, provides an
allotment of 288,000,000 dollars
which with the accrued balances
carried forward put the total of
316,000,000 dollars at the disposal
of the navy. The additional
275,000 dollars will be provided
for the increase in personnel of
the navy from 79,700 men, and
15,000 marines to 82,500 and
16,000 respectively.The estimates for the naval
air forces are nearly 1,000,000
dollars below last year, but this
is offset by the sum of 7,000,000
dollars recently allotted from thepublic works fund which will per-
mit the maintenance of 1,000
aeroplane programme.
The Army estimates of
234,000,000, which is 15,000,000
above the current financial year
include an increase of 10,000,000
for the Air Force.

FREE COINAGE OF SILVER

Legislation Not Possible In Current Session Of U. S. Congress

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.

After a talk with President
Roosevelt with regard to the pro-
posal for the free coinage of sil-
ver, Senator Robinson declared
that he did not expect any sil-
ver legislation during the cur-
rent session of Congress.—Reu-
ter.

Dr. C. L. D'Avoine Arrested

Articles In His Journal "Reason" Alleged To Bring Classes Of H. M.'s Subjects Into Hatred And Contempt

Dr. C. L. D'Avoine, M.D., Editor
of "Reason" was arrested this
morning at 11-30 a.m. at his dis-
pensary in New Nagpada by In-
spector Lyons of the C.I.D.Shortly before Christmas the
offices of the journal were raided
by the C.I.D. and a search made
for the manuscript of two con-
tributions in the September issue,
which it is understood are alleg-
ed to contravene the law covering
charges of publishing matter cal-
culated to bring classes of His
Majesty's subject into hatred and
contempt.Dr. D'Avoine was at that time
in Calcutta, where he had gone
for his Christmas holiday. He
returned last week and was ar-
rested, as stated, above to-day.The Doctor, who is well-known
and highly respected in the City,
is a prominent leader of the Ra-
tionalist movement.He was brought up before the
Chief Presidency Magistrate soon
after his arrest, when the case
was adjourned and the Doctor
was released on bail of Rs. 500.The hearing of the case is fixed
for the 18th inst.

NINE WORKERS DROWNED

Sequel To Burst Of Water Main In France

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

COIMAR (France) Jan. 5

Nine workmen were drowned
following the bursting of water
main between Lake Blanc and
Lake Noir.A huge wave struck the roof of
the hydroelectric station which
collapsed like matchwood.
The workmen were trapped in
the flooded building the damage
being estimated at 100,000 ster-
ling.

KHEDBRAHMA EXHIBITION

HIMATNAGAR, Jan. 5

The age old pilgrimage to
Khedbrahma, the sanctuaries of
Brahma and Ambaji, is to be
turned to modern use by the
Maharaja of Idar who has orga-
nised an Agricultural and In-
dustrial Exhibition on the oc-
casion of the fair of the All-India
Hindu Pilgrims on February
5th next. The object is to
bring together producers and
consumers, and in order to pro-
mote the popularity of the fair,
the Maharaja has granted a
25 per cent. reduction of import
duty on all material sent to the
fair for sale while any exhibit
sent merely for display and not
for sale will be admitted free.—
A. P.

MIRPURKHAS SENSATION

DEATH ENSUES AFTER TAKING SWEETS

Evidence Of Deceased's Brother Taken

(From Our Correspondent.)

MIRPURKHAS (Sind) Jan. 3.
The mysterious death of Bhai
Narsinghal Ghanoomal immedi-
ately after he was served with
sweets at his father-in-law's
house has caused considerable stir
in the town. The police immedi-
ately rushed to the scene and
took down the statement of
Bhai Dulahdinamal deceased's
brother, who also had been served
with sweets and who fortunately
escaped serious results. He was
in semi-conscious state while he
narrated the story to the police.
The police conducted the inquir-
ies upto 1-0 a.m. At 12-30 a.m.
the health of Bhai Dulahdinamal
took a serious turn and the Civil
Surgeon was called. He was re-
moved to the Civil Hospital where
he is kept as an indoor patient.The dead body of Bhai Nar-
singhal was removed to the Civil
Hospital for post-mortem exami-
nation. The relations of the de-
ceased arrived from Tando-Adam
by motor at 3-0 a.m. and took the
dead body to Tando-Adam for
cremation. The houses of the
mother-in-law and the brother-
in-law of the deceased were
searched by the police.